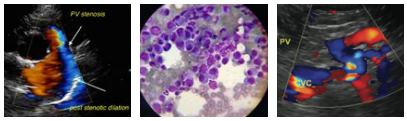
IMAGING PERFORMED BY

IntraPet.com



SonoPath
Clinical Sonography & Telecytology
EDUCATIONAL TELECONSULTATION SERVICES™
1-800-838-4268 info@sonopath.com SonoPath.com

DATE

5/4/23

PATIENT

Amy Mayo

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

4/14/12

WEIGHT

2.25 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

HOSPITAL NAME

Bayside AMC

REFERRING VET

Dr. DeLozier

INVOICE

44178

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Daily regurgitating, acute onset but going on for ~1 month, mildly decreased appetite but still maintaining weight.
Current Medications: None listed.
Lab Results: See attached.
Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous.
Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.
Stat Report: Not requested.
Imaging Performed By: Rachel Brilhart, RDMS.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The right kidney measured 2.54 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.33 x 0.53 cm at the caudal pole and 0.51 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.0 x 0.47 cm at the caudal pole and 0.47 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver contour and structure. The liver was slightly subnormal in size. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness and acceptable curvilinear mural detail. Minor excessive gas and hyperperistalsis was noted. This is consistent with irritable bowel. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool

consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. There was no overt evidence of ulcerative disease noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

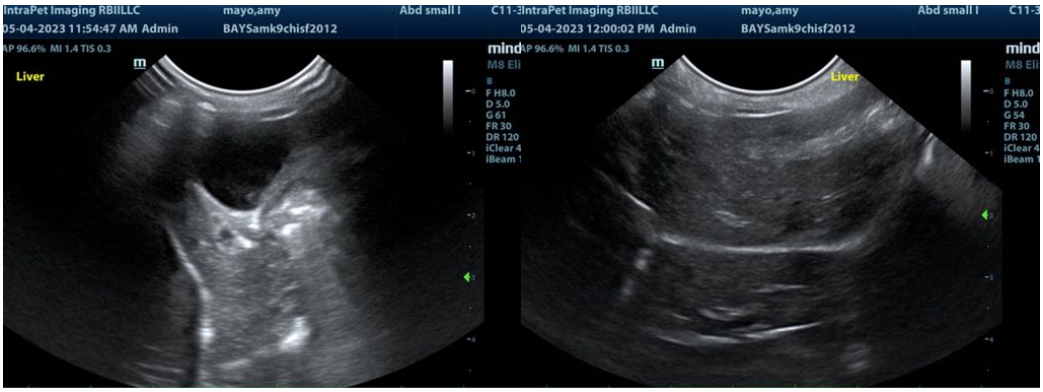
Irritable bowel presentation.

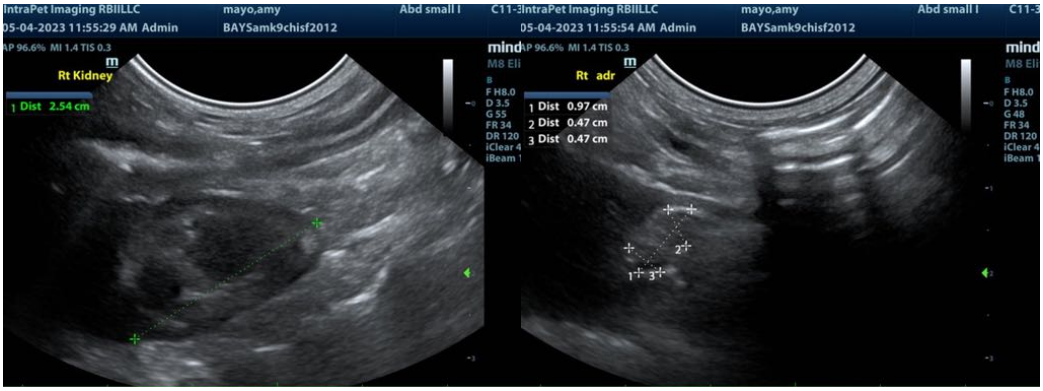
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

A clinical trial of the following may prove effective. Fecal test and diet change to hydrolyzed canned b.i.d. diet may prove effective. Otherwise, endoscopy is indicated to assess mucosal integrity and obtain mucosal biopsies. There is no evidence of macro ulcerative disease noted.

Helicobacter/Gastritis protocol

A clinical trial of **Zithromax (*Dogs:*** 5-10 mg/kg p.o. q24h. May increase dosing interval to q48h after 3-5 days of treatment)**, Metronidazole** (10-20 mg/kg p.o. b.i.d.), **Pepcid** (0.5-1 mg/kg s.i.d.) and **Sucralfate** (0.5-2 g/dog PO) or **Omeprazole** (1 mg/kg p.o. s.i.d.) over the next 3 weeks along with a **novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet** with slurry feeding b.i.d./t.i.d. over the next 2-4 days and then increase to canned diet bid. Dry food should be avoided over the next 4 weeks. A recheck sonogram to assess GI improvement or progression would be ideal in 4 weeks.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
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