



**PATIENT**

Kodie Mott

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Pomeranian X

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

13 Years

**WEIGHT**

7.1 kg

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Meghan Myers

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Hershey Animal  
Emergency Center

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Leann Murphy

**INVOICE**

43665

**DATE**

6/30/23

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Anorexic x 5 days, very Lethargic (usually aggressive, not being aggressive), Diarrhea. On examination, depressed mentation, mildly painful on abdominal palpation, poor pulse quality. Severe matting of hair and diarrhea around anus with significant erythema and ulceration. Maggots found after clipping/cleaning.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: BUN 101, Creat 1.9, CPL abnormal, Neutropenic with increased bands

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal. The pelvic urethra was imaged 2.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex. The left kidney measured 4.1 cm with occasional cortical cysts present. The right kidney measured 3.9 cm with slight pyelectasia noted.

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.50 cm. The right adrenal gland measured 0.60 cm at the cranial pole and 0.42 cm at the caudal pole.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

**Liver**

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.



**PATIENT** *Gastrointestinal*

Kodie Mott Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed minor areas of hypertrophied mucosa and empty lumen. Curvilinear patterns were respected. No evidence of obstructive disease. GI irritation owing to azotemia likely.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Pancreas**

**BREED**

The **pancreas** was hypoechoic and irregular in the left limb measuring 1.3 cm.

Pomeranian X

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX**

Neutered Male

- Non-specific mild to moderate degenerative renal changes
- Prominent left pancreatic limb
- Minor areas of hypertrophied mucosa in the GI tract
- Age related hepatic changes

**AGE**

13 Years

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**WEIGHT**

7.1 kg

Recommend 72-hour IV fluid protocol, GI protectants, full urinary workup, culture and sensitivity, and blood pressures. The dull mentation may be owing to azotemia. However, primary CNS disease should be considered, in which case skull CT may be appropriate. No evidence of neoplasia. The kidneys do not appear end stage. Therefore, acute insult such as toxin exposure, infectious agents and dehydration may all be playing a role.

