



PATIENT

Olive Acosta

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

French Bulldog

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

23.4 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal General on the Hudson

REFERRING VET

Dr. Vivian Ng

INVOICE

36242

DATE

3/17/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Patient presents for hematuria, vomiting (resolved with Cerenia), suspect abdominal mass. Current meds: Clavamox.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Globulin 4.3, ALT 327, ALP 438, GGT 24, Cl. 97. U/A: 8.5 pH, WBC/RBC, rods, USG 1.020.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **bladder** in this patient was mildly thickened with slight echogenic mural changes. No calculi or masses were noted. Slight micropolypoid changes were noted. This is a frequent finding in older animals and may be linked to a history of chronic urinary tract infection or active urinary tract infection.

Urinalysis would be recommended with culture if any evidence of inflammatory sediment is present.

The region of the trigone and visible pelvic urethra were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The right kidney measured 4.64 cm. The left kidney measured 4.42 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 1.94 cm x 0.60 cm at the caudal pole and 0.76 cm at the cranial pole. The left adrenal gland measured 1.78 cm x 0.53 cm at the caudal pole and 0.40 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

Liver

The **liver** presented coarse architecture. Occasional hyperechoic left-sided nodule noted measuring 2.77 cm x 1.18 cm, not overtly pathological. An isoechoic nodule noted in the left cranial liver measured 2.11 cm. Increased portal markings noted. The nodular changes were non-disruptive. The gallbladder was unremarkable. Minor dependent debris noted.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.



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Pancreas

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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

BREED

French Bulldog

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Geriatric abdomen with non-specific nodular hepatic changes and remodeling – inflammatory hepatopathy/vacuolar hepatopathy pattern.
- Minor bladder thickening

SEX

Spayed Female

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

FNA of the liver could be considered for further definition. However, subjectively appears benign.

AGE

10 Years

Chronic UTI Protocol

I recommend **Enrofloxacin** (5-10 mg/kg SID PO) (In patients > 1 year of age) in late pm after urination to maximize urinary concentrations overnight. This assumes that culture supports this use. Repeat **culture** at 3-4 weeks and continue treatment at least 7-10 days post negative urinary sediment and negative culture. *Note: Negative culture does not necessarily mean lack of UTI.* Other favorite antibiotics for chronic UTI include third generation Cefa (Ceftiafur or similar s.i.d. injectable) or Clavamox. If suspicion of occult urinary incontinence is present then **phenylpropanolamine (PPA)** (1-2 mg/kg BID) can be employed long term to enhance urethral tone.

