



PATIENT

Brooklyn Aquino

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

60 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great
and Small Denville

REFERRING VET

Dr. Ashmore

INVOICE

96557

DATE

3/3/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Hx of pancreatitis. Doing well clinically now but request AUS due to prolonged abnormal CPL. Current meds: Low Fat i/d diet.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Elevated ALP and ALT. CPL abnormal 3x over 3 week period.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The pelvic urethra was imaged 2.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 6.43 cm. The right kidney measured 5.91 cm with an anechoic cyst on the dorsal cortex.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.37 x 0.56 cm at the cranial pole and 0.57 cm at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 2.33 x 1.1 cm at the cranial pole and 0.67 cm at the caudal pole with hyperechoic nodule.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** revealed increased portal markings with heterogenous parenchymal changes. There is a significant amount of remodeling. The gallbladder and common bile duct was unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine



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demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Some parenchymal remodeling, however, with mild deviation from curvilinear normalcy was observed. Pancreatic duct and capsular irregularities were present consistent with age related changes. If pain upon imaging (+ Murphy sign) was present or if the patient is focally painful in subxiphoid palpation then low-grade smoldering chronic pancreatitis should be suspected.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Age related renal and pancreatic changes.

Hepatic remodeling.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

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Bile acid profile is warranted. There is no evidence of any significant pancreatic inflammation at this time. Subxiphoid palpation is recommended to assess for pain-solicited response. If pain is noted low grade pancreatitis is suspected. FNA of the liver can be considered for definition of inflammatory cell type. There is no evidence of suspicion of neoplasia.

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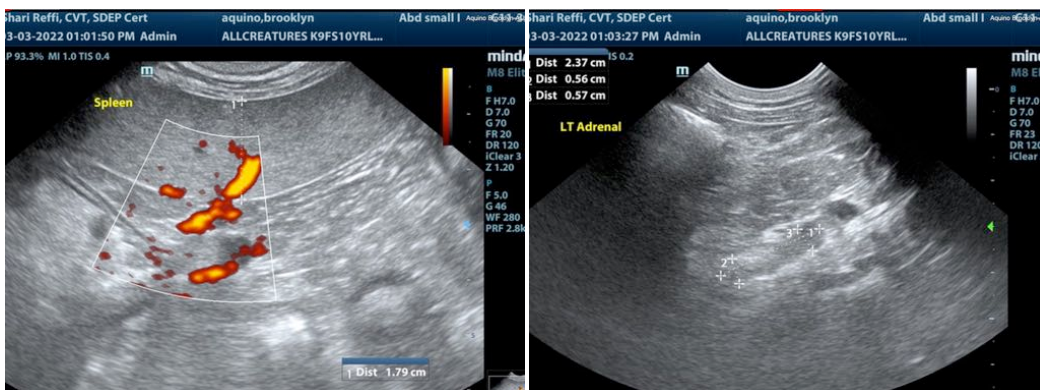
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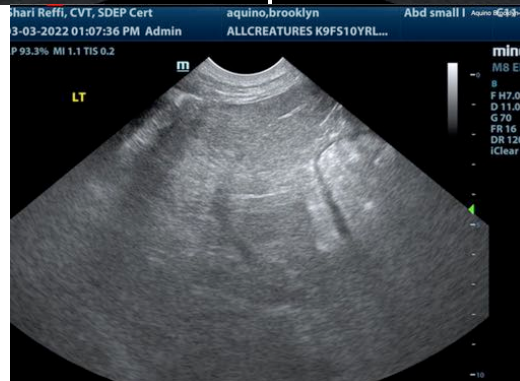
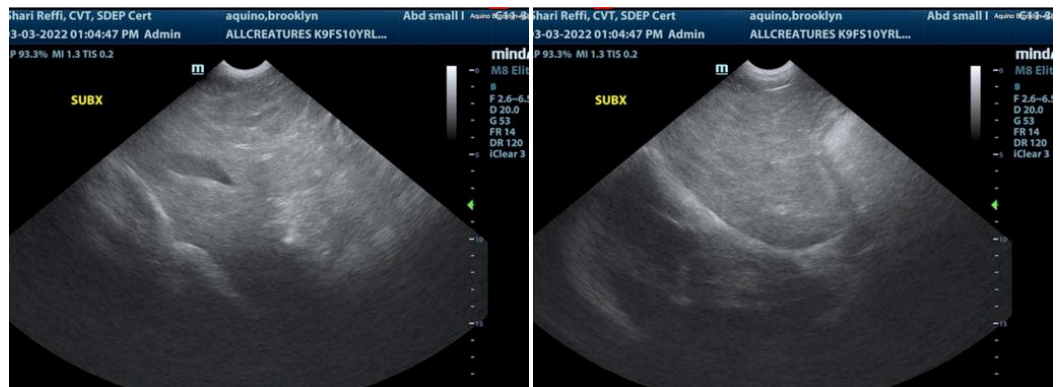
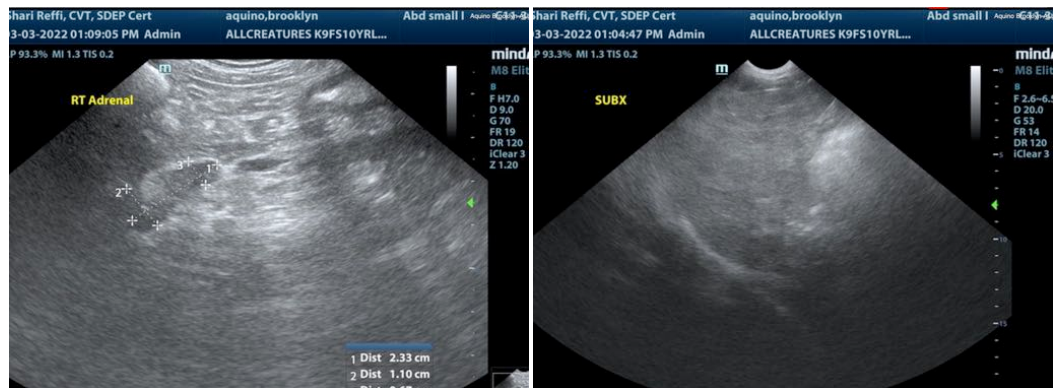
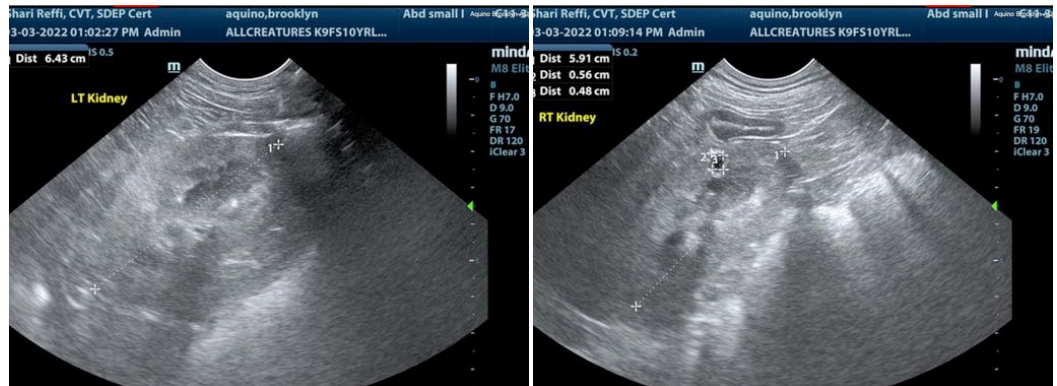
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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Info@SonoPath.com

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