



**PATIENT**

Jay Prajapati

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: USG=1.004 BW normal urine culture pending X rays - hepatomegaly  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: USG=1.004 BW normal urine culture pending X rays - hepatomegaly

**SPECIES**

Canine

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

**BREED**

Yorkie

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

10 years

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The right kidney measured 5.0 cm. The left kidney measured 4.16 cm.

**WEIGHT**

9.3 lbs

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were slightly swollen. The right adrenal gland measured 0.56cm. The left adrenal gland measured 0.6 cm.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**Spleen**

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Barnea

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Tenaflly VC

**Liver**

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Barnea

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

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**Gastrointestinal**

Jay Prajapati

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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Yorkie

**SEX**

Neutered male

**Pancreas**

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Some parenchymal remodeling, however, with mild deviation from curvilinear normalcy was observed. Pancreatic duct and capsular irregularities were present consistent with age related changes. If pain upon imaging (+ Murphy sign) was present or if the patient is focally painful in subxiphoid palpation then low-grade smoldering chronic pancreatitis should be suspected.

**AGE**

10 years

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Age related abdominal changes with slight, bilateral adrenal hypertrophy. Potential for PDH.

Pancreatic remodeling.

**WEIGHT**

9.3 lbs

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Other potentials for hyposthenuria should be considered. Partial water deprivation test is warranted to assess the ability to concentrate. If ALKP elevations are present and the patient appears Cushingoid then work-up for PDH is indicated. However, the changes were minor and may be normal variants for this patient.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Barnea

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Tenaflly VC

**REFERRING VET**

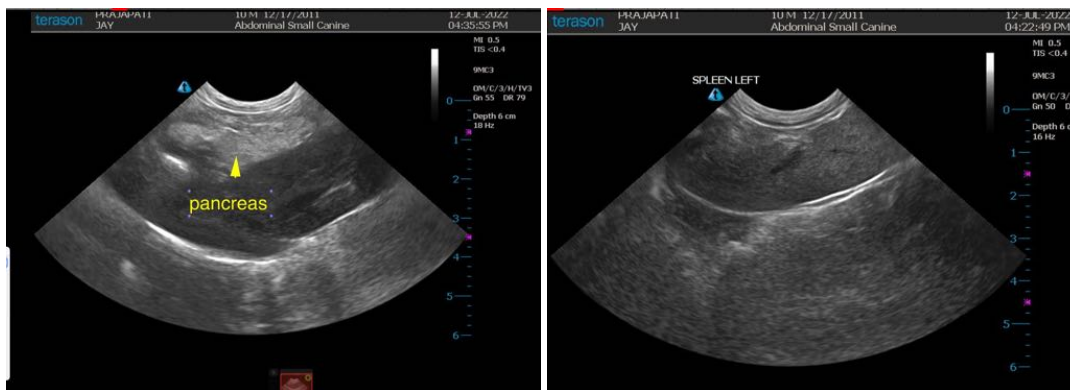
Dr. Barnea

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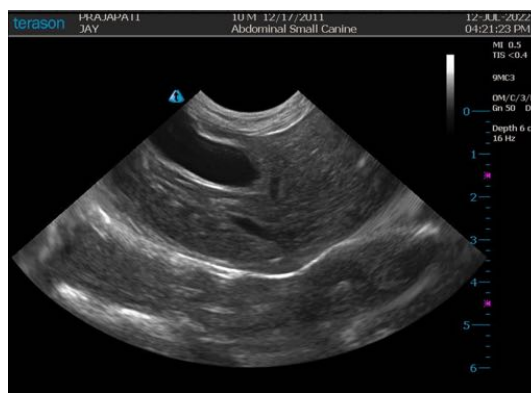
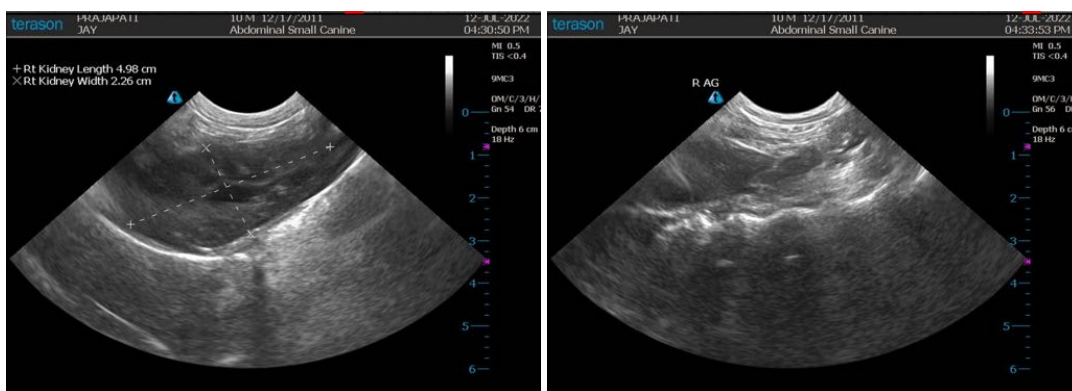
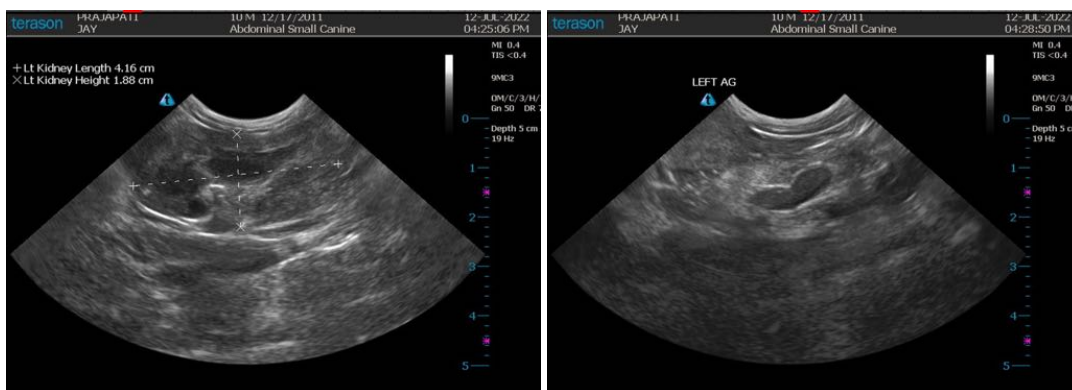
Neutered male

**AGE**

10 years

**WEIGHT**

9.3 lbs



**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com**  
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