

**DATE**

06/01/2022

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pu/pd with recent weight loss and lethargy; 2/6 systolic murmur recently noted, proteinuria with a negative urine culture, elevated liver enzymes, had sarcoma of the ascending colon completely resected 7/2019.

PATIENT

Millie Gammerman

Current Medications: cerenia 12mg sid started 5/25, entyce started 5/27 gabapentin for joint pain 25-50mg bid.

Lab Results: bile acids to be performed at same day as the scan elevated alk phos and alt

SPECIES

Canine

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: 6/5/2019. See attached.

Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.

Stat Report: Not requested.

BREED

Schnauzer

Imaging Performed By: Stephanie Pearce RDCS, RVT

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**SEX**

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Urinary System

The urinary bladder presented with minor apical bladder wall changes. The trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

AGE

14 years

The kidneys revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some moderate age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present.

The right kidney measured 4.26 cm in length.

WEIGHT

11.4 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

Adrenal Glands

Both adrenal glands were visualized and recognized as having largely normal shape, size, position and acceptable echogenicity for this age group and breed. Some heterogeneity was noted within the adrenal parenchyma without concerning capsular distortion. These changes are likely age related but should be monitored by sonogram should the patient be suspected of having adrenal disease.

The left adrenal gland measured 1.6 cm in length by 0.61 cm caudal pole width by 0.43 cm cranial pole width. The right adrenal gland measured 1.6 cm in length by 0.61 cm caudal pole width by 0.42 cm cranial pole width.

HOSPITAL NAME

Stevenson Village
Veterinary Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Feinberg

Spleen

The spleen presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

INVOICE

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Liver

The liver images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some minor age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. The left cranial liver revealed a hypoechoic to anechoic cyst measuring 0.45

cm in the midst of a minor mildly echogenic nodule.. The gallbladder presented some dependent sludgy debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the gastrointestinal tract revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

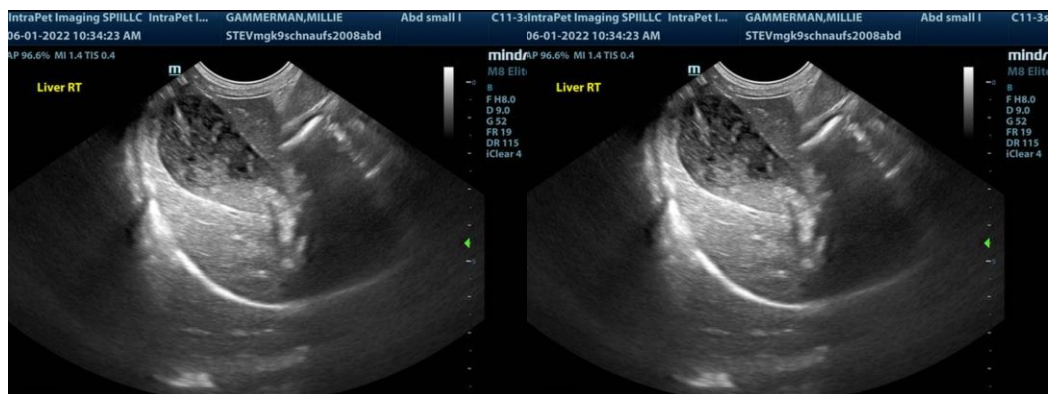
The base and limbs of the pancreas were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

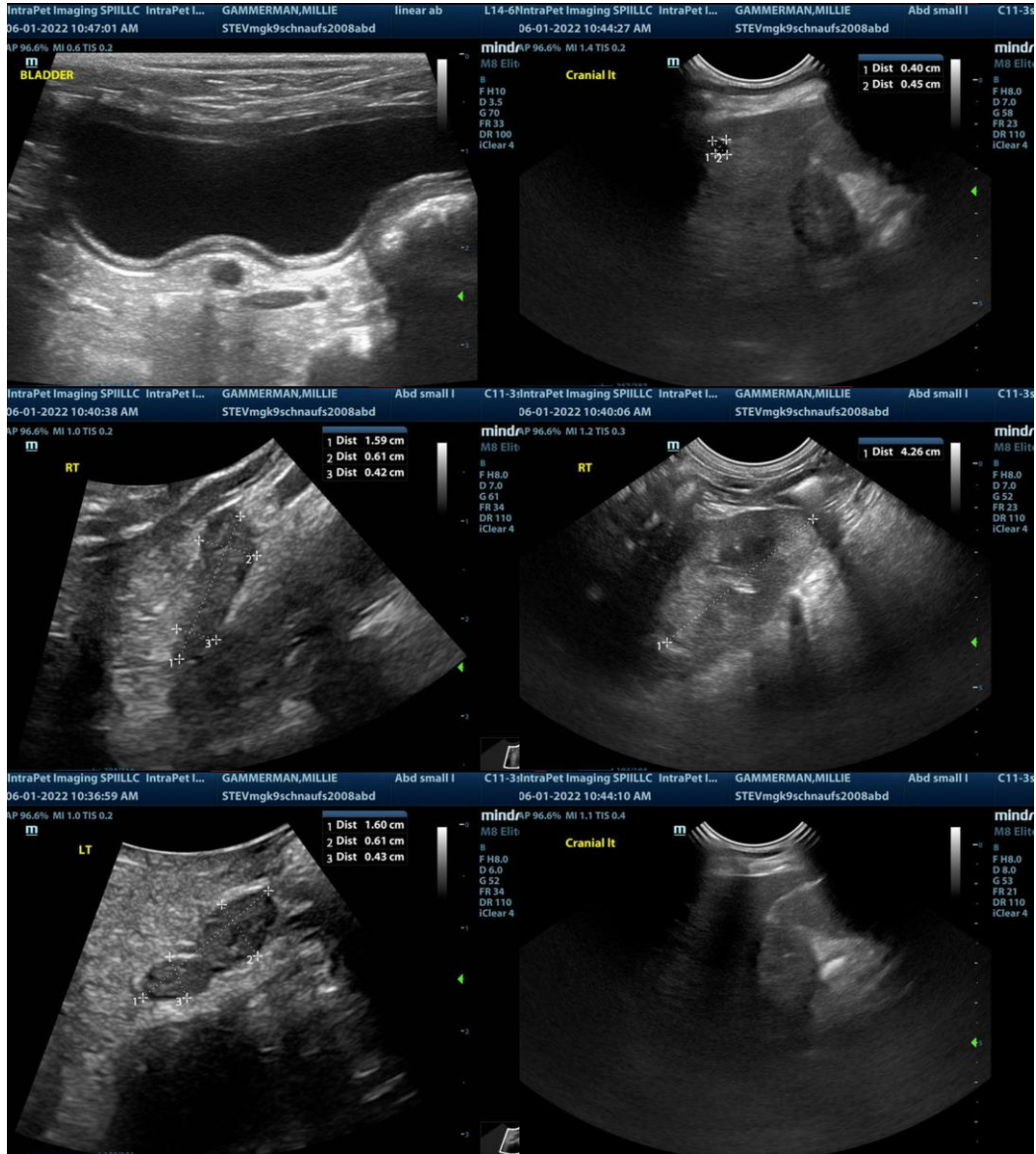
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Age related hepatic changes
- Minor gallbladder debris
- Structurally normal GI tract
- No return of prior GI pathology
- Age related renal changes

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The cause of the patient's clinical signs is not evident from an abdominal visceral standpoint.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
Eric.Lindquist@SonoPath.com