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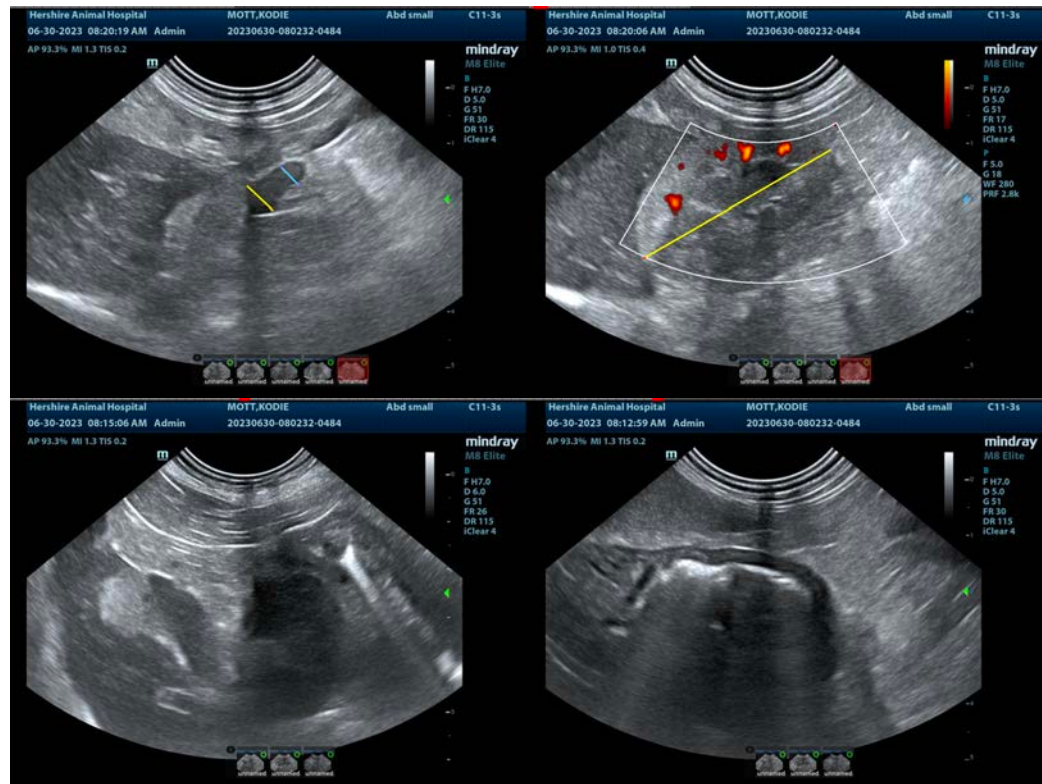
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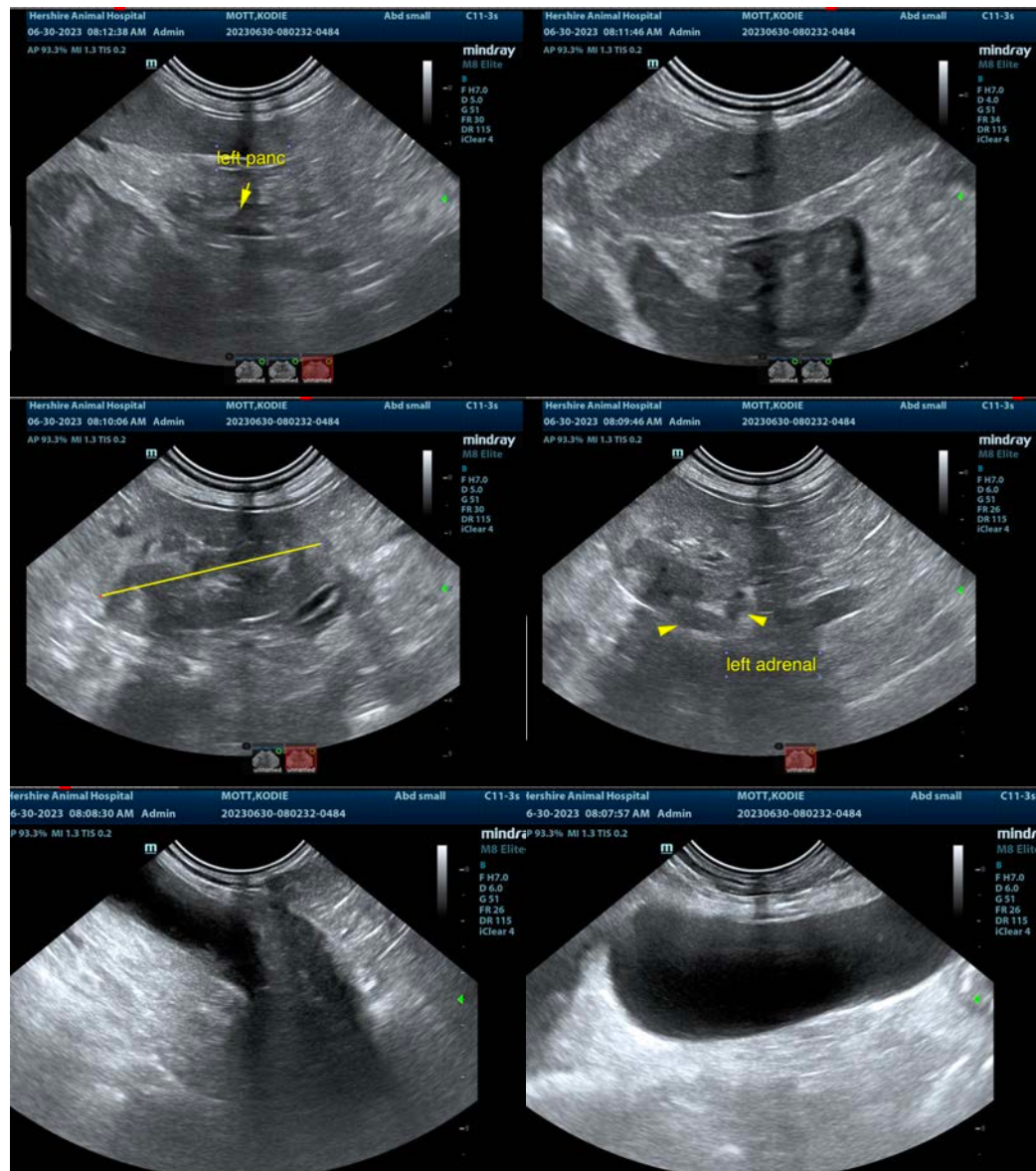
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

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