



DATE

02/10/26

PATIENT

Beast Ochymowicz

SPECIES

Ferret

BREED

Ferret

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

11/01/2020

WEIGHT

1264 grams

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Patient History: P presented on 2/4/26 for wellness exam. On examination, p was febrile, mild splenomegaly and moderate dental calculi. Bloodwork revealed Hct 26.8%, WBC 11.03 K/uL, platelet 111, alb 2.1 and globulin

3.8. P was started on Clavamox, Baytril, omeprazole, proviable and sucralfate. P was seen on 2/6 for recheck examination. Hct went up from 26.8% to 29.3%, WBC ct decreased from 11.03 K/uL to 10.59 K/uL.

P was continued on current medications.

Current Medications: Medications started on 2/4/26: - Clavamox (15mg/kg) - 0.28ml (62.5mg/kg) PO q12h x 14 days #1 box - Baytril (5mg/kg) - 0.6ml (10mg/ml) PO q12h x 14 days#20ml - omeprazole - one 0.7mg cap dissolved in 1 ml of furotone or water PO q24h x 14 days #14 - proviable - 1 cap PO q24h x 15 days #1 packet

- sucralfate (50mg/kg) -1 tab dissolved in 10ml of water. Give 0.6ml of mixture PO q12h x 7 days. Make fresh w/ each use. #14

Labwork Results: Labwork attached, reported as: 2/4/26- Hct 26.8%, RBC 6.21, WBC 11.03 K/uL (neutrophils 7.46, monocytes 1.18), Platelets 111, Albumin 2.1; globulin 3.8. 2/6/26 -Hct 29.3% -RBC 6.79 -WBC 10.59 K/uL (neutrophils 6.85 K/uL, monocytes 0.92 K/uL) -platelet 161 -albumin 2.3 g/dL; globulin 4.4 g/dL

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous.

Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.

Stat Report: Not requested.

Imaging Performed by: Stephanie Warga RDCS, RVT.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder** was small and empty with no evidence of structural disease.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 3.62 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.24 cm in length. A 1.0 cm anechoic cyst was present at the cranial pole of the left kidney.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.34 cm width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.37 cm width.

Spleen

The **spleen** in this patient revealed a hypoechoic 1.8 cm parenchymal mass. The spleen was folded upon itself with scalloping contour.

Liver

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP(CFM), Cert.
IVUSS

HOSPITAL NAME

Chadwell Animal
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mengers

INVOICE

13694

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

Gastrointestinal

There was some residual chyme and gas noted in the **stomach**, yet not pathological. This is consistent with end post prandial presentation. Transit of chyme into the small intestine was normal. Curvilinear patterns were maintained throughout the GI tract. No evidence of pathology. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

Free Abdomen

Enlarged cranial abdominal lymph nodes were present measuring up to 0.80 cm. Rounded enlarged mesenteric lymph nodes were also present measuring up to 1.2 cm.

Some enhanced mesentery was noted in the mid abdomen associated with the lymphadenopathy.

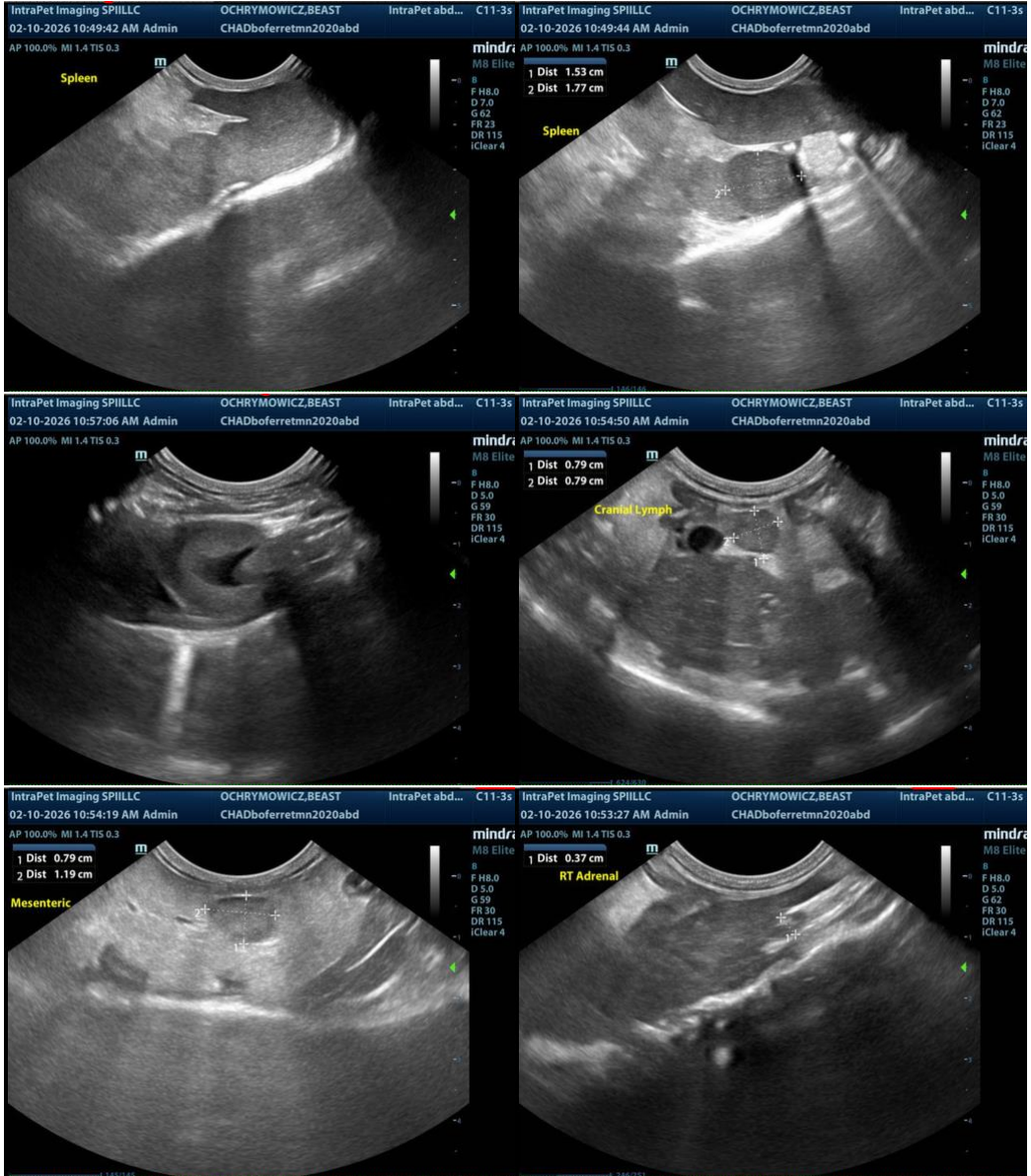
Rapid view of the heart revealed no evident pathology other than tachycardia. No evidence of volume overload, pressure overload or neoplastic events.

