



## PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Charlie Heaston

PE unremarkable, hx of seasonal atopic dermatitis and elevated liver enzymes on routine bloodwork checks - presented for routine dental cleaning, procedure postponed until further workup

## SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: - p pre-operative in-house lab work prior to Stage 1/4 dental showed significant abnormalities 3/3/22 (no t.bili on in-house) Hyperproteinemia 8.8

(hyperalbuminemia 5.6, n:2-3.9), elv ALT 187 and ALP 1251 (previously elv 9/2021, 57 and 766) - p has been off of Apoquel rx and resumed CADI inj. for itch with hopes of improved liver enz. but values have worsened and the level of hyperalbuminemia is a concern going forward

## BREED

Poodle X

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

## SEX

### Urinary System

Neutered Male

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.

## AGE

9 Years

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen.

Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 4.13 cm. The right kidney measured 4.13 cm.

## WEIGHT

20.8 Pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

### Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 1.61 cm x 1.08 cm at the cranial pole and 0.63 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 1.81 cm x 0.65 cm at the caudal pole and 0.67 cm at the cranial pole.

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sara Hansen

### Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

## HOSPITAL NAME

Reid Vet Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Jaclyn Reid

### Liver

The **liver** presented slight increased portal markings. Uniform, minor swelling. The gallbladder and common bile duct were unremarkable. No evidence of significant disease.

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### Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

## DATE

3/10/22



## PATIENT *Pancreas*

Charlie Heaston

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Poodle X

## SEX

Neutered Male

## AGE

9 Years

## WEIGHT

20.8 Pounds

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Some parenchymal remodeling, however, with mild deviation from curvilinear normalcy was observed. Pancreatic duct and capsular irregularities were present consistent with age related changes. If pain upon imaging (+ Murphy sign) was present or if the patient is focally painful in subxyphoid palpation then low-grade smoldering chronic pancreatitis should be suspected.

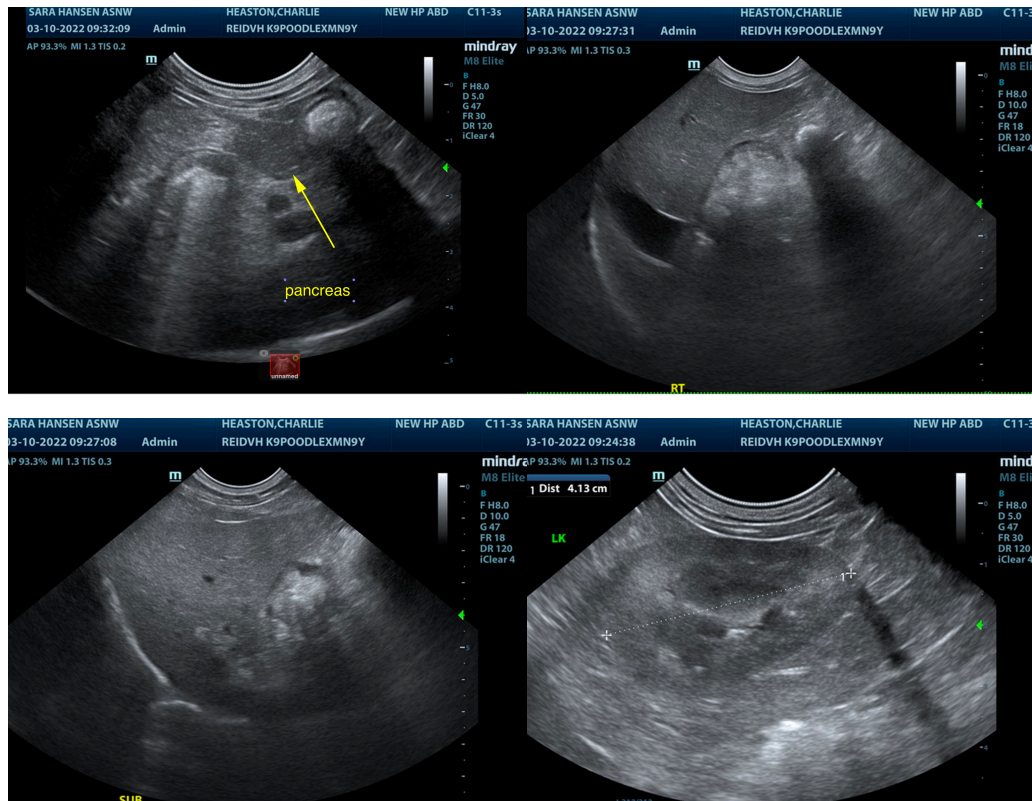
## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Non-specific inflammatory hepatopathy

