



**PATIENT**

Mittens Hallmark

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

Domestic Medium Hair

**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

9 years

**WEIGHT**

12 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Griffin

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Northside VC

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Griffin

**INVOICE**

96489

**DATE**

3/1/22

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Patient is vomiting right after eating undigested food and foam. We have tried diet trial with science diet biome. Patient is not known to have hairballs and not on any hairball prevention or treatment. Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC: WNL CHEM: Glucose 170, BUN 14, PHOS 2.7, ALT 143, ALKP 11, Lipase 1601 Rads: No evidence of thoracic or abdominal mass

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** presented a relatively uniform cortical hyperechogenicity when compared to the renal medulla, spleen and liver. No overt masses were noted. Corticomedullary definition was nebulous and the ratio favored the cortex slightly. The ureters were not visible and assumed to be normal. These changes are most consistent with chronic interstitial nephritis yet infiltrative disease could not be entirely ruled out without biopsy though neoplasia is not suspected. A 1.0 cm anechoic cyst was noted in the cranial pole of the left kidney. A cortical infarct was noted at the cranial pole of the left kidney.

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted. The spleen measured 0.68 cm.

**Liver**

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.



**PATIENT**

**Gastrointestinal**

Mittens Hallmark

The **stomach** revealed a hairball type density that occupied the majority of the gastric lumen. The majority of the hairball density occupied the fundus and measured approximately 3.0 cm. Transit of chyme into the small intestine was normal.

**SPECIES**

Feline

**Pancreas**

**BREED**

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

Domestic Medium Hair

**SEX**

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Neutered male

Mild to moderate degenerative renal changes, interstitial nephrosis pattern with left renal cyst and infarct.

**AGE**

Hairball density in the stomach.

9 years

Otherwise, unremarkable abdomen.

**WEIGHT**

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

12 lbs

Medical management for hairballs is warranted. Diet change may be warranted with reassessment of the clinical status. Recheck sonogram is recommended in 3-4 weeks to ensure adequate emptying.

**INTERPRETED BY**

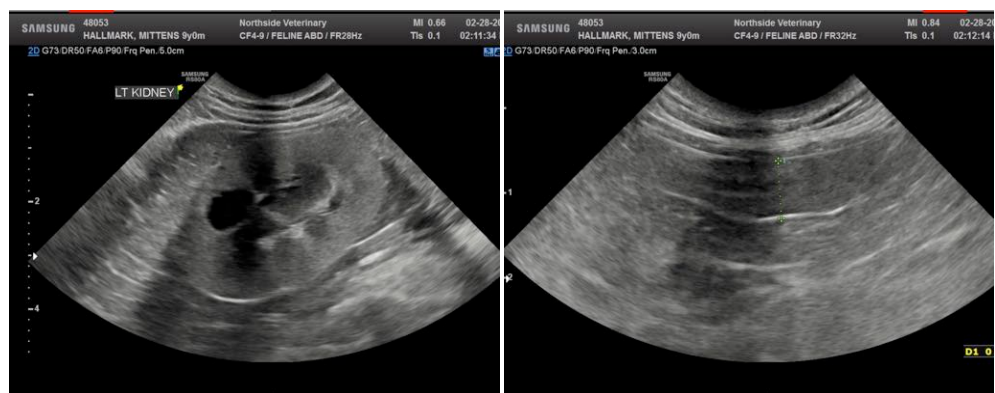
Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Griffin

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Northside VC



**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Griffin

**INVOICE**

96489

**DATE**

3/1/22



**PATIENT**

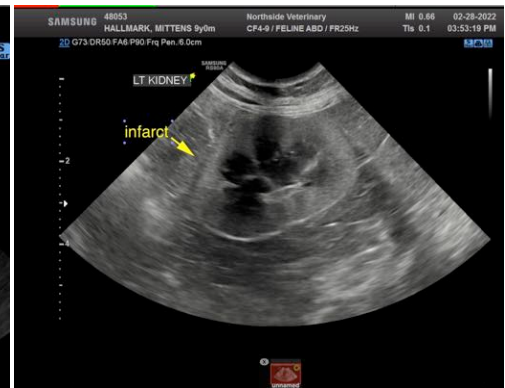
Mittens Hallmark

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

Domestic Medium Hair



**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

9 years

**WEIGHT**

12 lbs



**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Griffin

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Northside VC

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
info@SonoPath.com

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Griffin

**INVOICE**

96489

**DATE**

3/1/22