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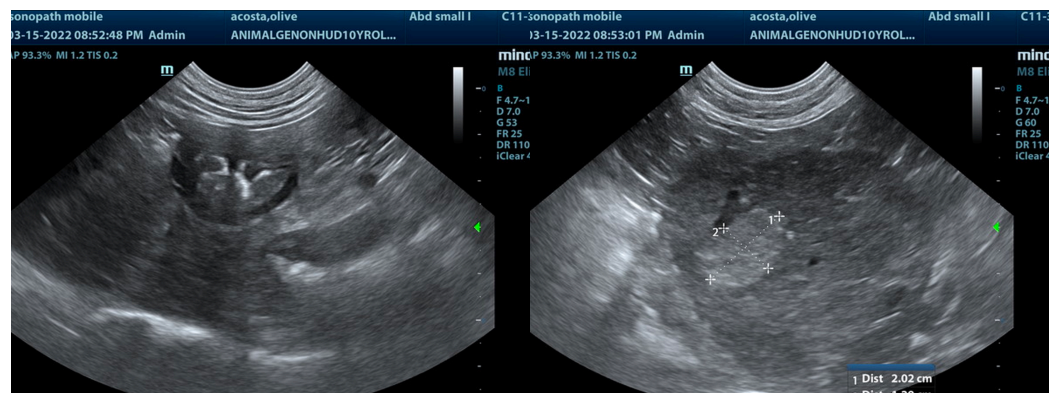
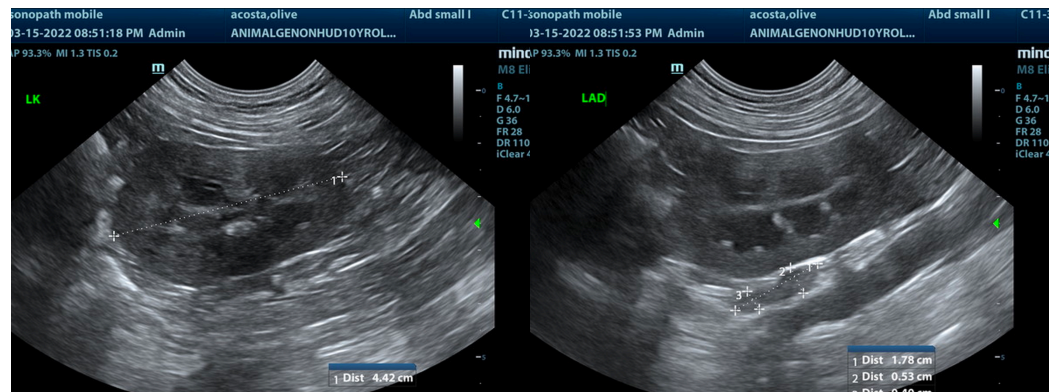
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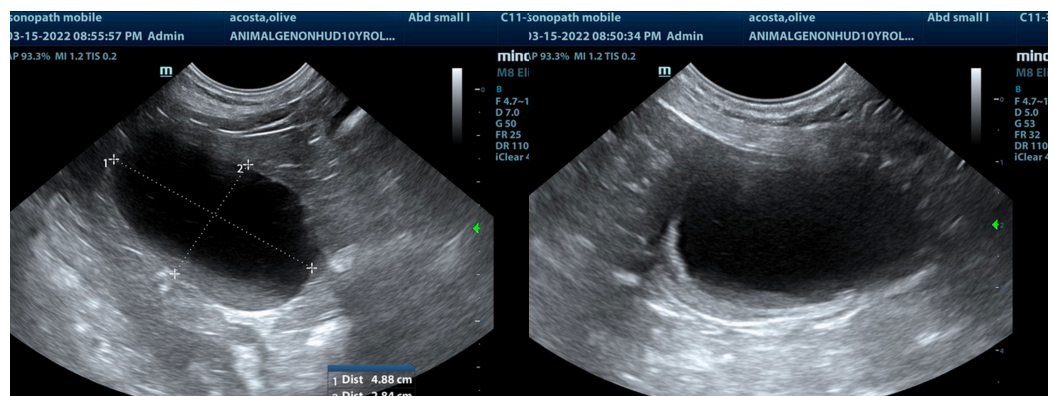
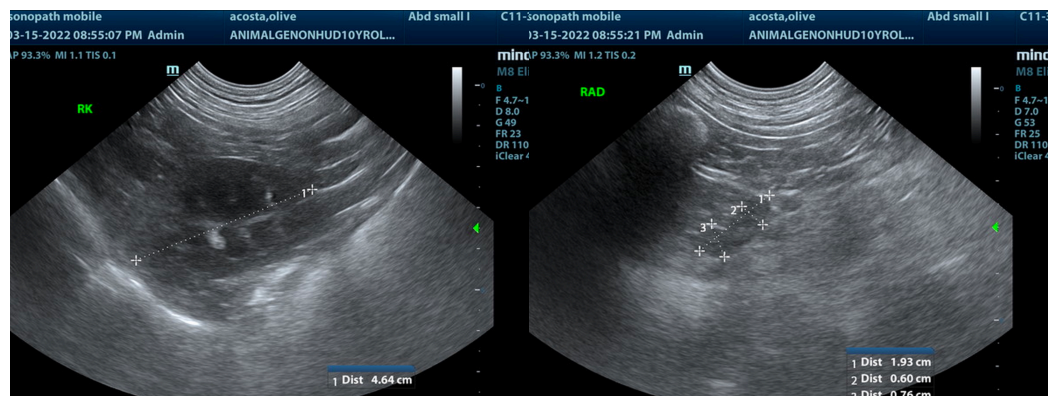
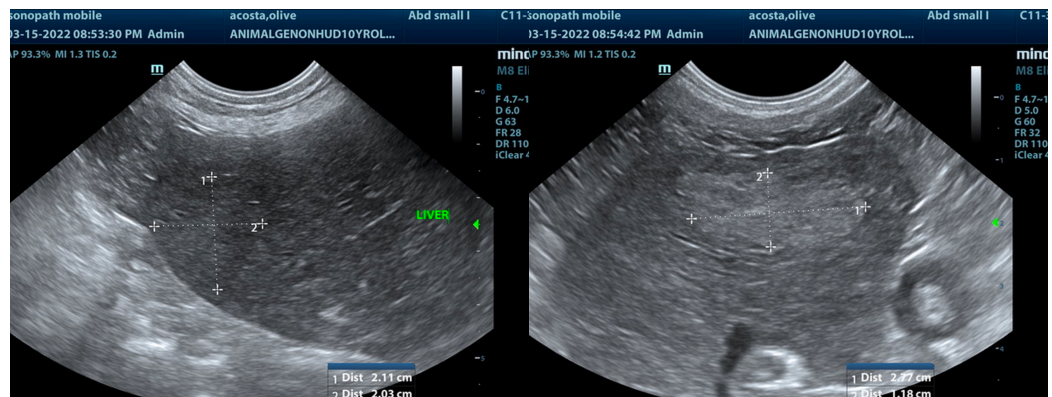
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

info@SonoPath.com