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Subxyphoid palpation is recommended to assess for pain or discomfort associated with the pancreas. History of pancreatitis likely in this patient. FNA of the liver could be considered for further definition.

*\*\*Mild hepatomegaly on radiographs.*





**PATIENT**

Charlie Heaston

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Poodle X

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

9 Years

**WEIGHT**

20.8 Pounds

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**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

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Reid Vet Hospital

**REFERRING VET**

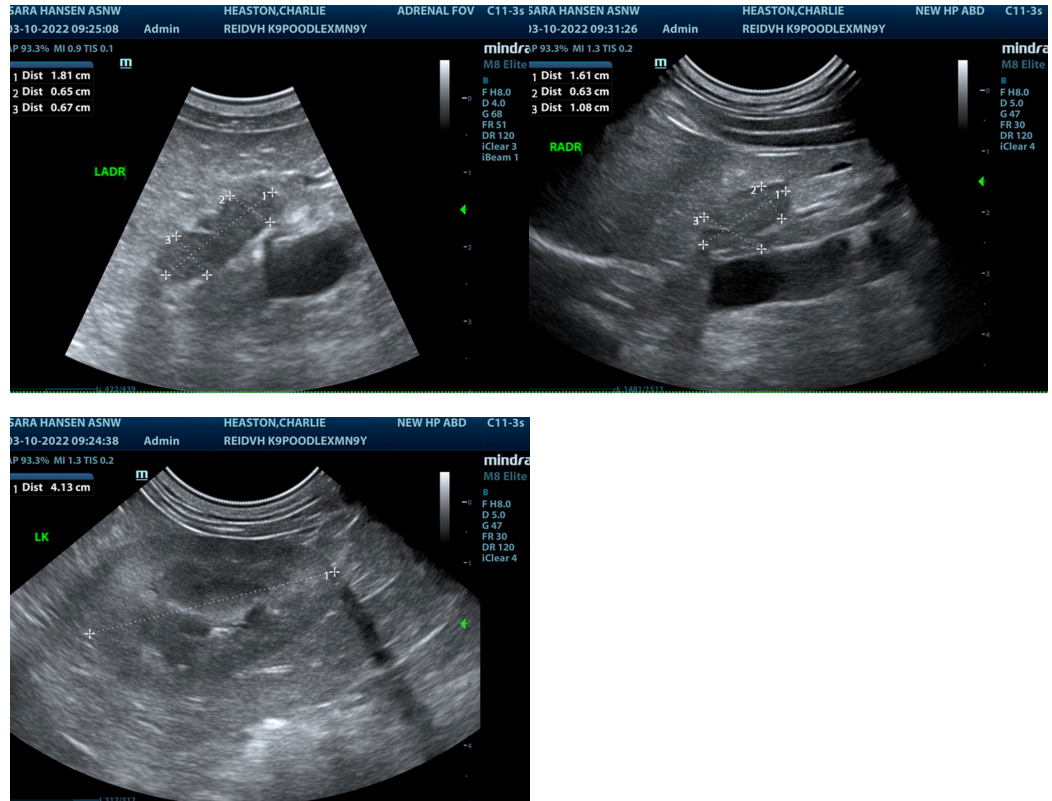
Dr. Jaclyn Reid

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**DATE**

3/10/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

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