**DATE**

8/11/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Recurrent fever, lethargy, sneezing and coughing.

Current Medications: Clavamox drops 1ml bid

Lab Results: hyperglobulinemia, mild anemia

PATIENT

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous

Sedation: not needed

Tink Day

Stat Report: not requested

SPECIES

Feline

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

BREED

Domestic Shorthair

The **kidneys** revealed hyperechoic medullary rim sign. The left kidney measured 3.84 cm with slight, irregular contour with mildly increased cortical echogenicity. The right kidney revealed similar changes to the left kidney and measured 4.03 cm.

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4/1/20

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.55 cm.

WEIGHT

12.3 lbs

The right adrenal gland measured 0.5 cm.

INTERPRETED BYEric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

HOSPITAL NAME

Stevenson Village VH

Liver

The **liver** was mildly swollen with slight, coarse echotexture. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Feinberg

INVOICE

91150

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. The colic lymph node was mildly enlarged and measured 0.96 x 0.25 cm. The epigastric lymph node was slightly enlarged, hypoechoic and mildly irregular measuring 0.77 cm.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

Free Abdomen

A hypoechoic, cranial mediastinal lymph node enlargement was noted and measured 2.75 x 1.4 cm. The tissue was hypoechoic and undifferentiated.

Heart

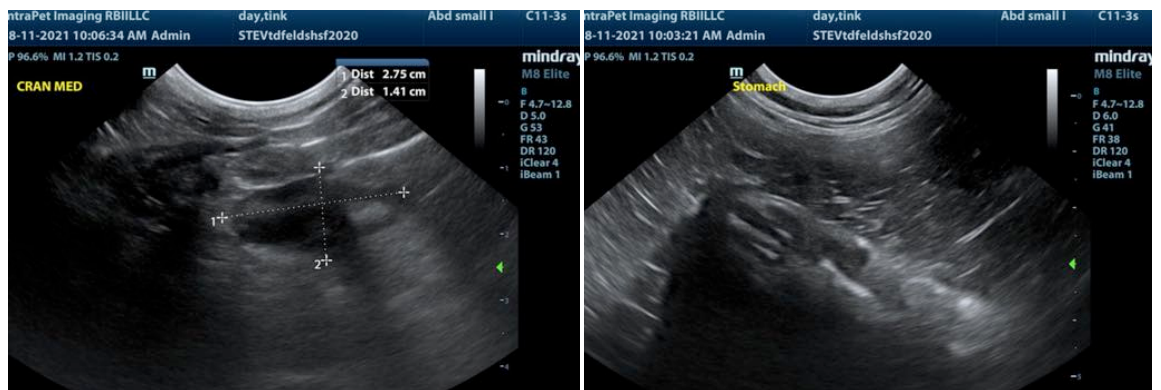
Rapid view of the heart (SDEP 3 position) revealed subjectively normal function without pathology in the right auricle or pericardium.

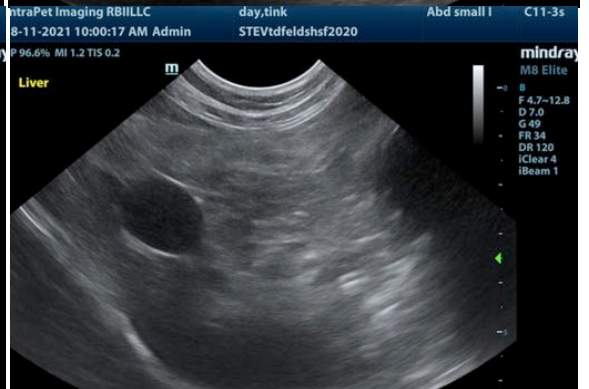
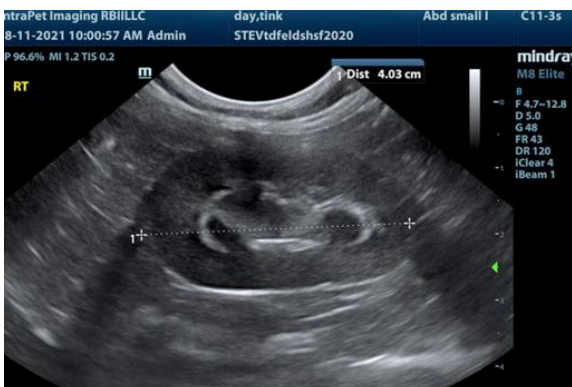
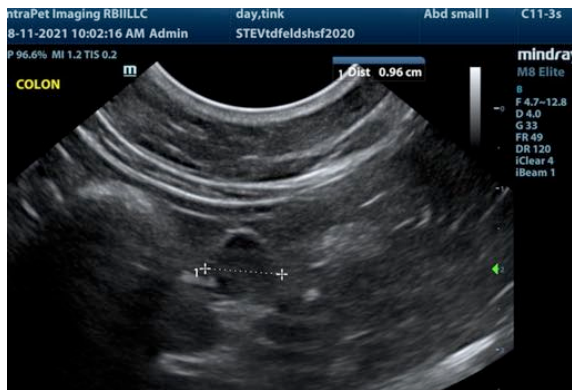
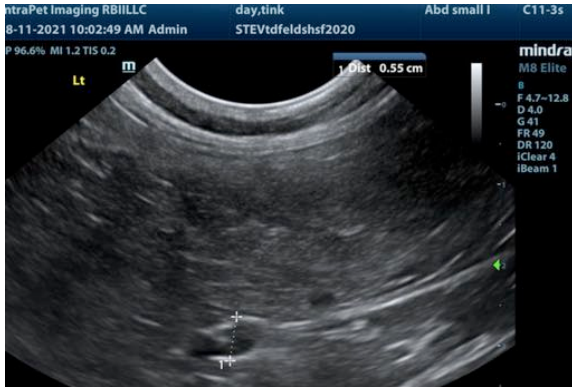
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Bilateral medullary rim sign with colic lymphadenopathy.
Cranial mediastinal lymphadenopathy.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is a strong concern for underlying FIP. Tissue samples with FNA of the kidneys, lymph nodes and cranial mediastinal lymph node if accessible, however, it is excessively small. This may be difficult to access. I recommend starting with FNA of the largest, accessible abdominal lymph node and either kidney in this patient to assess for granulomatous changes that would be consistent with FIP. Idiopathic medullary rim kidney and reactive lymph nodes is possible.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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