



## PATIENT

Killer Vasquez

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

8 years

## WEIGHT

12.6 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Mary Pearce

## HOSPITAL NAME

Chambersburg AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Miller

## INVOICE

68930

## DATE

11/21/25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Presented for pre dental exam 7/11/25. Hx of chronic otitis externa and pruritus issues since 2023. 2022 had severe episode of HGE. short chem/cbc was done just 10 days prior to episode w/ NSF. Bw during HGE episode BUN 32mg/dL, ALKP 10 U/L, neutrophilia, TP 5.0, BG 130. Recovered from that. Dental procedure 2022, BW nsf. 7/11/25, inhouse BW Alt 501U/I, BUN 30mg/dL, 4dx-negative. On exam, DS 2, Grade i/vi heart murmur, mild inflammation AS, no other significant findings. BA pre 1.3, post 65.8umol/L (abnormal). r/o hepatopathy - infection, inflammation, cholangiohepatitis, liver shunt, neoplasia, GI disease, open

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. Occasional cortical cyst was noted on the kidneys and is not pathological. Slight mineralization was noted in the kidneys. The left kidney measured 3.9 cm. The right kidney measured 3.84 cm.

### Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.35 x 0.36 cm at the cranial pole and 0.55 cm at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.2 x 0.32 cm at the cranial pole and 0.48 cm at the caudal pole.

### Spleen

The **spleen** in this patient was mildly enlarged with uniform parenchyma and was folded upon itself caudally. This is a positional variant and is not pathological. There was no evidence of significant disease.

### Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with



## PATIENT

Killer Vasquez

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

8 years

## WEIGHT

12.6 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Mary Pearce

## HOSPITAL NAME

Chambersburg AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Miller

## INVOICE

68930

## DATE

11/21/25

primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

### ***Gastrointestinal***

There was some residual chyme and gas was noted in the **stomach**, yet not pathological. This is consistent with post prandial presentation. Transit of chyme into the small intestine was normal. Curvilinear patterns were maintained throughout the GI tract. No evidence of pathology. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

### ***Pancreas***

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Structurally normal abdomen for this age and breed.

## **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

There was no evidence of visceral pathology. Given the ALT elevations FNA is indicated for further definition. The patient likely has underlying reactive hepatopathy.

The hepatic clinical sonographic presentation is most consistent with Reactive Hepatopathy which is the most common cause of liver enzyme elevation in dogs and cats. The presumption is that gut and other organ antigen stimuli may be causing a low-grade immune response through portal system with which the liver is reacting to causing low-grade enzyme elevations. US-guided FNA could be performed to assess if low grade lymphoplasmacytic inflammation is present that would support this theory. If FNA is performed, please ask the cytologist to emphasize the primary inflammatory cell type. Empirical treatment measures to address this issue can include diet change to hydrolyzed diet, probiotics, deworming, nutraceuticals (SAME, Actigall...), dental exam and cleaning, and potentially antibiotics such as Clavamox. Metronidazole and Tylosin have traditionally been utilized for this purpose but new studies show that both these antibiotics can disrupt the normal intestinal bacterial flora (intestinal dysbiosis) for weeks and up to 4-6 months. Therefore, Metronidazole and Tylosin should be utilized as a last resort if other efforts have not been effective and sonographic organ appearance remains benign.



