


PATIENT

Bradley Lubinger

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

 abdominal mass, muffled heart sounds, decreased appetite and diarrhea
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: wnl

SPECIES

Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN
BREED

Australian Cattle Dog

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

9 Years

WEIGHT

78 Pounds

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	5.2		1.3	1.3	35	64	0.1
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	79	1.76	--		4.15	4.37	

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 separate methods of LA evaluation. Trivial mitral insufficiency noted at 5.2 m/sec, not clinically significant. Mitral insufficiency jet was centralized and mild. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinesis. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonary outflow** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. The cranial **mediastinum** and **pericardial and extra-cardiac regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Diane McFadden

HOSPITAL NAME

ACC Flanders

REFERRING VET

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PATIENT	The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 7.53 cm. A 2.5 cm anechoic cyst was noted at the medial cortex of the left kidney. The right kidney measured 8.24 cm.
Bradley Lubinger	
SPECIES	Adrenal Glands
Canine	Both adrenal glands were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.33 cm x 0.70 cm at the caudal pole and 0.61 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 3.2 cm x 2.25 cm at the cranial pole and 0.58 cm at the caudal pole.
BREED	Spleen
Australian Cattle Dog	See "other".
SEX	Liver
Neutered Male	The liver images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.
AGE	Gastrointestinal
9 Years	Examination of the gastrointestinal tract revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.
WEIGHT	Pancreas
78 Pounds	See "other".
INTERPRETED BY	Other
Eric Lindquist, DMV	The mid abdomen revealed an undifferentiated 11 cm mass. The mass revealed hyperechoic periphery. It may be deriving from the left limb of the pancreas and impinging upon the spleen. Infarcted lipoma is a potential. Regional free fluid noted, likely owing to rupture.
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trivial mitral insufficiency, Stage B1 valvular disease, no evidence of volume overload • Mass occupying the left pancreatic and limb and adhered to or deriving from the spleen, ruptured with free fluid and regional peritonitis. Infarcted lipoma versus splenic stromal tumor or abscessation.
Diane McFadden	INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS
HOSPITAL NAME	The heart is stable without clinical disease. No overt contraindication for anesthesia of brief to moderate duration. I suggest Torbutrol premed, Propofol induction, Isoflurane maintenance or similar protocol if anesthesia is desired. Blood pressure recommended if not already performed and target white coat negative systolic pressure of < 160 mmHg. If higher than this ACE-inhibitor is suggested to
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reach this level. Recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 6 months, earlier if murmur grade increases or clinical signs initiate.

SPECIES

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Chest radiographs warranted. If free of evident pathology, then exploratory surgery indicated with expectation towards splenectomy and removal of the caudal aspect of the left pancreatic limb.

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SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

