



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Punkin Patton-Warner	Historical urinary tract infections and incontinence; history of cutaneous mast cell
SPECIES	Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Bloodwork all WNL; UA USG 1023, pH 8, WBC 11-20/hpf, cocci and rods >100/hpf
Canine	
BREED	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Great Dane	Urinary System
SEX	The urinary bladder presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. Subjectively the urethra has adequate tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal. The pelvic urethra was imaged 1.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.
Spayed Female	
AGE	The kidneys revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The kidneys measured 6.0 cm each.
9 Years 5 Months	
WEIGHT	Adrenal Glands
111 Pounds	Both adrenal glands were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 1.04 cm at the cranial pole and 0.78 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 0.77 cm in width.
INTERPRETED BY	Spleen
Eric Lindquist, DMV	The spleen was slightly enlarged (frequent finding for this breed) and presented a hyperechoic lipid plaque, not pathological. The spleen was folded upon itself cranially.
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS	
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Liver
Ashley Whitesell	The liver images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.
HOSPITAL NAME	Gastrointestinal
Dickson Animal Clinic	Examination of the gastrointestinal tract revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Richard Hovis	
INVOICE	
44208	
DATE	
7/20/23	



PATIENT *Pancreas*

Punkin Patton-Warner

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

SPECIES

Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED

Great Dane

- Slightly enlarged, folded spleen with hyperechoic lipid plaque
- Age related hepatic changes

SEX

Spayed Female

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No evidence of significant disease. Examination of the vaginal vestibule for potential recessed vulva, pyoderma, urine pooling, or other factors that may be playing a role in recurring UTI recommended.

AGE

9 Years 5 Months

Chronic UTI Protocol

I recommend **Enrofloxacin** (5-10 mg/kg SID PO) (In patients > 1 year of age) in late pm after urination to maximize urinary concentrations overnight. This assumes that culture supports this use. Repeat **culture** at 3-4 weeks and continue treatment at least 7-10 days post negative urinary sediment and negative culture. *Note: Negative culture does not necessarily mean lack of UTI.* Other favorite antibiotics for chronic UTI include third generation Cefa (Ceftiafur or similar s.i.d. injectable) or Clavamox. If suspicion of occult urinary incontinence is present then **phenylpropanolamine (PPA)** (1-2 mg/kg BID) can be employed long term to enhance urethral tone.

WEIGHT

111 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Ashley Whitesell

HOSPITAL NAME

Dickson Animal Clinic

REFERRING VET

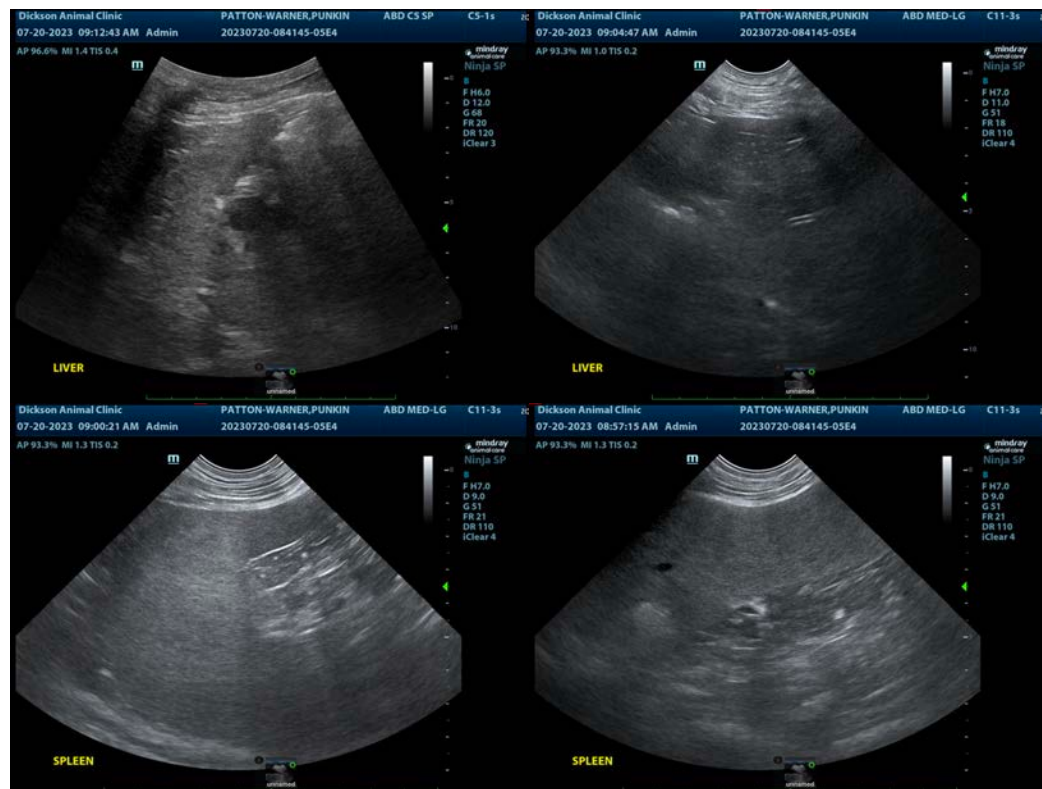
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PATIENT

