



## PATIENT

Sweetness Enright

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Chi x

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

12

## WEIGHT

13

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP (CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

## HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway Animal  
Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Schiess

## INVOICE

73494

## DATE

3/9/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

New heart murmur 2/6 preparing for dental, Elevated liver enzymes

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PLT 662 Glob 4.7 ALT 372 ALP 270 Chol 348 T4 1.5

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	--	1.1	1.3	45	80	0.1
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT	LAD LA MAX 4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	--	1.0	0.9	13	2.4	1.94	

### Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 different LA measurement methods. Chamber volumes and echogenicity were normal. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented vegetative thickening consistent with endocardiosis. Mitral insufficiency was trivial/minor. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** insufficiency was trivial/minor. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of infiltrative disease was visible. The cranial **mediastinum** and **pericardial regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

### Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.



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The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. An anechoic 1.5 cm cyst was noted at the cranial pole of the right kidney. The right kidney measured 4.8 cm. The left kidney measured 4.46 cm.

### **Adrenal Glands**

The **adrenal glands** appeared slightly enlarged and swollen. No evidence of focal capsular expansion or invasion into the phrenic veins were noted. No overt suspicion of neoplasia was noted. This is considered likely a hyperplastic change associated with stress or adrenal endocrinopathy (PDH). If isosthenuria is persistently present and the patient morphologically suggests Cushing's disease then ACTH testing would be indicated. Right adrenal gland measured 2.74 cm x 1.02 cm at the caudal pole and 1.17 cm at the cranial pole. Left adrenal gland measured 2.27 cm x 0.76 cm at the caudal pole and 0.62 cm at the cranial pole.

### **Spleen**

Previous **splenectomy** performed.

### **Liver**

The **liver** presented mild uniform enlargement and multifocal hypoechoic nodular changes up to 1.0-1.5 cm. Hyperechoic nodular changes also noted. The gallbladder and common bile duct were unremarkable.

### **Gastrointestinal**

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

### **Pancreas**

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Minor Stage B1 valvular disease.
- Bilateral adrenal hypertrophy.
- Nodular hyperplasia liver pattern.
- Age related renal changes with right renal cyst.

## **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

No contraindication to anesthetic procedure as long as blood pressures are normal. If the patient appears cushingoid, workup for PDH indicated. FNA of the general liver parenchyma and nodular changes could be performed during the dental procedure, though I do not believe this is likely to be clinical. Likely benign hyperplasia with inflammatory hepatopathy.



