



PATIENT

Viktoria Louise
Winfield

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic Shorthair

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

4 years

WEIGHT

7.12 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Dyer

HOSPITAL NAME

Countryside VC of
Richmond

REFERRING VET

Dr. Dyer

INVOICE

69597

DATE

12/24/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Patient has history of recurrent constipation, and intermittent inappetence of 6 month duration. Recently presented for poor appetite and weight loss Exam demonstrated 1.5# weight loss over 2 months, otherwise unremarkable. Labs showed azotemia.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Azotemia: BUN 60, crtn 4.8, sdma 19; Ca wnl =9.2 Urine Culture negative T4 1.0 UA unremarkable except trace hematuria, and USG 1.026

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** in this patient presented thickened, irregular cortices with moderate cortical remodeling, and irregular contour. Pelvic mineralization was noted and non-obstructive. Renal infarcts were noted. The left kidney measured 3.2 cm. The right kidney measured 2.9 cm with cortical infarcts and cortical collapse at the dorsal cortex.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.3 cm.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory,



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infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach in this patient revealed pyloric thickening and minor pyloric remodeling. There is a possibility for microulcerative disease.

Pancreas

The **pancreas** revealed slight heterogenous pancreatic changes.

Free Abdomen

The pancreatic lymph nodes were slightly enlarged and measured 0.5 cm.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Chronic renal dystrophy, infarcts and remodeling.

Gastritis pattern.

Otherwise, unremarkable abdomen.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Supportive care for renal disease is indicated in this patient. GI protectant protocol and IV fluid support is indicated. The cause of weight loss is unclear.

Part or all of this protocol may be considered based on your clinical impression of the patient:

Recommend pain management when anorexic with **Buprenorphine** (0.01-0.02 mg/kg IM or SC), clinical trial of **Zithromax** (50 mg sid/cat x 10 days, 3 weeks if bartonella +), **Prednisolone** (0.5-2 mg/kg tapering over 1 week to minimal effective dose), and **B12 injections** if weight loss (Cyanobalamine 250 mcg sub-q once-weekly x six weeks, then every other week for six weeks and then once-monthly, long-term if necessary), **novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet** (*Hydrolyzed diets have been shown to be more effective in dietary intolerance case management compared to hypoallergenic diets*) or the **magical Purina DM** (changing protein source is crucial and may need rotation every 6 months if clinical signs recur) Diet trials is a whatever works phenomenon. If vomiting becomes a persistent issue then endoscopy would be warranted and/or recheck sonogram to assess more emerging disease. One diet does not work for all patients so different trials may be necessary or protein source rotation every 6 months as new sensitivities develop.



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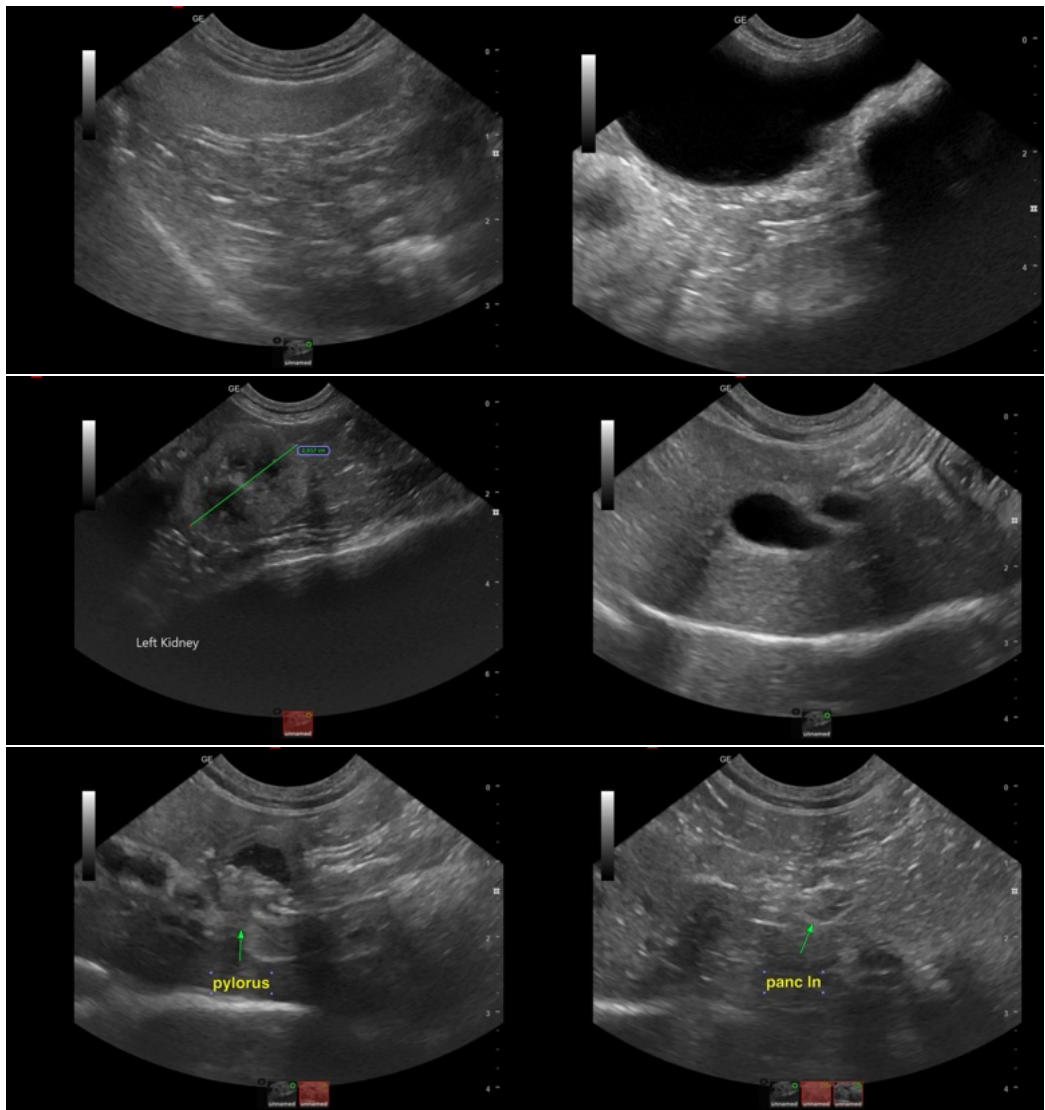
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

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