

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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Clinical Sonography & Telecytology

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DATE

3/8/22

PATIENT

Autumn Grace Poole

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

3/2/18

WEIGHT

5.1 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Rachel Brilhart RDMS

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Emergency
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Saubier

INVOICE

35996

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

3/2/22- Was owner's sisters dog- take in approx.. 1 year ago. History of seizures- no medications. This evening episode of shaking all over, very stiff all four limbs. Seemed very disoriented, episode lasted 2-4 mins. Has been eating and drinking, otherwise acting normally. Owner did feed noodles earlier.

Current Medications: Metronidazole and Gabapentin.

Lab Results: Bile acids abnormal- both pre and post are elevated. Mild elevation in ALT. Hypoglycemia-normalized with treatment.

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous.

Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.

Stat Report: Not requested.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 3.05 cm. The right kidney measured 2.84 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.38 cm x 0.46 cm at the caudal pole and 0.42 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.31 cm x 0.41 cm at the caudal pole and 0.66 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

Liver

The **liver** was slightly subnormal in size. The gallbladder and common bile duct were unremarkable. Intrahepatic and extrahepatic vascularity were normal. No evidence of portosystemic shunting. Portal vein/vena cava ratio was 1:1, at approximately 4.0 mm each.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

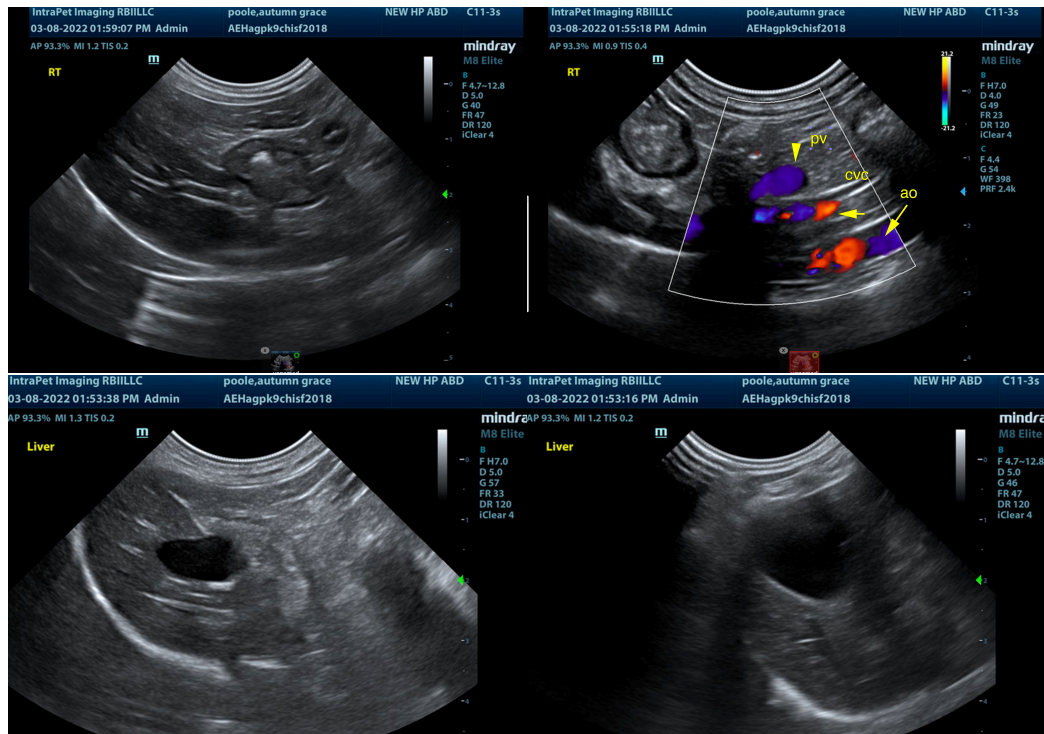
- Microhepatica

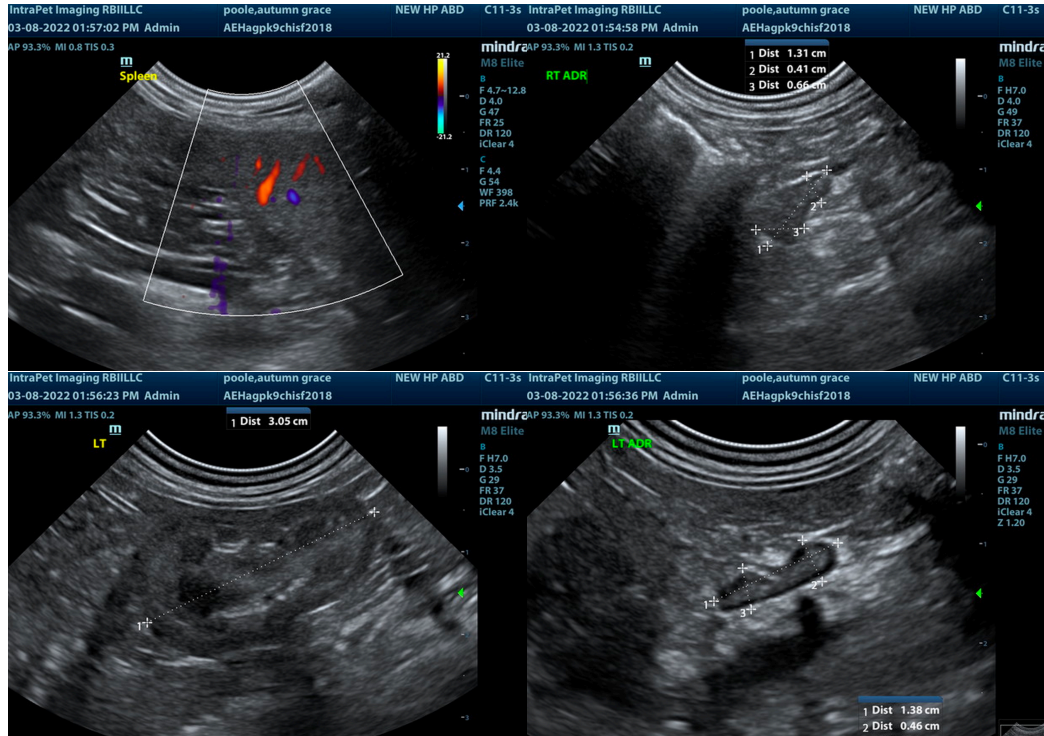
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given the patient history, portal hypoplasia/microvascular dysplasia with minor inflammatory component likely. A clinical trial of the following may prove effective. CT of the CNS warranted, given the seizure activity. Core liver biopsy would be necessary for a definitive diagnosis of suspect microvascular dysplasia/portal vein hypoplasia.

Hepatic Support for Bile Acid Elevation +/- Hepatic Encephalopathy

Royal Canin Hepatic Support diet or Hills L/D, Metronidazole (7.5 mg/kg PO bid) over the next 14 days, **Lactulose (Oral: 3.1-3.7 g/5 ml lactulose in a syrup base)** long term to target 2-3 soft stools/day, with a **high-quality protein supplement** of minor amount of **yogurt or cheddar cheese**. Monitor bile acids, with attention paid to dropping albumin, BUN or cholesterol. SAME and nutraceuticals as needed. **Ursodiol (10-15 mg/kg p.o. q24h)** can be considered as hepatoprotectant and to enhance bile flow. **Zinc** serum level keep between 200–500 ug/dl. If deficient then Tx zinc acetate 1-3 mg/kg/day. Gastrointestinal protectants are recommended if the patient is anorexic.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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