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Clinical Sonography & Telecytology
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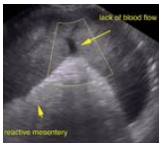
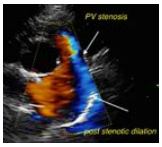
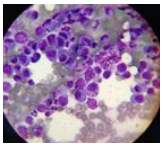
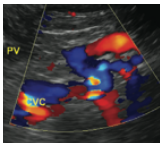

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1-800-838-4268 info@sonopath.com

PATIENT
Willie Galvin

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
Jack Russell Terrier Mix

SEX
Male

AGE
6 months

WEIGHT
6 lbs

INTERPRETED BY
Eric Lindquist, DMV DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
Dr. Ebersole

HOSPITAL NAME
Scanvet

REFERRING VET
Dr. Bennett

INVOICE
31673

DATE
7/14/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Seizures. UTD on vaccines.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Bile Acids: 30 BUN 23, Chol 173, Alb 4.1, Glucose 131. Na:K 43, K+ 3.5 L

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction and appeared normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 3.67 cm. The right kidney measured 3.95 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.6 cm. The right adrenal gland measured 0.82 cm at the cranial pole and 0.31 cm at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The portal vein to vena cava ratio was 1:1. There was no evidence of portosystemic shunting. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

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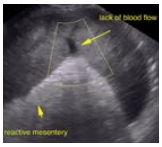
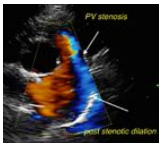
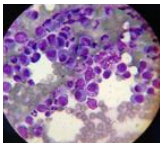
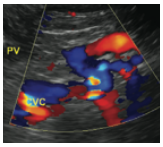

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Gastrointestinal

There was retention of ingesta or soft foreign matter noted in the pylorus. This may be an incidental finding. However, if any upper GI signs are present then endoscopy would be indicated. The material was non-obstructive. The gastric fundus appeared unremarkable. The material in question measures 2.0 cm.

Pancreas

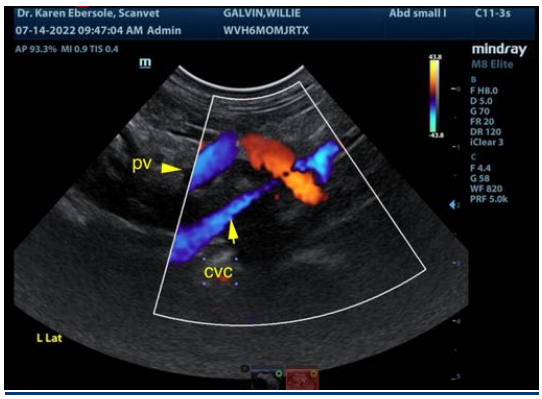
The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

2.0 cm soft shadowing pyloric material. This is possible foreign matter or retention of ingesta.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Growth phase spurious elevation of bile acids is likely in this patient given the minor elevations and structurally normal liver. The cause of seizure activity is unclear. MRI or CT with contrast of the brain is recommended given the seizure activity. Portal hypoplasia/microvascular dysplasia is a potential in this patient. However, this is a biopsy diagnosis. Structurally the liver appears of normal size and vascularity.



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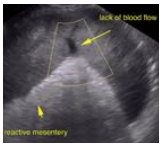
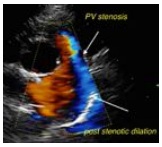
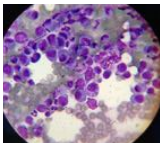
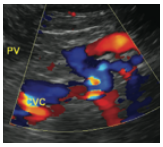

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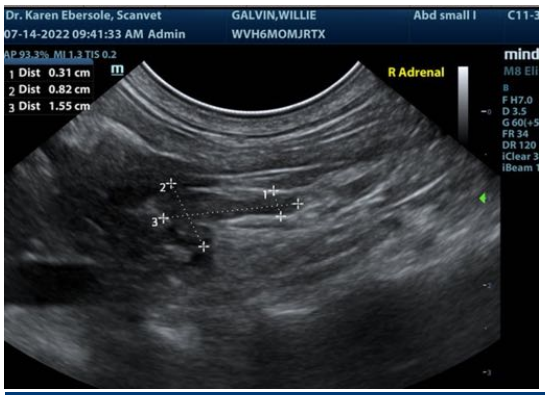

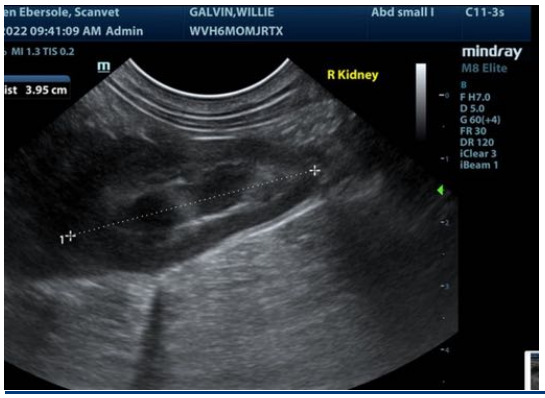

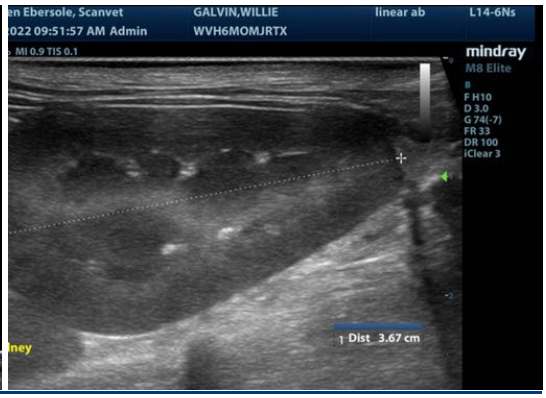

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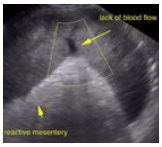

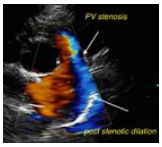

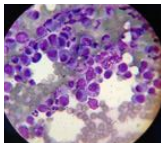
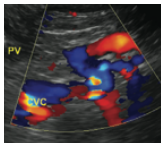

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
info@SonoPath.com