



PATIENT

Lola Izquierdo

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pit Bull Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

49.2 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS,
CEO of SonoPath.com

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Vazquez, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Ramapo Valley AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Katara

INVOICE

96897

DATE

3/15/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Nausea/licking jowels/hacking noises - can last for 1-2 hrs. Current meds: Famotadine, Maropitant (as needed for both).
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC/Chem: WNL as of 10/21.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 6.17 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.64 x 0.5 cm at the caudal pole and 0.48 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.56 x 0.53 cm at the caudal pole and 0.8 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.



PATIENT

Gastrointestinal

Lola Izquierdo

The **stomach** was mildly thickened in this patient with no loss of mural detail. The gastric lumen was empty. The small intestine and colon were unremarkable.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

BREED

Pit Bull Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Likely low-grade gastritis.

AGE

10 years

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given the patient's history and minor thickening a clinical trial of the following may prove effective.

WEIGHT

49.2 lbs

Helicobacter/Gastritis protocol

A clinical trial of **Zithromax** (*Dogs:* 5-10 mg/kg p.o. q24h. May increase dosing interval to q48h after 3-5 days of treatment), **Metronidazole** (10-20 mg/kg p.o. b.i.d.), **Sucralfate** (0.5-2 g/dog PO) and **Omeprazole** (1 mg/kg p.o. s.i.d.) over the next 3 weeks along with a **novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet** with slurry feeding b.i.d./t.i.d. over the next 2-4 days and then increase to canned diet bid. Dry food should be avoided over the next 4 weeks. A recheck sonogram to assess GI improvement or progression would be ideal in 4 weeks.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS,
CEO of SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Ramapo Valley AH

REFERRING VET

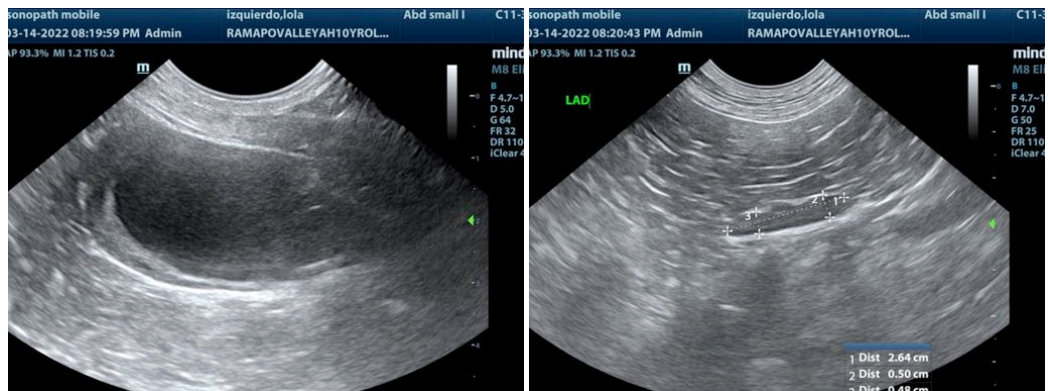
Dr. Katara

INVOICE

96897

DATE

3/15/22





PATIENT

Lola Izquierdo

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pit Bull Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

49.2 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Ramapo Valley AH

REFERRING VET

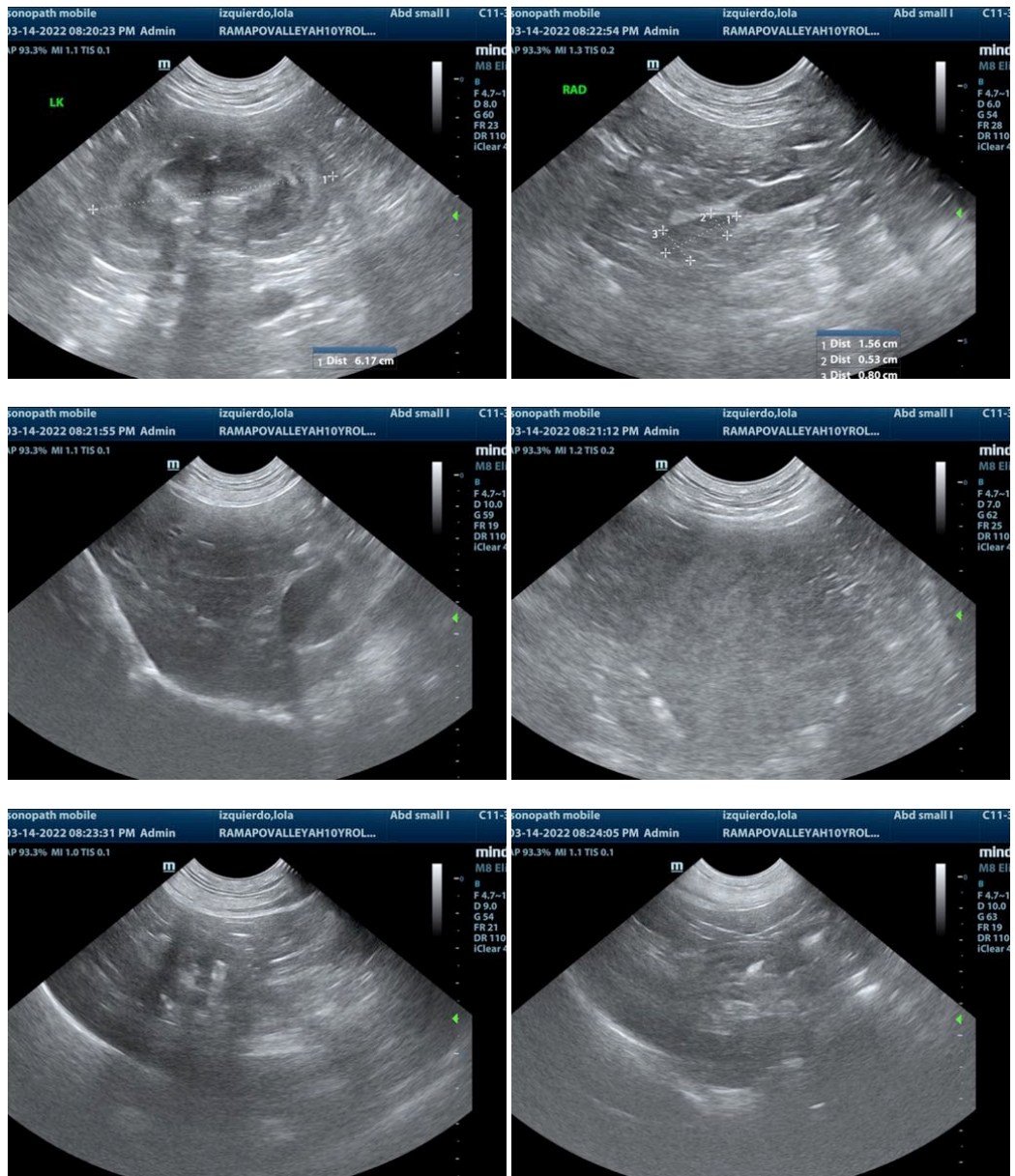
Dr. Katara

INVOICE

96897

DATE

3/15/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

Info@SonoPath.com



PATIENT

Lola Izquierdo

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pit Bull Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

49.2 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS,
CEO of SonoPath.com

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Vazquez, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Ramapo Valley AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Katara

INVOICE

96897

DATE

3/15/22