



## PATIENT

Val Frame

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Mixed Breed

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

8 Years

## WEIGHT

12 pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jill Rumachik

## HOSPITAL NAME

Clarity Imaging LLC

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Tanya Hoffman

## INVOICE

14398

## DATE

03/17/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- 3/6 murmur - slight increase in pro bnp (909 - ref range up to 900). Mild liver enzyme elevation

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	3.0	1.1	1.3	50	--	0.1
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (lbs)	LAD LA MAX 4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	150	--	--	12.0	2.5	2.8	--

### Cardiac Presentation

Complete filling of the **left atrium** was noted on color flow assessment of the mitral valve. Chamber volumes and echogenicity were normal. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented vegetative thickening consistent with endocardiosis. Doppler indicated measurable insufficiency. The **left ventricle** presented normal thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated insufficiency. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx.1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of infiltrative disease was visible. The cranial **mediastinum and pericardial regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

### Urinary System

The **urinary bladder** revealed an accumulation of small calculi. The patient is likely passing calculi periodically from the kidneys to the bladder. The grouping measured 1.1 cm.



## PATIENT

Val Frame

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Mixed Breed

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

8 Years

## WEIGHT

12 pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jill Rumachik

## HOSPITAL NAME

Clarity Imaging LLC

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Tanya Hoffman

## INVOICE

14398

## DATE

03/17/26

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some moderate age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex. Dystrophic mineralization and nephrolithiasis were noted and non-obstructive at this time. The left kidney measured 3.2 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.7 cm in length.

### *Adrenal Glands*

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.50 cm width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.50 cm width.

### *Spleen*

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

### *Liver*

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some minor age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

### *Gastrointestinal*

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

### *Pancreas*

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Some minor parenchymal remodeling, however, with mild deviation from curvilinear normalcy was observed. Pancreatic duct and capsular irregularities were present consistent with age related changes. If pain upon imaging (+ Murphy sign) was present or if the patient is focally painful in subxiphoid palpation then low-grade smoldering chronic pancreatitis should be suspected.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Stage B1 valvular disease.
- Bladder calculi.



**PATIENT**

Val Frame

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Mixed Breed

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

8 Years

**WEIGHT**

12 pounds

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jill Rumachik

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Clarity Imaging LLC

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Tanya Hoffman

**INVOICE**

14398

**DATE**

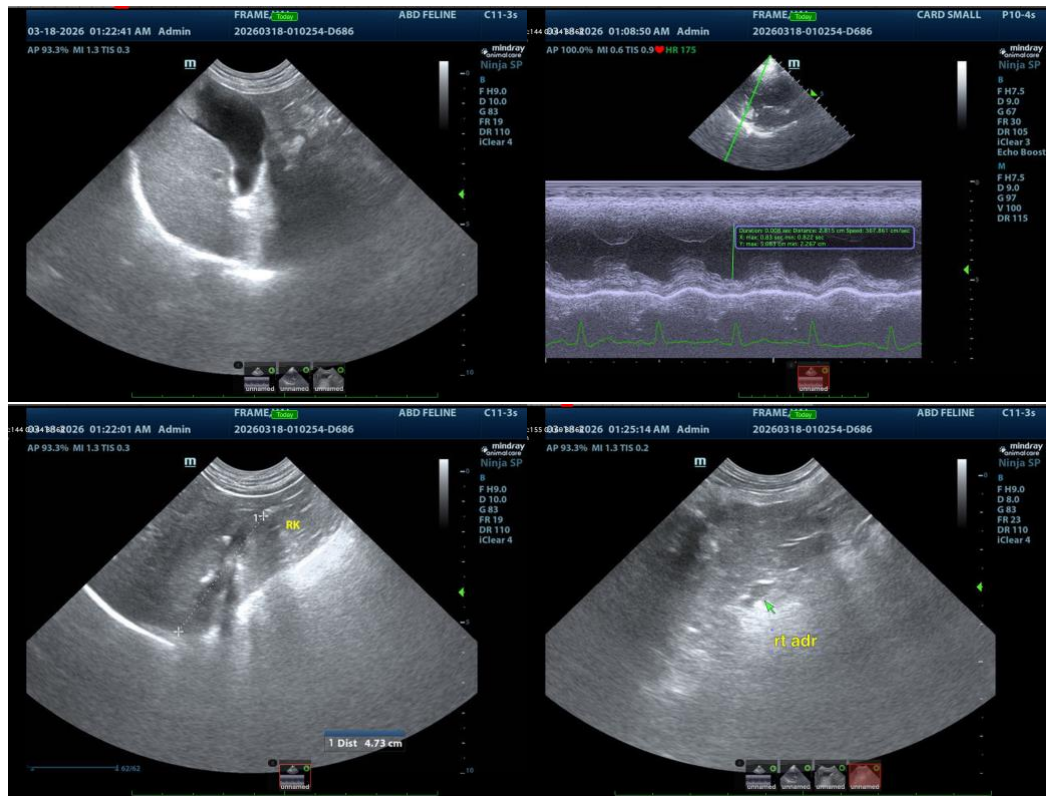
03/17/26

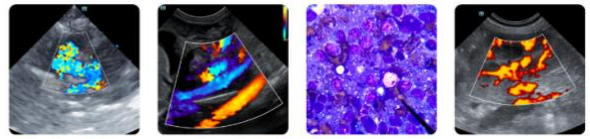
- Nonobstructive renal calculi.
- Age-related abdominal changes.