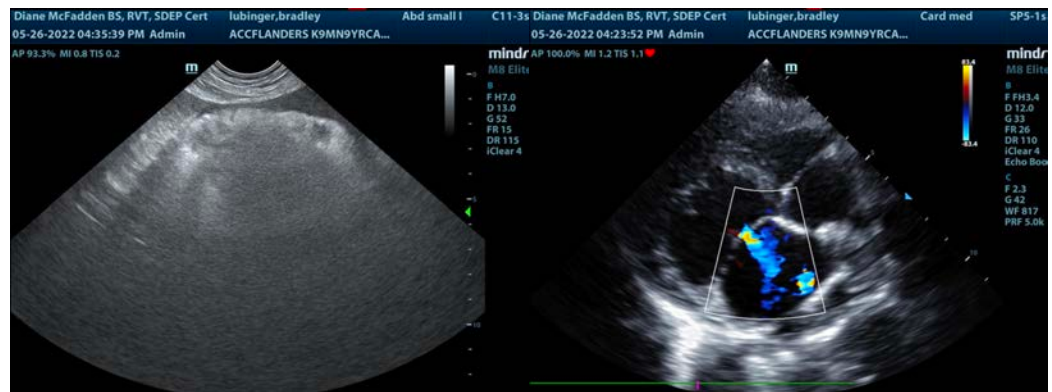
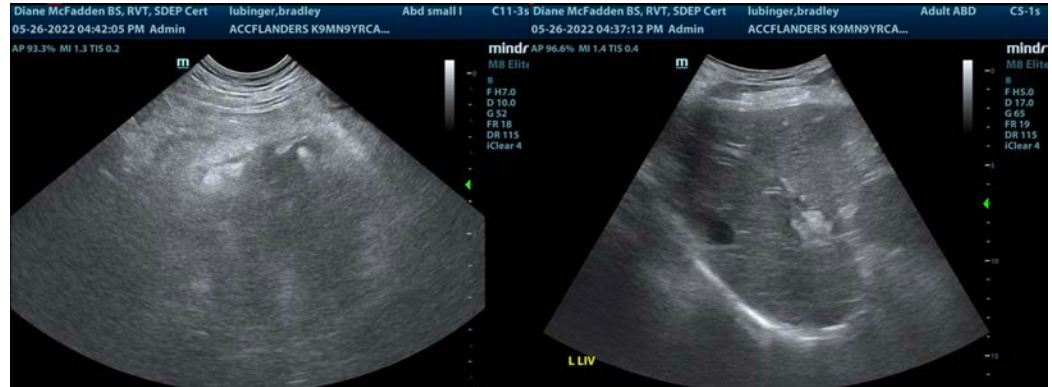
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Eric Lindquist, DMV
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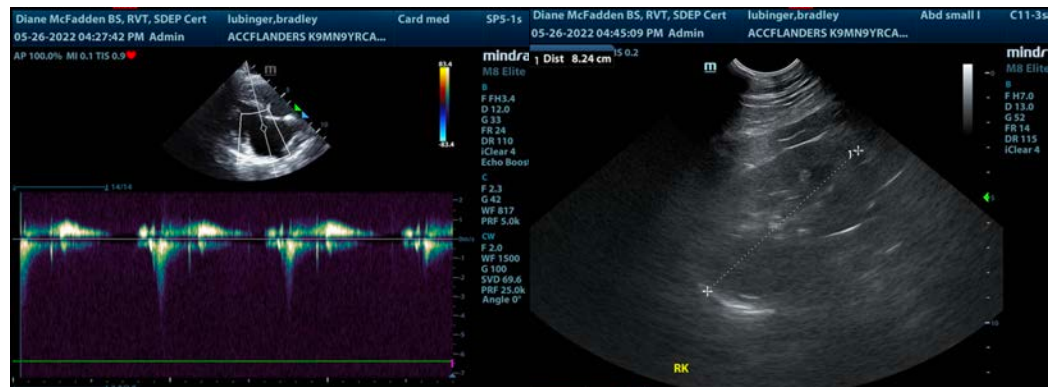
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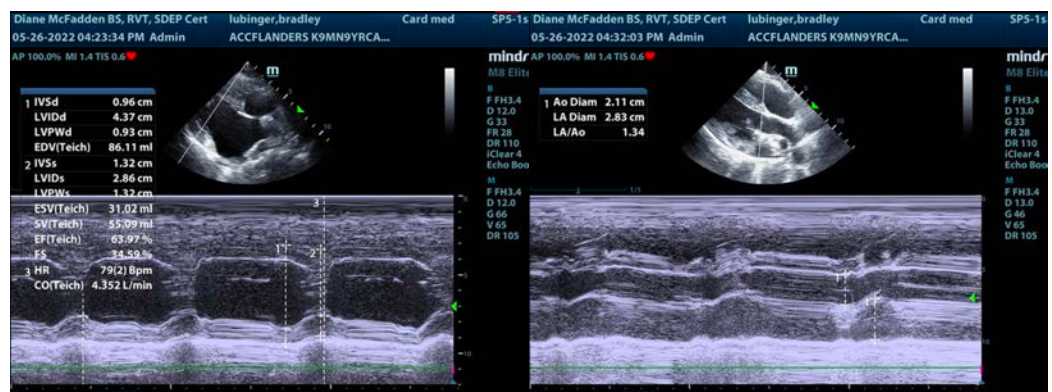
