



## PATIENT

Aphrodite Knoskie

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

Domestic Shorthair

## SEX

Spayed female

## AGE

10 years

## WEIGHT

7.8 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Catherine Walsh

## HOSPITAL NAME

Greater Staten Island  
VS

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Walsh

## INVOICE

77903

## DATE

5/24/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: P presented for 3-4 days of hyporexia and lethargy. O feels P lost weight. was 9 lbs at last visit 6 months ago. O lost family member in home and feels P may be depressed. On fastscan abnormal mass like area near stomach noted.  
ALT<10, ALKP <10 , PLT<46 aggregates detected

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 3.4 cm. The right kidney measured 3.7 cm.

### Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient.

### Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

### Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.



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## ***Gastrointestinal***

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. A 4.5 x 3.4 cm, hypoechoic, undifferentiated jejunal mass was noted. Regional, hypoechoic inflammation was noted around the intestinal mass.

## ***Pancreas***

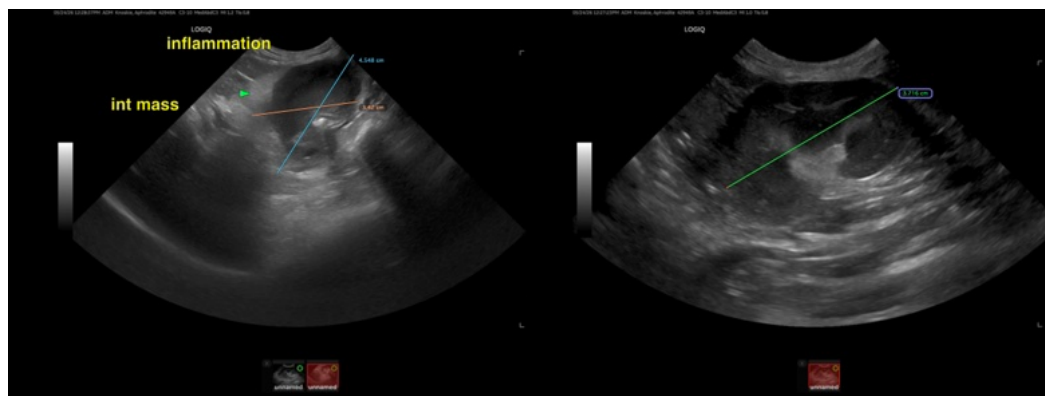
The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Intestinal mass. Round cell neoplasia, carcinoma, less likely granulomatous disease.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The intestinal mass appears resectable. There was no gross evidence of metastatic disease. Screening FNA of the intestinal mass, spleen and liver can be considered to assess for micrometasis even though no structural abnormalities are noted. Chest radiographs are warranted prior to surgery.





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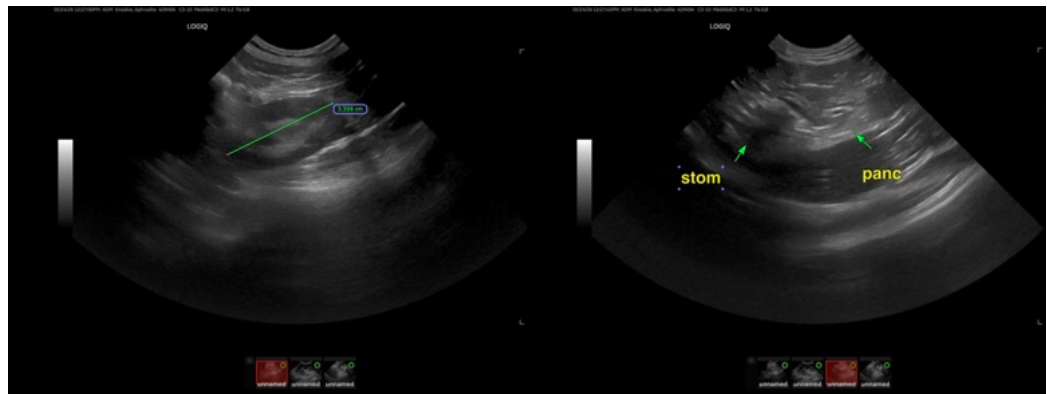
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

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