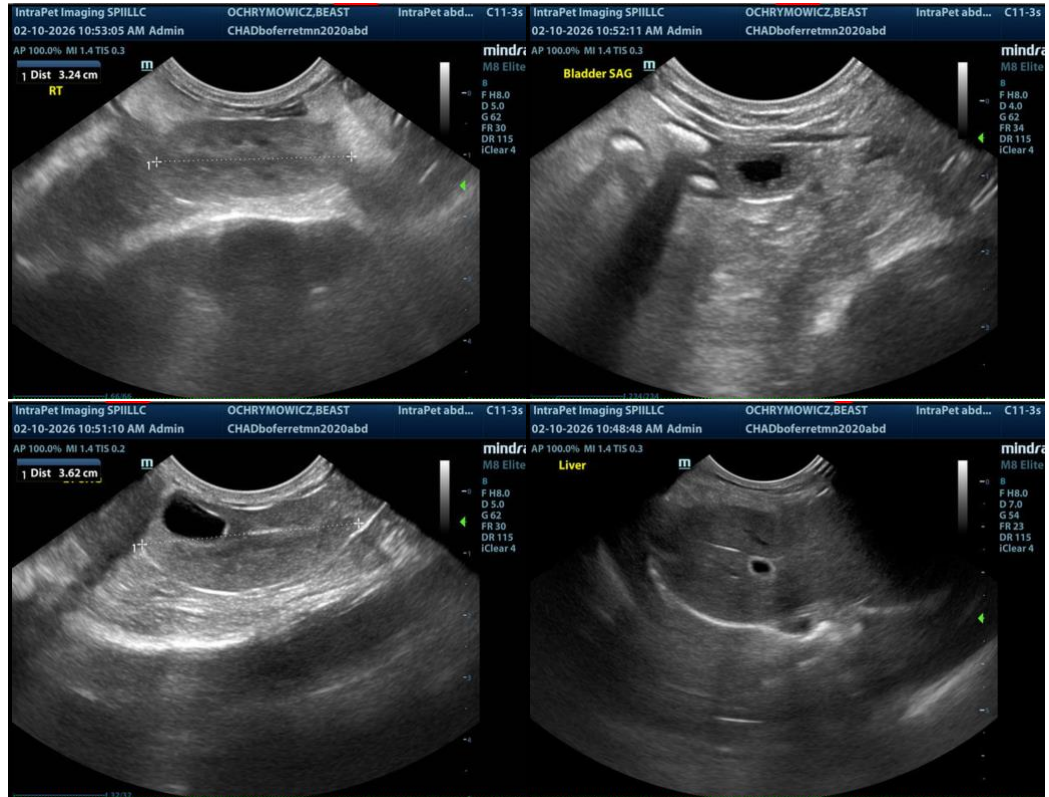
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Multifocal abdominal lymphadenopathy- reactive lymphadenitis and round cell neoplasia are primary differentials.
- Folded spleen with splenic mass.
- Benign abdomen otherwise with left renal cyst.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Strong concern for lymphoproliferative disease such as lymphoma. 25-gauge FNA of the spleen and accessible lymph nodes is recommended.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP(CFM), Cert. IVUSS,

CEO, Owner, Founder -- SonoPath.com

info@SonoPath.com