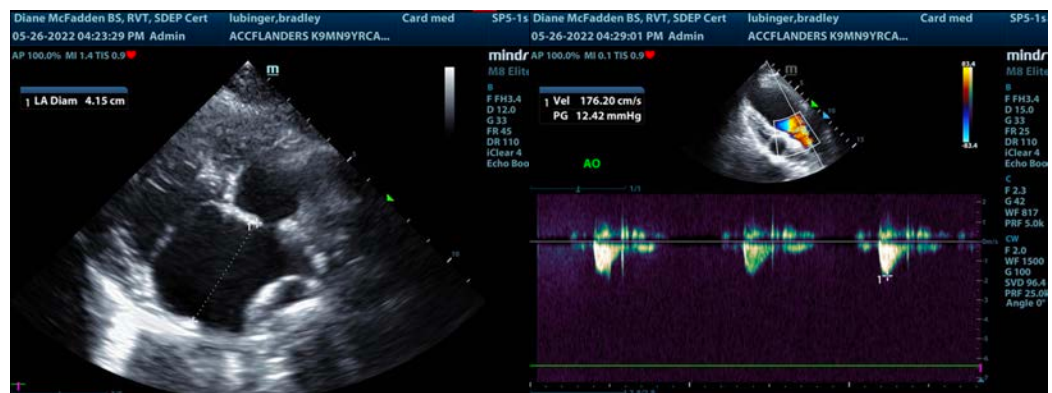
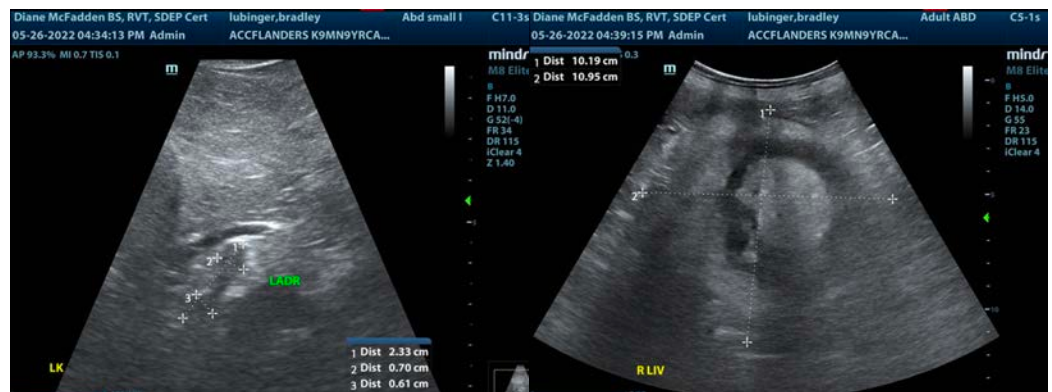
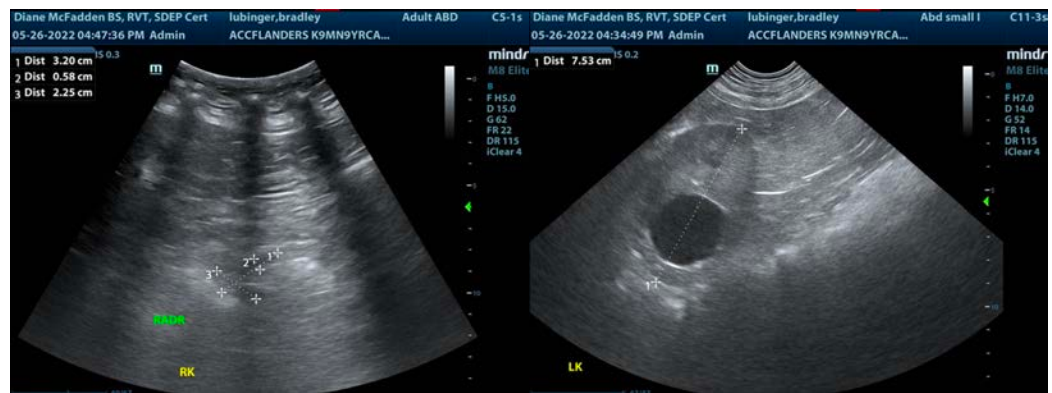
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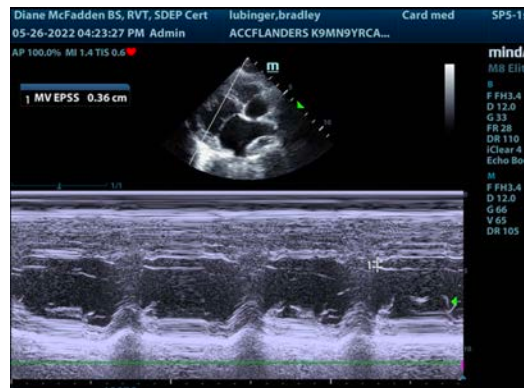
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

info@SonoPath.com