



PATIENT

Mia Verdonck

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

9 Years 3 Months

WEIGHT

44 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP (Canine &
Feline), Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great &
Small, Denville

REFERRING VET

Dr. Ashmore

INVOICE

35909

DATE

12/15/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Body scan before sx removal of anal gland adenocarcinoma
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Increased Ca (15.9)

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	--	1.25	1.4	23	47	0.1
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (lbs)	LAD LA MAX 4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	138	1.45	.90	44 lbs	--	2.68	--

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 separate methods of LA evaluation. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented normal linear structure, extension in systole, and union in diastole with normal kinesis. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinesis. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonary outflow** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx.1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. The cranial **mediastinum and pericardial and extra-cardiac regions** were free of masses in the visible window. No evidence of cranial mediastinal disease.

Urinary System



PATIENT

Mia Verdonck

The **urinary bladder** presented a minor amount of sand and minor bladder hypertrophy; however, a minimal amount of urine was present at the time of the sonogram. The pelvic urethra was imaged 3.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction.

SPECIES

Canine

The **left iliac lymph node** was enlarged, creating a mass effect with areas of cavitation, measuring 4.6 cm x 3.0 cm. Ultrasound guided FNA is indicated to confirm strong suspicion of metastatic disease.

BREED

Mixed

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex, and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The right kidney measured 5.83 cm. The left kidney measured 5.26 cm.

SEX

Spayed Female

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 2.24 cm x 0.97 cm at the cranial pole and 0.32 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm x 0.4 cm at the cranial pole and 0.4 cm at the caudal pole.

AGE

9 Years 3 Months

WEIGHT

44 Pounds

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP (Canine &
Feline), Cert. IVUSS

Liver

The **liver** itself was unremarkable. The gallbladder wall was slightly echogenic, consistent with fibrosis, yet stable.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great &
Small, Denville

REFERRING VET

Dr. Ashmore

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

INVOICE

35909

DATE

12/15/25

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Normal echocardiogram



PATIENT

Mia Verdonck

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

9 Years 3 Months

WEIGHT

44 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
 DABVP (Canine &
 Feline), Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great &
 Small, Denville

