



## PATIENT

Missy Aquilar

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Aussie

## SEX

Female

## AGE

1

## WEIGHT

32.4

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

## HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway Animal  
Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

## INVOICE

14742

## DATE

03/30/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- 1 week prior hematuria and strong UTI, no hematuria now but urgency returned

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: U/A pending

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The **urinary bladder** presented with cystitis pattern with thickened wall measuring up to 7.0 mm. Suspended debris, a minor amount of sand and a moderate amount of mucus were present. No evidence of masses or large calculus.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 4.64 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.21 cm in length.

### Adrenal Glands

The regions of the **adrenal glands** were imaged with no evidence of pathology.

### Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

### Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

### Gastrointestinal

There was some residual chyme and gas was noted in the **stomach**, yet not pathological. This is consistent with end post prandial presentation. Transit of chyme into the small intestine was normal. Curvilinear patterns were maintained throughout the GI tract. No evidence of pathology. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

### Pancreas



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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Persistent chronic cystitis pattern.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Continual medical therapy over a six week period may be necessary in this patient for clearing.

### Canine Chronic UTI Protocol

To be utilized for UTI with chronic urinary tract changes found sonographically that may serve as nidus of infection and history of chronic or recurrent UTI is an issue.

I recommend Clavamox as a first level approach to chronic UTI at 12.5-25 mg/kg bid owing to optimal urinary concentrations. If bacterial resistance is an issue then **Enrofloxacin** (5-10 mg/kg SID PO) (In patients > 1 year of age) in late pm after urination to maximize urinary concentrations overnight. This assumes that culture supports this use. Repeat **culture** at 3-4 weeks and continue treatment at least 7-10 days post negative urinary sediment and negative culture. *Note: Negative culture does not necessarily mean lack of UTI.* Other favorite antibiotics for chronic UTI include third generation Cefa (Ceftiafur or similar s.i.d. injectable) or Clavamox. If suspicion of occult urinary incontinence is present then **phenylpropanolamine (PPA)** (1-2 mg/kg BID) can be employed long term to enhance urethral tone.





