



**PATIENT**

Koda Davis

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Australian Shepherd X

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

11 Years

**WEIGHT**

5.2 kg

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Erin Wicks

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Shores VEC

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Slenbaker

**INVOICE**

16488

**DATE**

7/24/22

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Presented at our hospital for ingesting 2 tampons around 7 pm last night. P did vomit a large amount this am but there were not tampons visible. P does have a hx of ingesting foreign objects. P did have a moderate bm with some signs of the tampons but it was very little. O tried to give 1 tablespoon of olive oil to try and help p pass the tampons but p vomited that back up. Previous Health Concerns: CHF Current Medications: Vetmedin, spironolactone, enalapril and Lasix Appetite/When did they eat last: normal, ate this am but did vomit it back up

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC/Chem/EPOC – mild hypokalemia Rads: No obvious FB, repeat rads showed potential material in the pylorus.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized, and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some minor age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. Slight mineralization was present in the kidneys. The left kidney measured 3.91 cm. The right kidney measured 4.13 cm.

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.5 cm.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

**Liver**

Exam of the cranial abdomen demonstrated excessive **liver** size, swollen contour, with conserved uniform architecture. Parenchymal echogenicity was diffusely isoechoic to the spleen and falciform fat. Minor excessive GB debris was noted with the presence gall bladder dilation and precipitate without the overt formation of mucocele but this may be an issue in the future. This type of liver presentation typically is associated with slow and gradual SAP elevations with low-grade ALT rise. USG-FNA sampling is encouraged if more aggressive LE profiles are present such as ALT > 200 or rapid rise in SAP. These presentations are usually reactive hepatopathies owing to other disease processes either



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endocrine (Diabetes, Hypothyroidism, Cushing's disease), "antigen surveillance" from the gut/pancreas, or idiopathic breed predisposed progressions. This is a mild change.

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## Gastrointestinal

The **stomach** revealed soft shadowing material with a linear foreign body anchored in the pylorus to the jejunum.

## BREED

Australian Shepherd X

## Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal, and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## SEX

Neutered Male

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Linear foreign body obstruction from the pylorus to jejunum
- Hepatopathy
- Age-related renal changes

## AGE

11 Years

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Immediate exploratory surgery is recommended. GI biopsies are recommended to rule out underlying disease.

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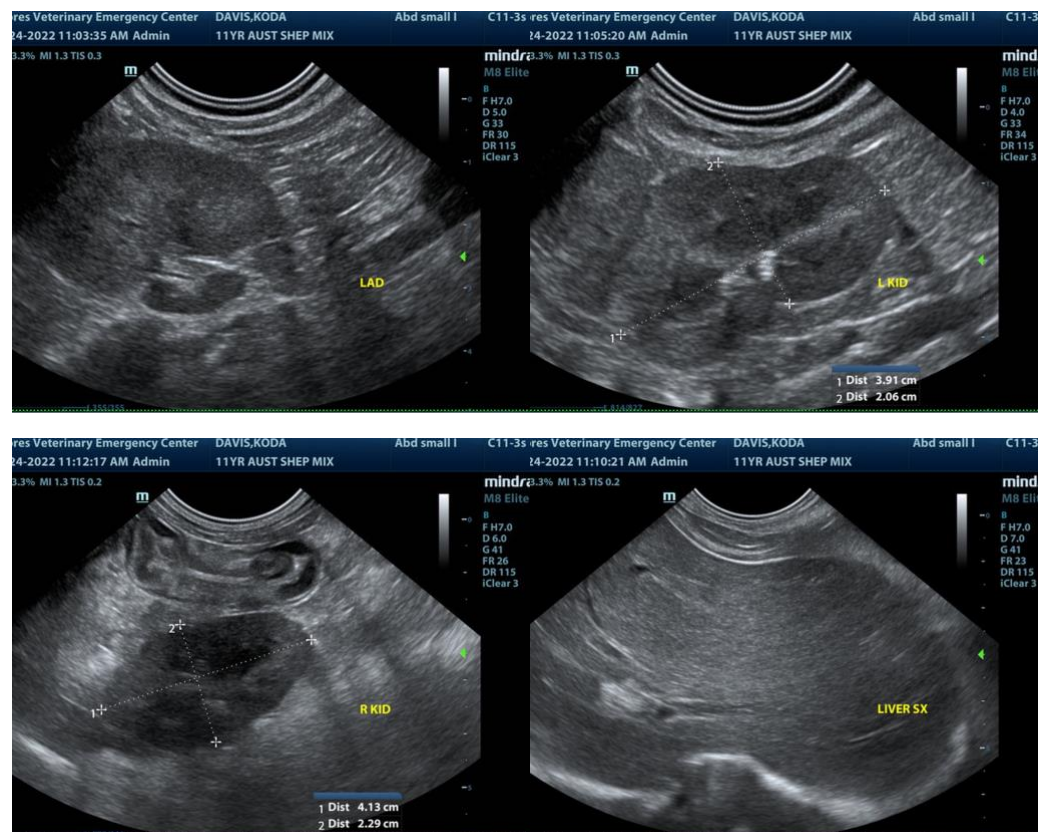
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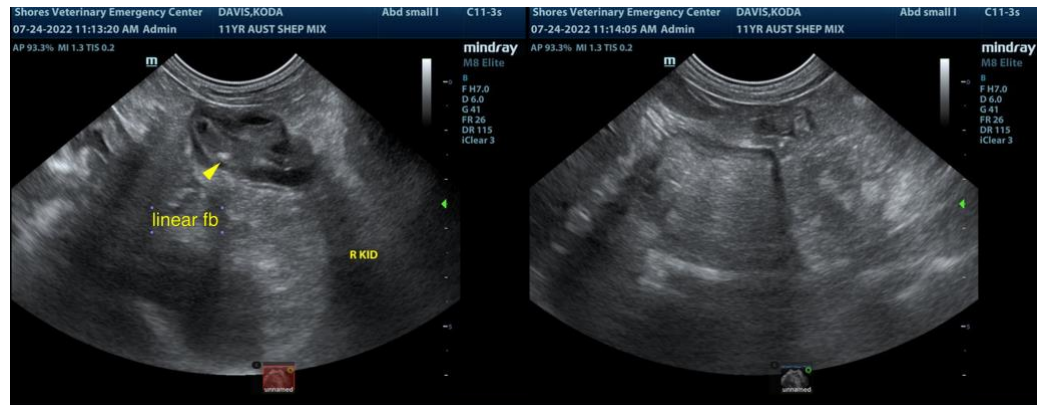
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist**, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
info@SonoPath.com