REFERRING VET

Dr. Ashmore

INVOICE

35909

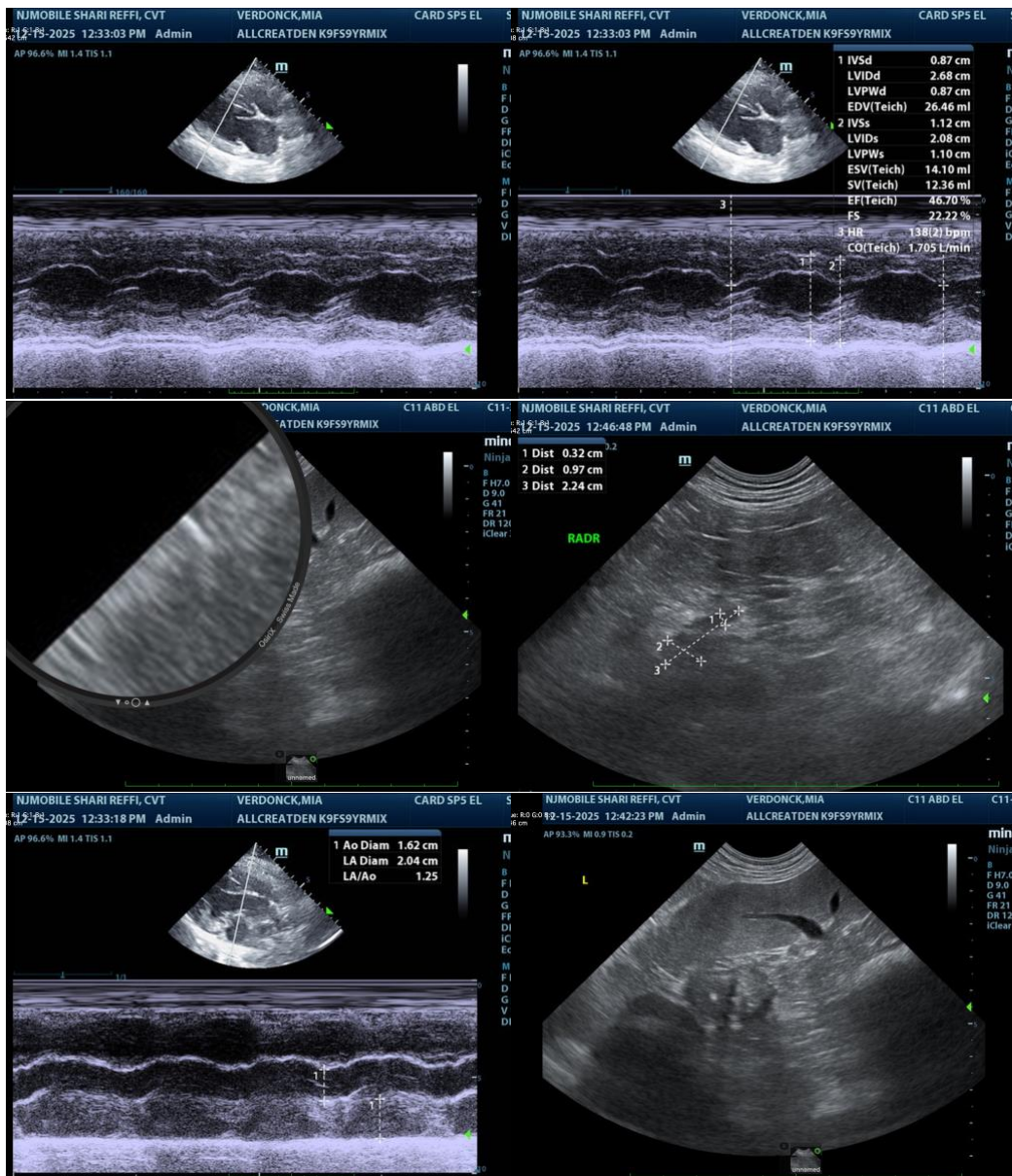
DATE

12/15/25

- Normal abdomen with the exception of the iliac lymphadenopathy, strongly concern for metastatic disease, given the patient history.
- Gallbladder fibrosis, minor
- Minor amount of urinary bladder sand and minor bladder hypertrophy

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

FNA of the iliac lymph node is warranted to confirm suspicion of metastatic disease.





PATIENT

Mia Verdonck

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

9 Years 3 Months

WEIGHT

44 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
 DABVP (Canine &
 Feline), Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great &
 Small, Denville