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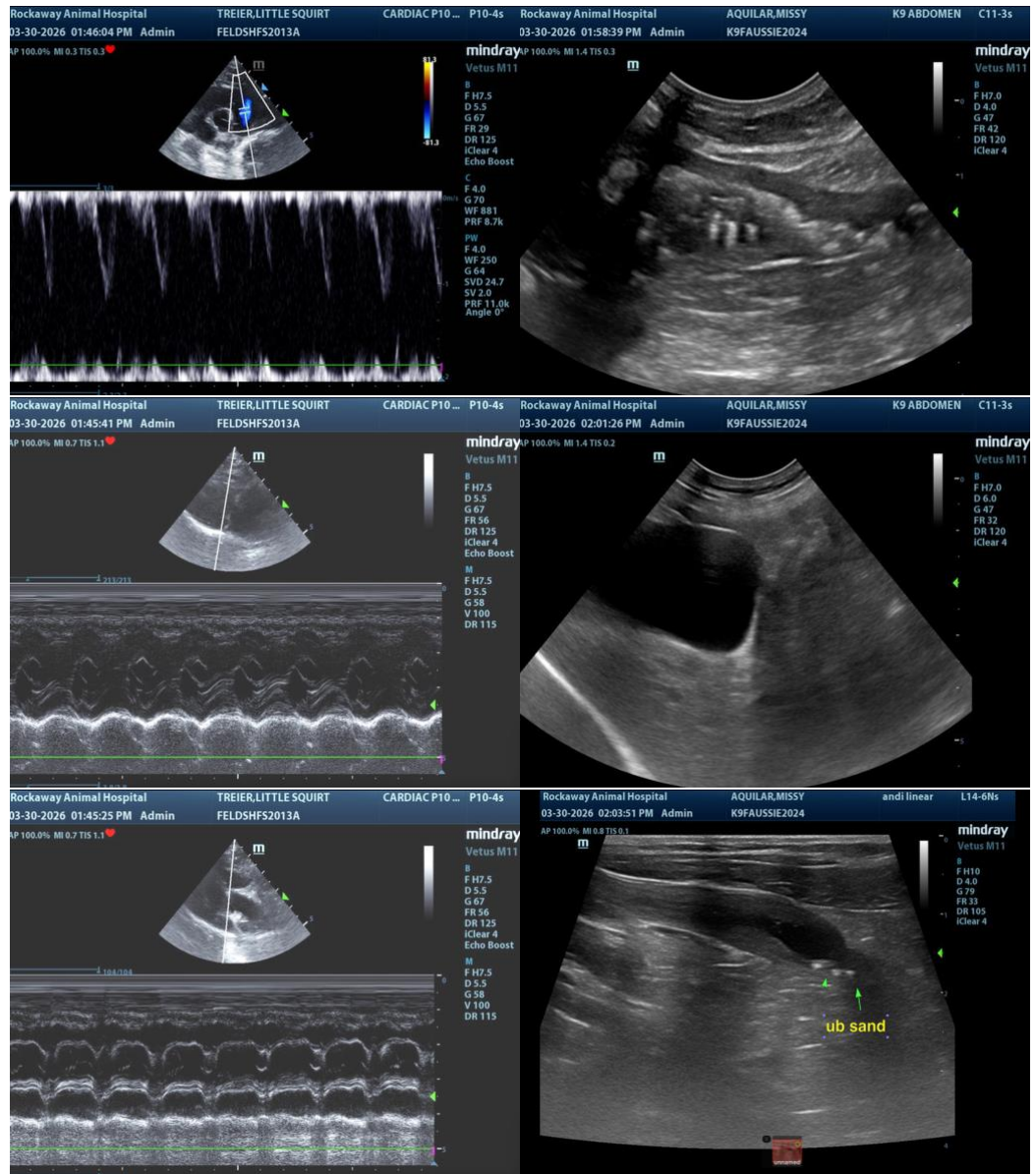
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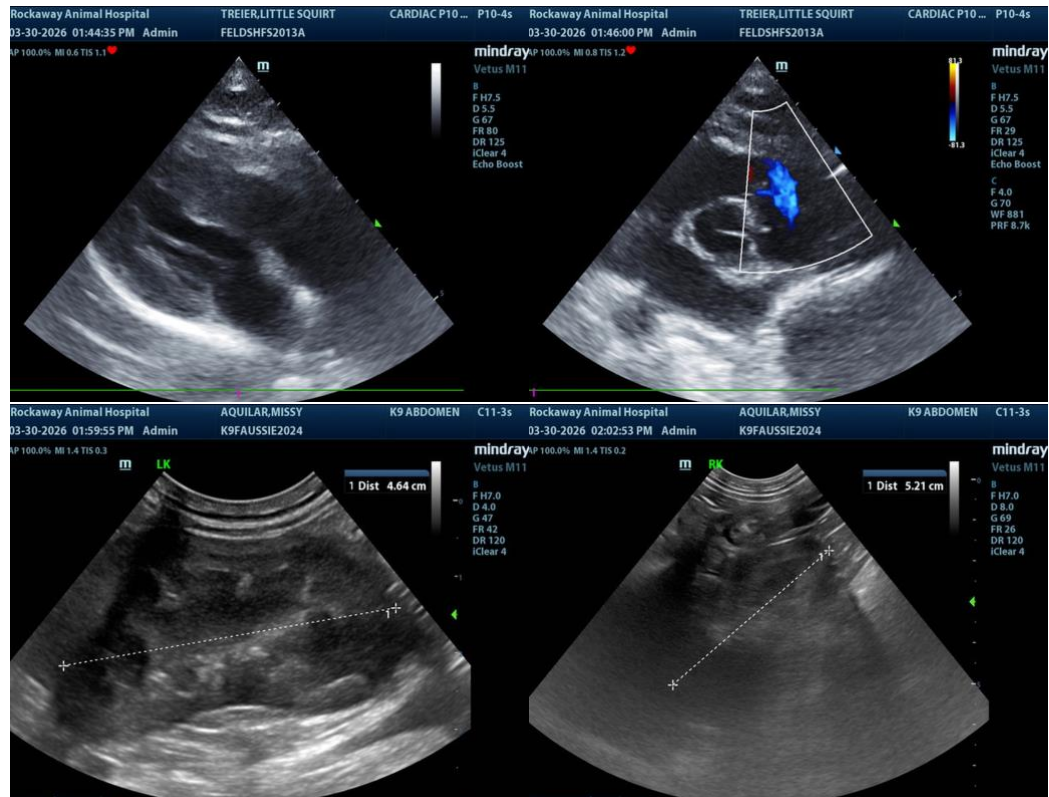
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP(CFM), Cert. IVUSS,**

CEO, Owner, Founder -- SonoPath.com

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