



## PATIENT

Ruger Thomas

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Pit Mix

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

7 years

## WEIGHT

42.8 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,  
DABVP (CFM), Cert.  
IVUSS, CEO of  
SonoPath.com

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

James Hornbuckle,  
DVM

## HOSPITAL NAME

Golden Isles AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Hornbuckle

## INVOICE

69303

## DATE

12/15/25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Px has been on Salix 12.5mg 1/2 tab BID since last ultrasound. O brought him in today because his abdomen was filling with fluid again.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: EOS 0.05 0.06 - 1.23 K/ $\mu$ L LOW SDMA 15.0 - 14  $\mu$ g/dL HIGH PHOS 2.4 2.5 - 6.8 mg/dL LOW ALT 177 10 - 125 U/L HIGH

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### *Urinary System*

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 5.3 cm.

### *Adrenal Glands*

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.6 cm. The right adrenal gland measured 0.8 cm at the cranial pole and 0.5 cm at the caudal pole.

### *Spleen*

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

### *Liver*

The **liver** in this patient presented multiple, macronodular masses with areas of capsular retraction and expansion. This is consistent with hepatic neoplasia or cirrhosis. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident.



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## Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

## Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## Free Abdomen

A large amount of echogenic ascites was noted. This is likely owing to portal hypertension or paraneoplastic effusion.

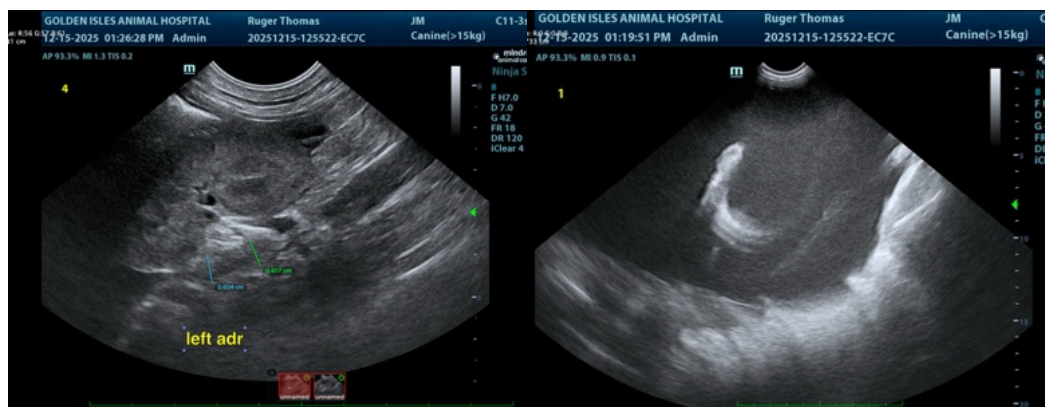
## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Hepatic masses. Cirrhosis pattern.

Secondary ascites owing to portal hypertension or paraneoplastic effusion.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

FNA of the masses can be considered for further definition, yet the prognosis is poor.





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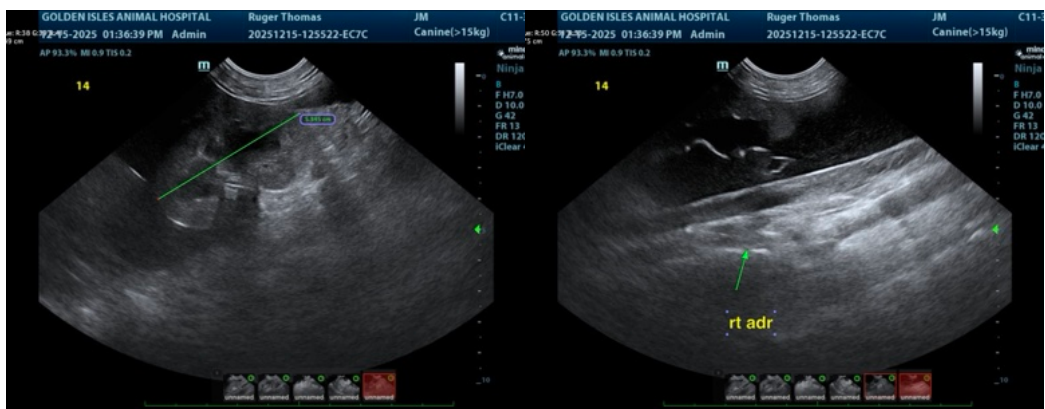
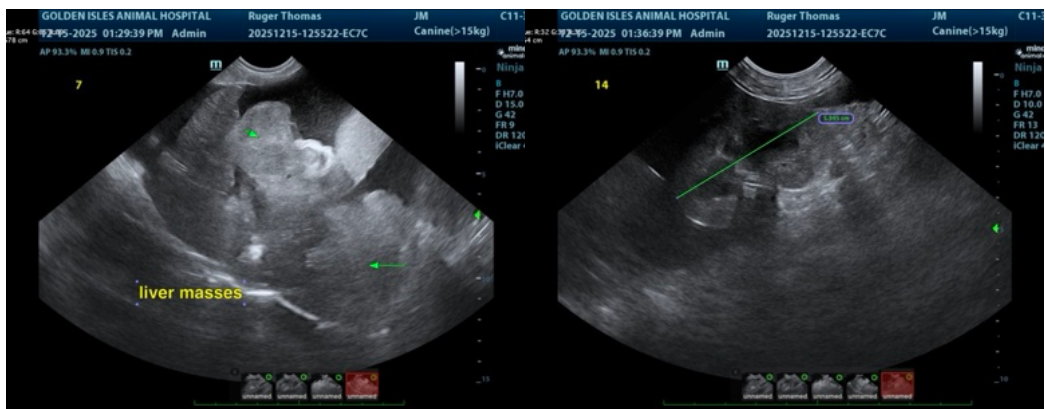
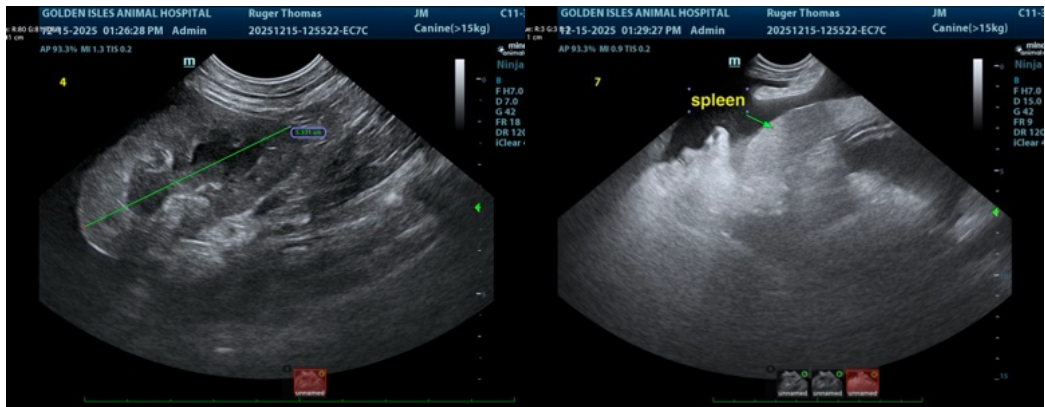
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com



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[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)

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