REFERRING VET

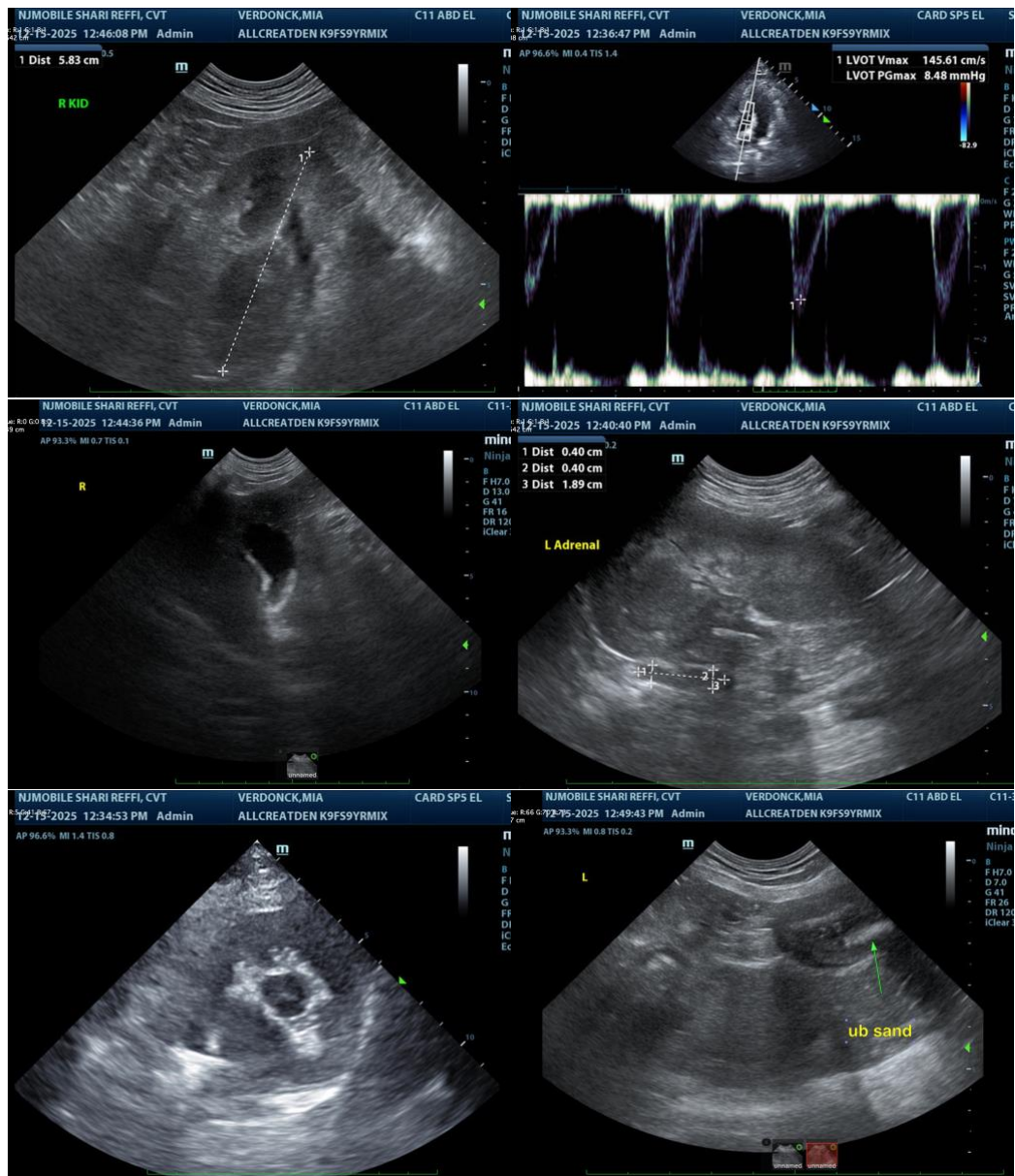
Dr. Ashmore

INVOICE

35909

DATE

12/15/25





PATIENT

Mia Verdonck

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

9 Years 3 Months

WEIGHT

44 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
 DABVP (Canine &
 Feline), Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

All Creatures Great &
 Small, Denville

REFERRING VET

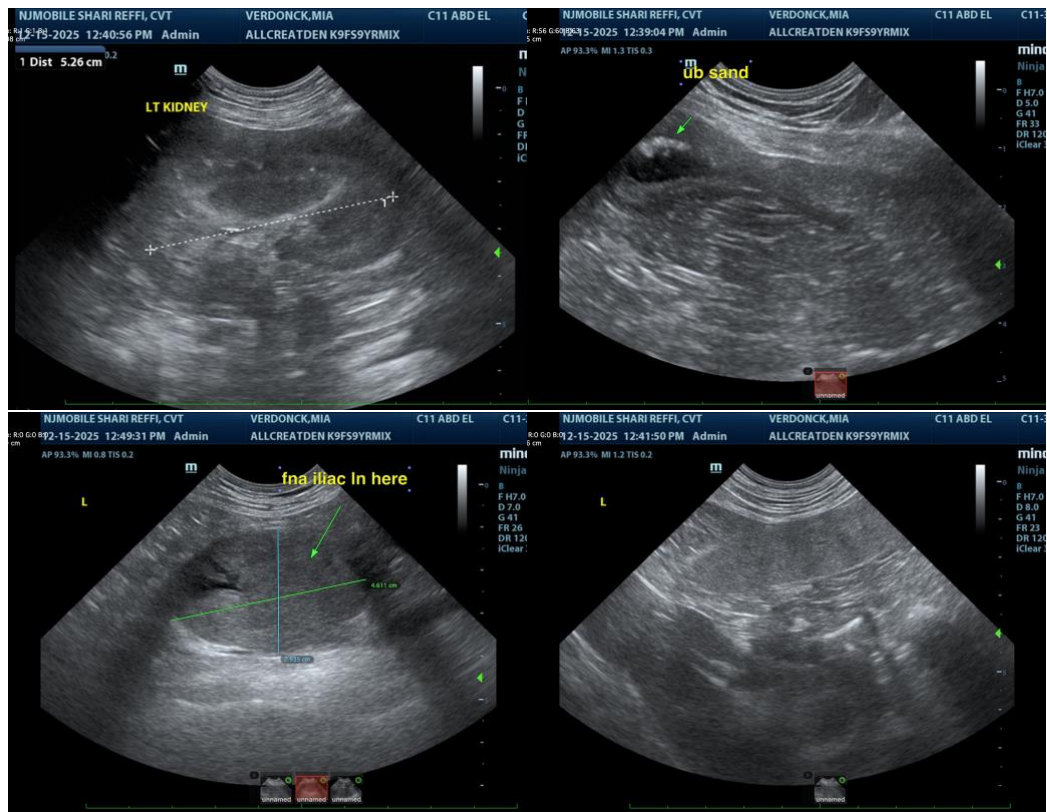
Dr. Ashmore

INVOICE

35909

DATE

12/15/25



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP(CFM), Cert. IVUSS,
 CEO, Owner, Founder -- SonoPath.com
info@SonoPath.com