Punkin Patton-Warner

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Great Dane

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

9 Years 5 Months

WEIGHT

111 Pounds

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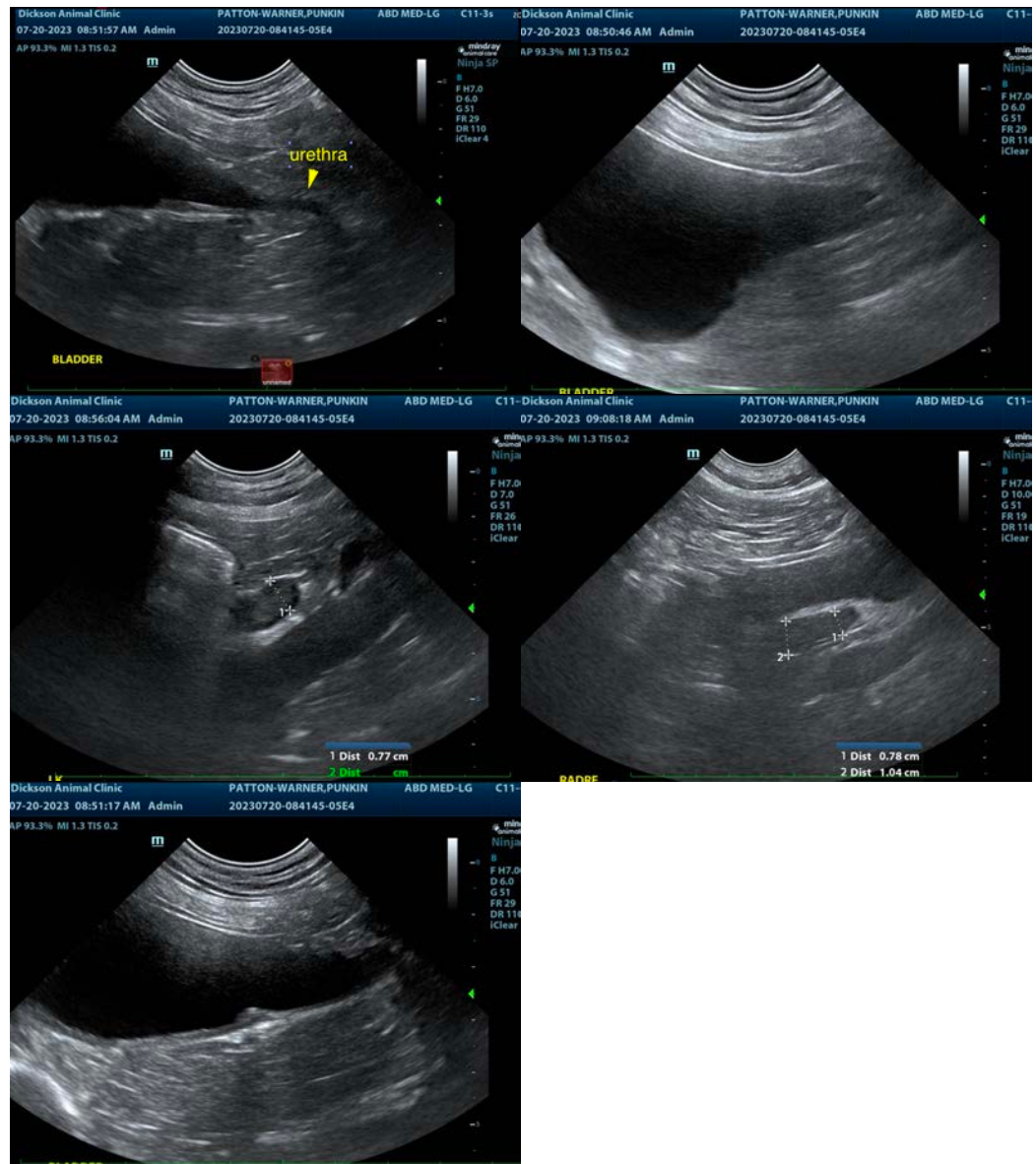
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

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