



PATIENT

Oakley Botta

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Shiba Inu Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

6 years

WEIGHT

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Westwood Regional
VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Goldman

INVOICE

91289

DATE

8/17/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Possible seizures/hind end weakness. R/O diabetic neuropathy vs. neuro. vs. other. Patient is diabetic - on NPH 25 units - not controlled, have to increase insulin dose to 26 units. Blood work pending.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** were normal in size and contour; however, a minor hyperechoic ring was noted at the corticomedullary junction. This is consistent with diabetic nephropathy. This is likely from glucosuria. However, assessment for proteinuria is also warranted. This is an idiopathic finding, but an expected finding in diabetic patients. The left and right kidney measured 8.28 cm.

Adrenal Glands

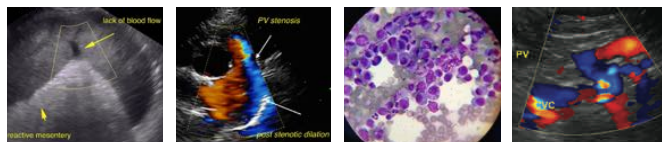
Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 2.36 x 0.48 cm at the caudal pole and 0.8 cm at the cranial pole. The left adrenal gland measured 2.49 x 0.48 cm at the caudal pole and 0.35 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. A slight, hypoechoic nodule was noted in the left cranial liver and measured 1.17 cm. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.



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Gastrointestinal

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Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

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Unremarkable abdomen.

Diabetic nephropathy.

Minor, heterogenous hepatic changes.

WEIGHT

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There was no evidence of primary pathology inducing the seizure activity. CT with contrast of the brain is recommended.

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Potential Causes of Diabetic Dysregulation

This is a suggestive checkoff list when faced with an unregulated diabetic patient:

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UTI

Dietary indiscretion/intolerance

Pancreatitis

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Hyperthyroidism/hypothyroidism

Exogenous steroids (including topical eye meds)

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Cushing's

Acromegaly

Owner compliance

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Insulin quality issues

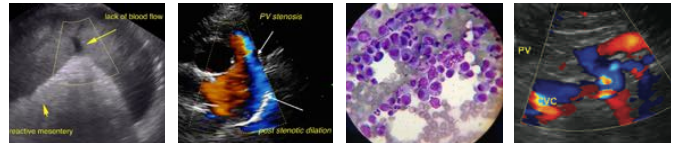
Antibodies to insulin

Underlying Neoplasia

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Diffuse liver disease



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ABOUT SONOPATH CT SERVICES:

SonoPath CT Services are offered at the [Blairstown Animal Hospital](#). Blairstown, New Jersey. More information can be found at

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<https://sonopath.com/resources/sonopaths-teleconsultation-services-and-sdep-certification/sonopath-ct-services>

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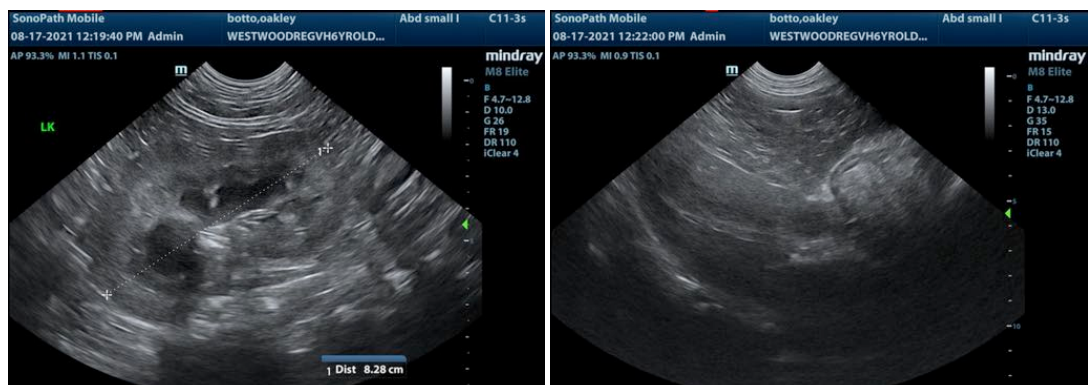
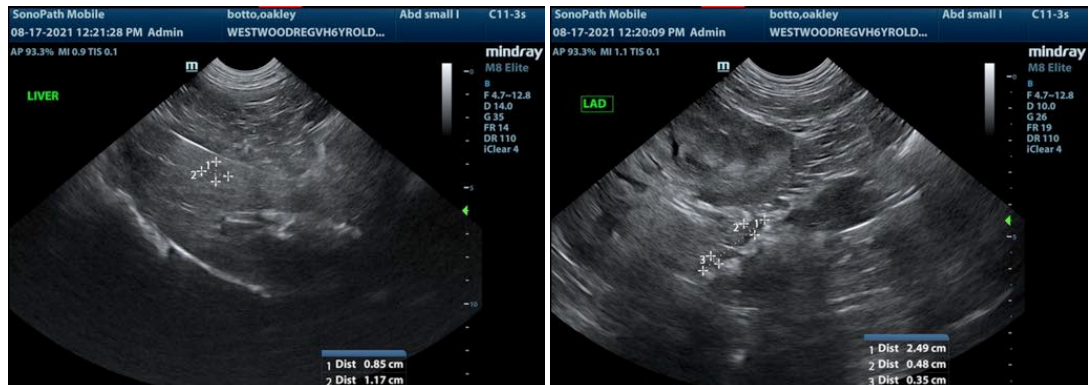
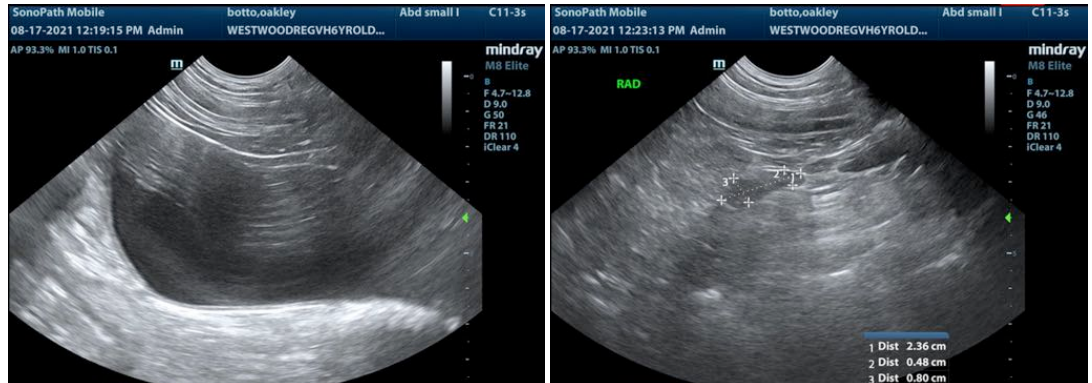
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
info@SonoPath.com