**PATIENT**

Killer Vasquez

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Yorkshire Terrier

**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

8 years

**WEIGHT**

12.6 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Mary Pearce

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Chambersburg AH

**REFERRING VET**

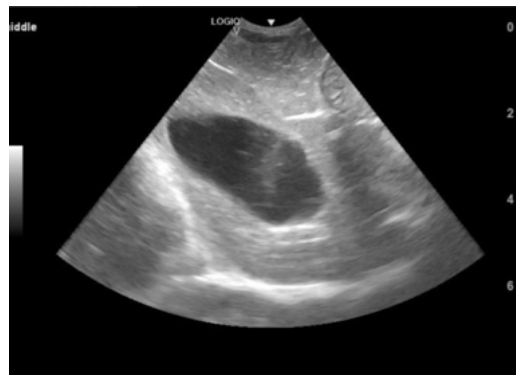
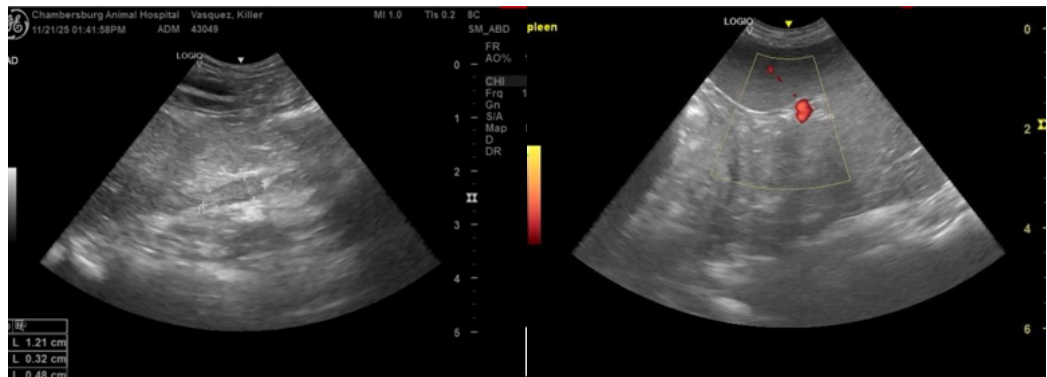
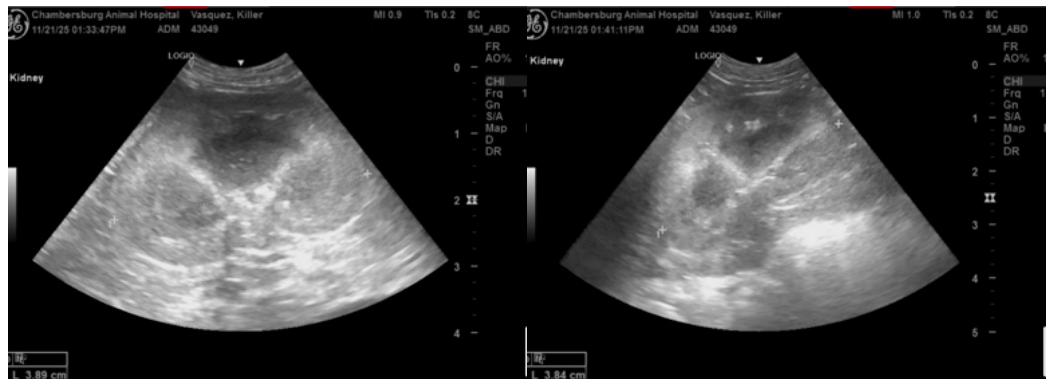
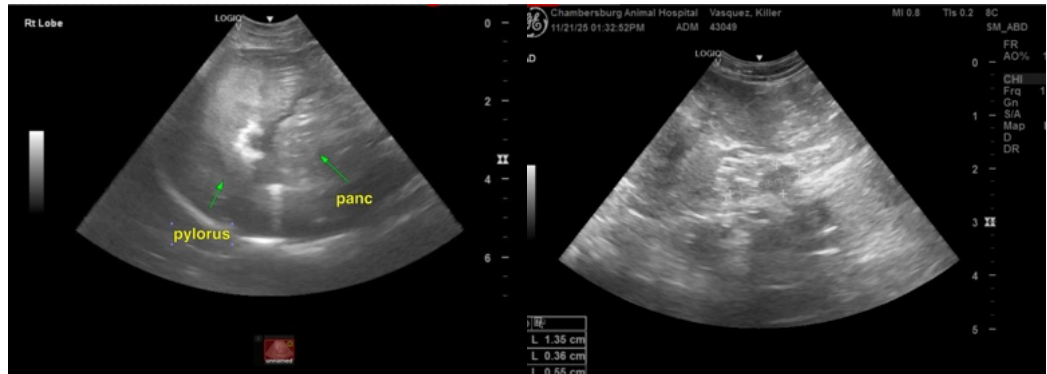
Dr. Miller

**INVOICE**

68930

**DATE**

11/21/25





## PATIENT

Killer Vasquez

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

8 years

## WEIGHT

12.6 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Mary Pearce

## HOSPITAL NAME

Chambersburg AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Miller

## INVOICE

68930

## DATE

11/21/25

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)