



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Nikko Rogozinski

History: history of diarrhea for several days. Eating well but did have an episode of vomiting on Monday as well. Current meds: cerenia, metronidazole, omeprazole, famotidine, and visbiome.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: BW unremarkable. Rads; concern for possible splenic mass but otherwise unremarkable.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

Male

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

95 lbs

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder** and visible pelvic urethra were unremarkable for the level of repletion presented. The urine, however, did present some mildly echogenic debris consistent with mucous, exfoliated cells from renal or bladder origin, and/or blood clots as these echogenic changes can all present similarly. This is often related to urinary tract infection but may represent simple evidence of exfoliated debris or sterile inflammation. Cystocentesis, urinalysis, +/- culture would be recommended to rule out and define any UTI.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The right kidney measured 8.19 cm. The left kidney measured 7.28 cm.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.71 x 0.48 cm. The right adrenal gland measured 2.16 x 0.42 cm.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jessica Green

Spleen

HOSPITAL NAME

Stanglein VC

The **spleen** revealed subtle, micronodular changes. The spleen was folded upon itself and was mildly swollen.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Rothrock

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

INVOICE

44139

DATE

5/3/23



PATIENT

Gastrointestinal

Nikko Rogozinski

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

BREED

German Shepherd

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

SEX

Male

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Enlarged, swollen spleen with subtle, micronodular changes. No evidence of masses.

AGE

10 years

Otherwise, structurally normal abdomen.

WEIGHT

95 lbs

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

If any weight loss is noted then FNA is indicated.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

Differentials for diarrhea include occult parasitism. Dietary indiscretion, dietary intolerance, antibiotic responsive colitis, intestinal dysbiosis and occult Addison's should all be considered as causes of diarrhea in this patient. A hydrolyzed diet trial may be in this patient's best interest +/- probiotics. 24-hour NPO and reintroduction of bland diet indicated. I recommend a baseline cortisol or ACTH stimulation test, a fresh fecal smear and fecal floatation analysis if not already performed.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jessica Green

HOSPITAL NAME

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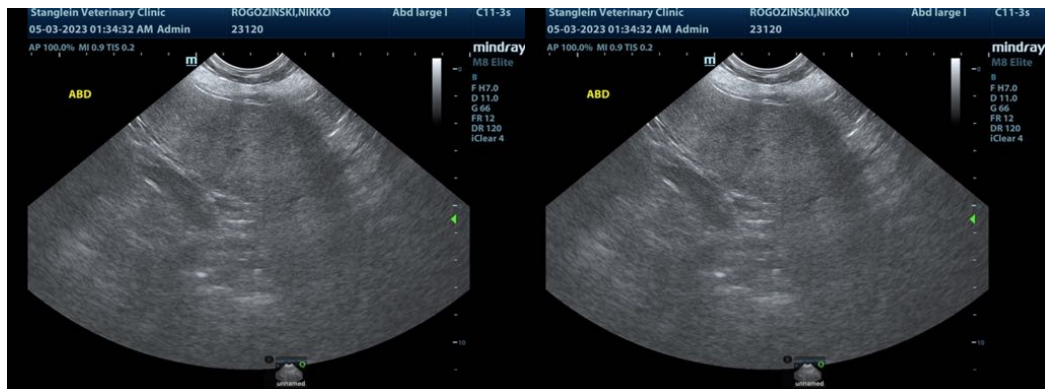
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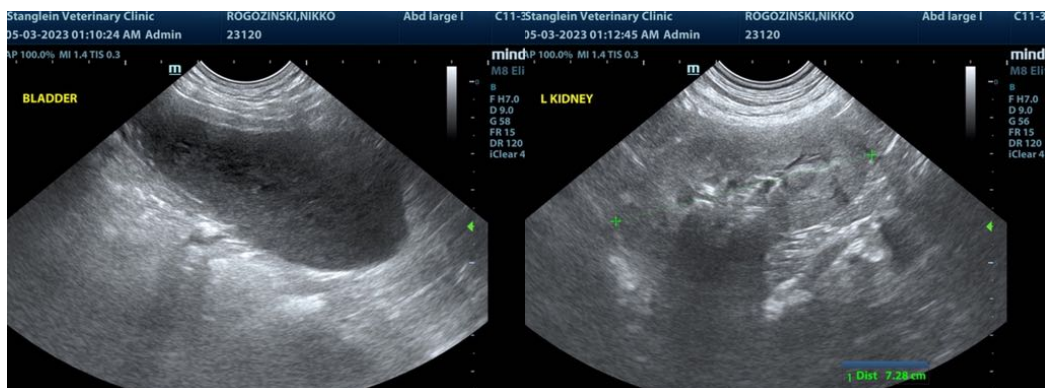
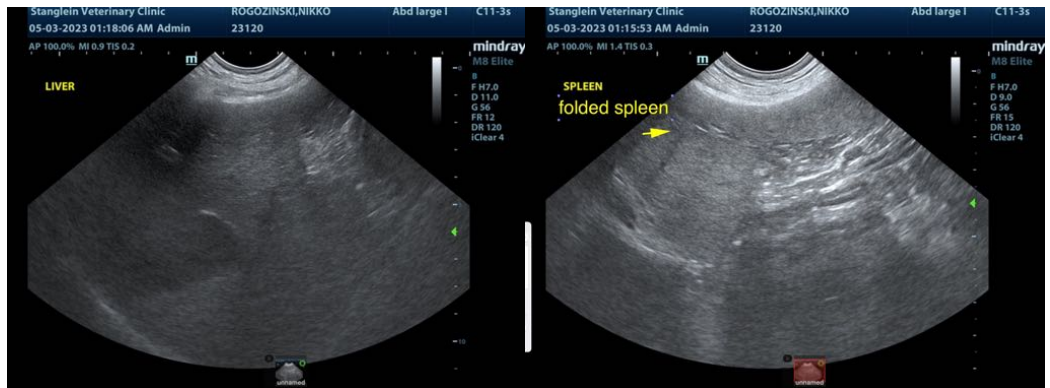
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
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