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The heart is stable without clinical disease. No overt contraindication for anesthesia of brief to moderate duration. I suggest Torbutrol premed, Propofol induction, Isoflor maintenance or similar protocol if anesthesia is desired. Blood pressure, EKG and chest radiographs are recommended if not already performed. Target white coat negative systolic pressure of < 160 mmHg. If higher than this ACE-inhibitor is suggested to reach this level. Recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 6-12 months, earlier if murmur grade increases or clinical signs initiate.

Cystotomy, stone analysis and culture are all indicated.





## PATIENT

Val Frame

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Mixed Breed

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

8 Years

## WEIGHT

12 pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jill Rumachik

## HOSPITAL NAME

Clarity Imaging LLC

## REFERRING VET

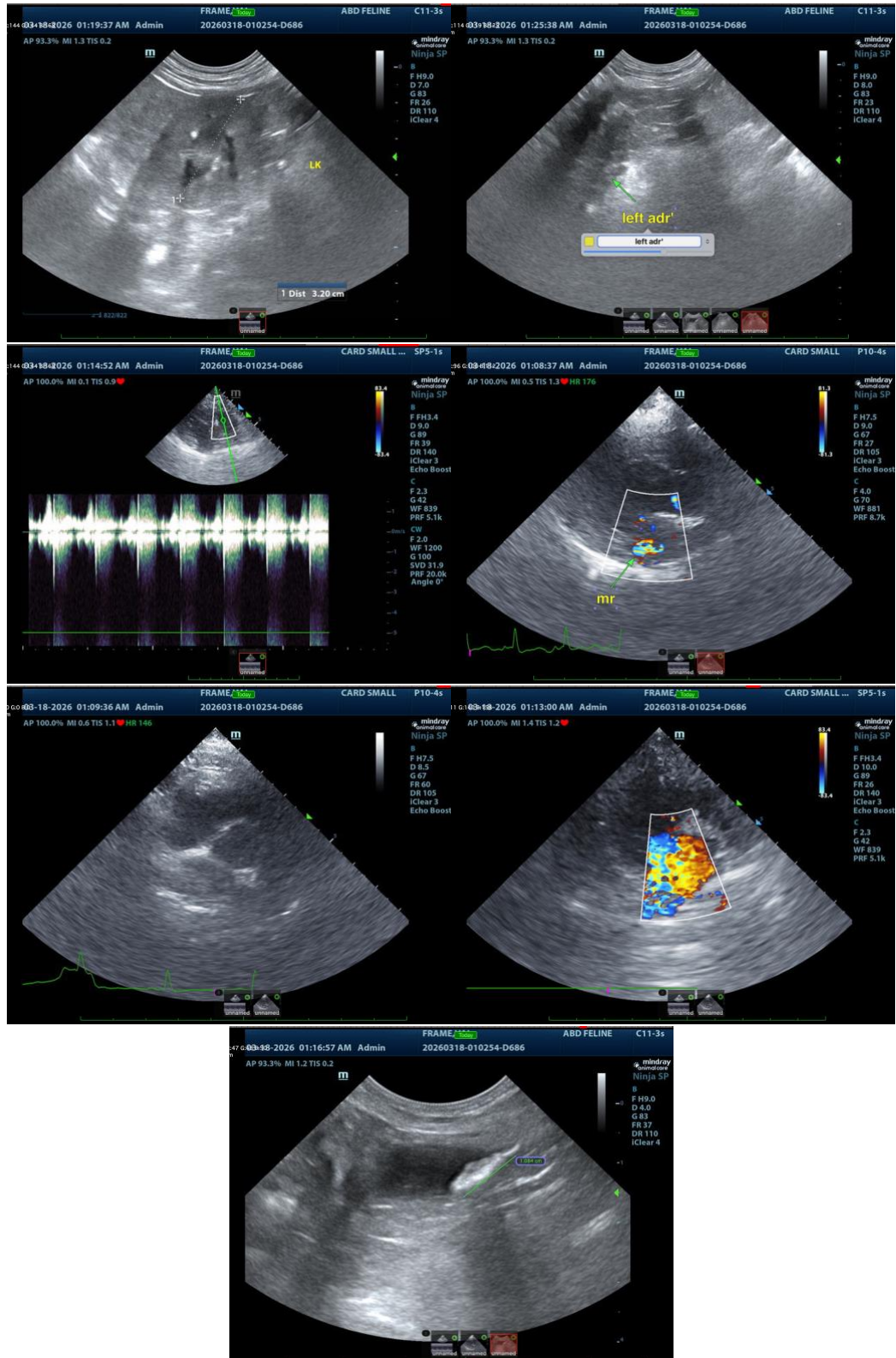
Dr. Tanya Hoffman

## INVOICE

14398

## DATE

03/17/26





## PATIENT

Val Frame

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Mixed Breed

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

8 Years

## WEIGHT

12 pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP(CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jill Rumachik

## HOSPITAL NAME

Clarity Imaging LLC

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Tanya Hoffman

## INVOICE

14398

## DATE

03/17/26

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP(CFM), Cert. IVUSS,**

CEO, Owner, Founder -- SonoPath.com

[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)