



PATIENT

Colby Lemieux

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Tachypneic, pulmonary edema, cardiomegaly, hypoxia. Hx -Hyperthyroidism dx'd 2 weeks ago. Current meds: Furosemide 2mg/kg IV

SPECIES

Feline

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

18 Pounds

FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	HR (BPM)	IVSd (cm)	LVIDd (cm)	LVWd (cm)	FS (%)	EF (%)
NORMAL PARAMETER	-----	150-240	0.3-0.6	1.0-2.1	0.25-0.6	35-67	80-100
PATIENT		201	0.52	1.73	0.59	47	87
FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	LA/AO (Boon)	LA/AO HEART BASE (Sisson)	LA 2D 4-chamber long axis AS to FW (Sisson) (cm)	LVOT VEL. (m/s)	RVOT VEL. (m/s)	IVRT (m/)	
NORMAL PARAMETER	<1.5	0.88-1.79	0.7-1.7	<1.6	<1.3	40-60	
PATIENT	--	1.46		1.02	1.02	NM	

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Sisson D et al. JVIM 1991; 5: 232, Jacobs et al. Am J Vet Res 1985; 46:1705

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Newton Vet Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Barron

INVOICE

41086

DATE

9/7/22

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 separate LA measurements. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented normal linear structure and kinetics. The **left ventricle** presented normal thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions and angles of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinetics. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted or extra cardiac pathology in the visible planes. The cranial **mediastinum** and **pericardial regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Normal echocardiogram

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No evidence of clinical disease to be responsible for the respiratory issues. Pain related disease, extracardiac thoracic disease possible, yet no masses or pleural effusion noted. However, a large amount of thoracic fat was present, which may sometimes appear similar to pleural effusion radiographically. Recommend reevaluation of the radiographic findings. Abdominal sonogram may be



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indicated to assess for pain related disease such as pancreatitis. Treatment based on thoracic radiographs, yet sonographically there is no evidence of pathology.

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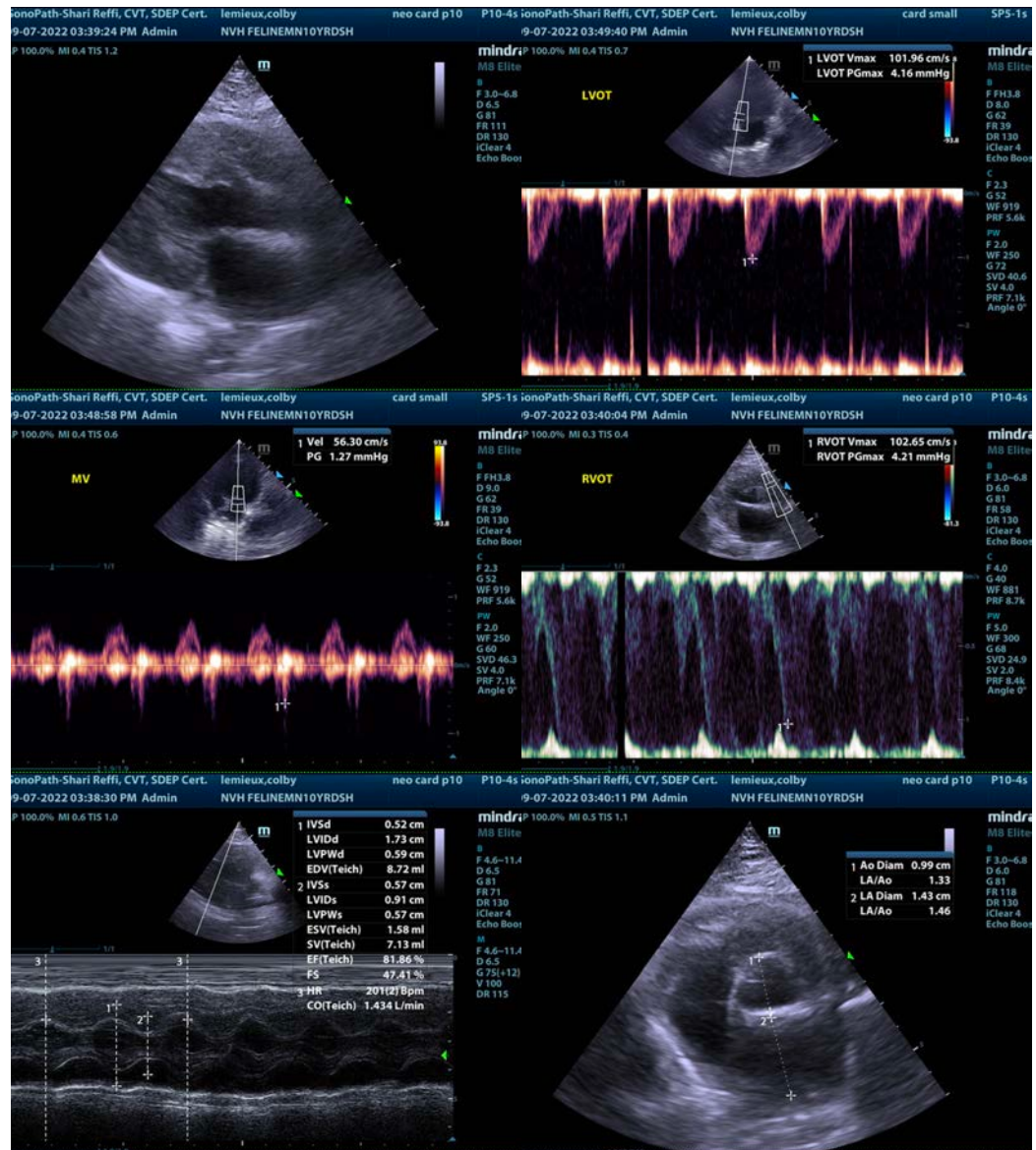
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

info@SonoPath.com

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