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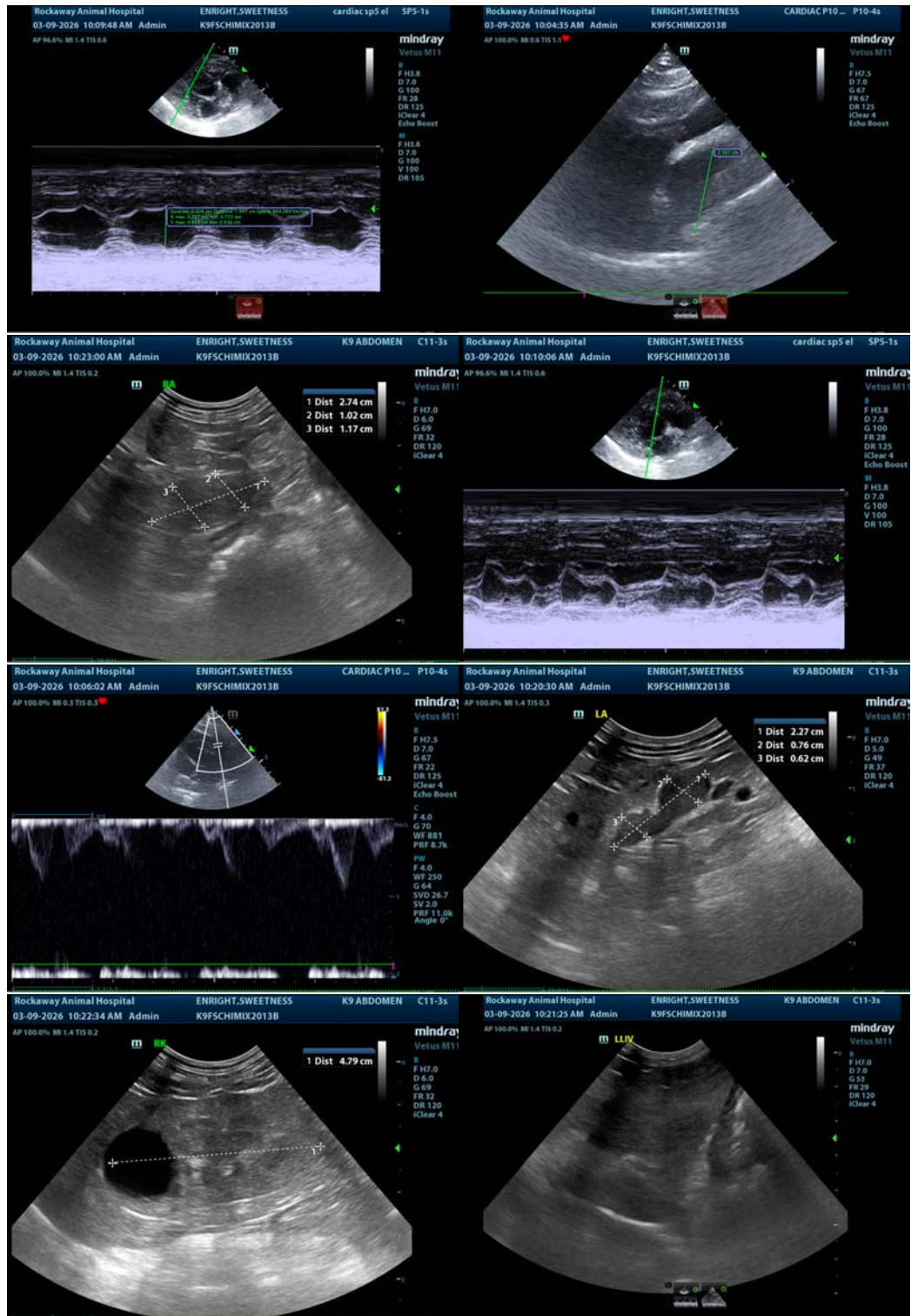
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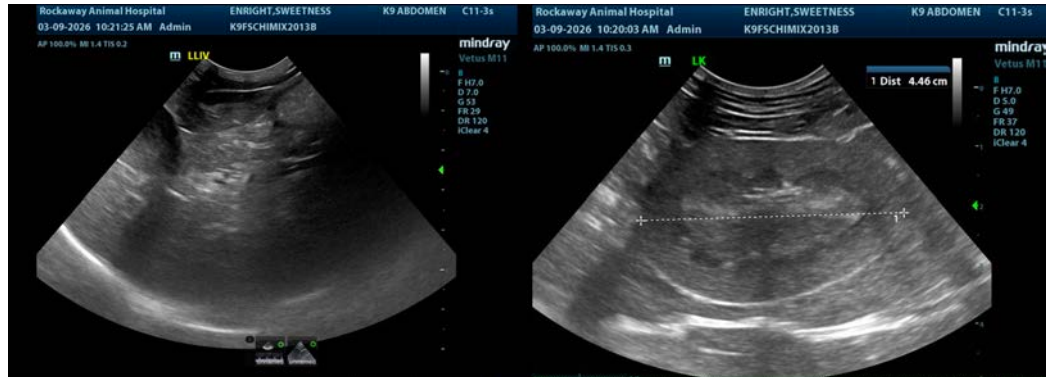
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist**, DMV, DABVP(CFM), Cert. IVUSS,  
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[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)