



**PATIENT**

Mabel Makaryan

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Pitbull

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

3 Years

**WEIGHT**

58 Lbs.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Rachel Wiley

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Petvacx AH

**REFERRING VET**

Rachel Wiley

**INVOICE**

14196

**DATE**

3/6/22

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Adopted one year ago, chronic diarrhea and vomiting. Diarrhea improved with hydrolyzed diet started 6 months ago. But still vomits twice a week. Mostly bile, occasionally digested food.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC/Chem/T4/Fecal/UA Within Normal Limits TLI/B12/Folate pending

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized, and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 5.0 cm. The right kidney measured 5.0 cm.

**Adrenal Glands**

The **left adrenal gland** was visualized obliquely, measuring 5.0 mm in width.

The **right adrenal gland** appeared somewhat flattened and isoechoic yet technically within normal size, measuring 0.8 cm at the cranial pole and 0.5 cm at the caudal pole.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

**Liver**

The **liver** was normal in size and contour with minor coarse architecture. Vascularity was normal. The gallbladder and common bile were unremarkable. A past history of cholangitis may have occurred in this patient.

**Gastrointestinal**

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

**Pancreas**



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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## SPECIES

Canine

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Liver coarse architecture
- Flattened, isoechoic right adrenal gland

## BREED

Pitbull

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given the age of the patient and subjectively flattened isoechoic adrenal gland, I recommend screening for Addisons in this patient. Antiparasitic protocol indicated. A clinical trial of the following may prove effective.

## SEX

Spayed Female

## Helicobacter/Gastritis protocol

## AGE

3 Years

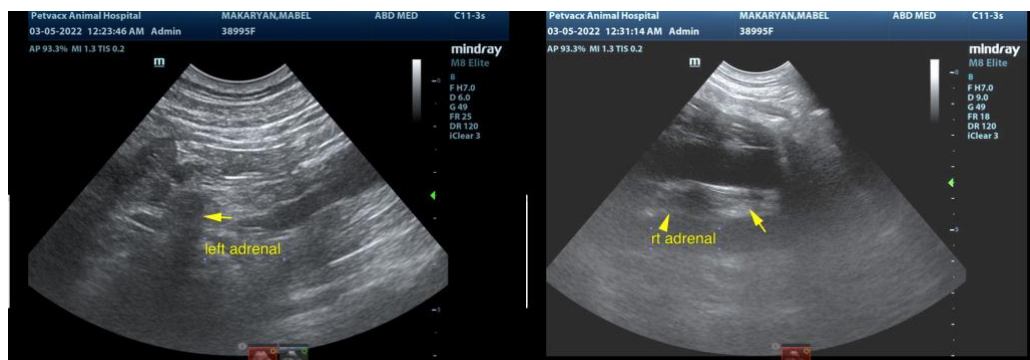
A clinical trial of **Zithromax (Dogs: 5-10 mg/kg p.o. q24h. May increase dosing interval to q48h after 3-5 days of treatment), Metronidazole (10-20 mg/kg p.o. b.i.d.), Pepcid (0.5-1 mg/kg s.i.d.) and Sucralfate (0.5-2 g/dog PO) or Omeprazole (1 mg/kg p.o. s.i.d.)** over the next 3 weeks along with a **novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet** with slurry feeding b.i.d./t.i.d. over the next 2-4 days and then increase to canned diet bid. Dry food should be avoided over the next 4 weeks. A recheck sonogram to assess GI improvement or progression would be ideal in 4 weeks.

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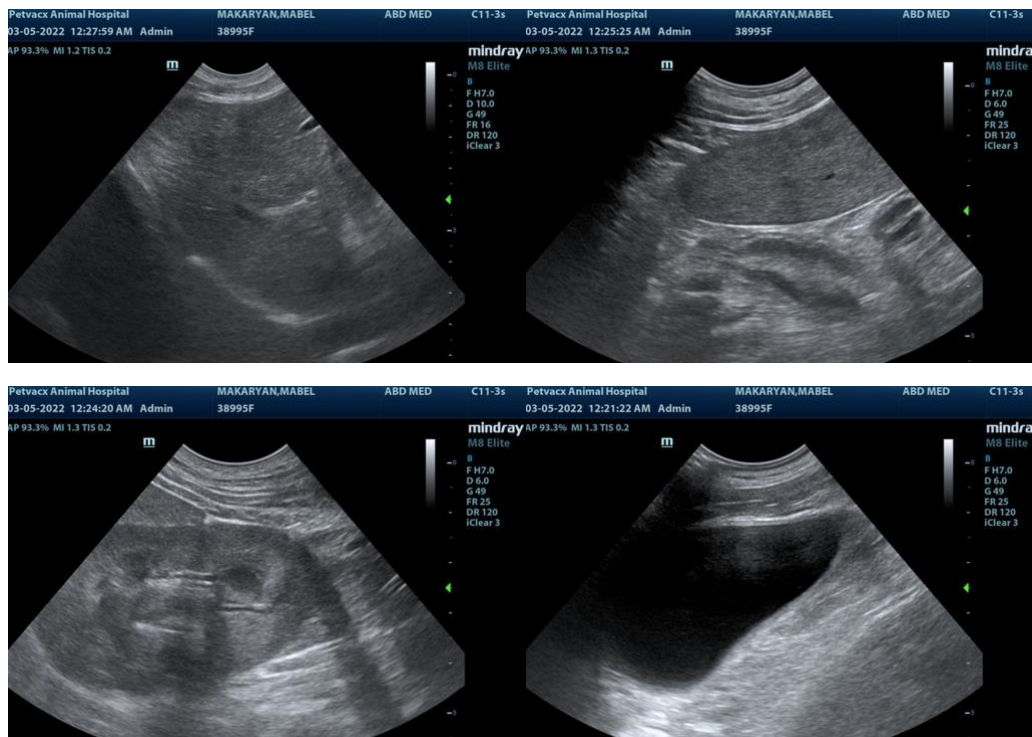
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist**, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
info@SonoPath.com