

**PATIENT**

Jagger Kuss

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Bernedoodle

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

3/11/2021

**WEIGHT**

17.6 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert IVUSS

**IMAGING  
PERFORMED BY**

Denise Bruno, LVT,  
RDMS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Brooklyn Heights VH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Thomson

**INVOICE**

92825

**DATE**

11/02/21

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Foreign body

Radiographs attached

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 4.6 cm.

**Adrenal Glands**

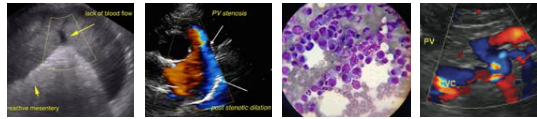
The left **adrenal gland** was visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.96 x 0.37 cm at the caudal pole and 0.28 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was not visualized owing to gastrointestinal interference.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

**Liver**

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.



## PATIENT

**Gastrointestinal**

Jagger Kuss

The **gastrointestinal tract** revealed hyper contractile and spastic bowel. The stomach revealed soft luminal material and minor, pyloric hypertrophy with mucosal remodeling and excessive gas. The pylorus revealed a 1.0 cm round structure. This is likely oral medication; however, soft foreign matter cannot be completely ruled out.

## SPECIES

Canine

## Pancreas

## BREED

Bernedoodle

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

## SEX

Neutered Male

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Spastic gastrointestinal tract with 1.0 cm isoechoic structure in the pylorus, suspected oral medication.

## AGE

3/11/2021

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

## WEIGHT

17.6 lbs

I recommend medical therapy in this patient. Endoscopy is recommended if vomiting is persistent. No accordion pleating was noted. However, spastic bowel was present. Oral medication and feeding history should be reevaluated in light of the clinical signs. If clinical signs persist then endoscopy is warranted. Another option is 24 hour n.p.o. with medical management and GI protectants followed by a recheck sonogram to assess if the gastric presentation has changed.

## INTERPRETED BY

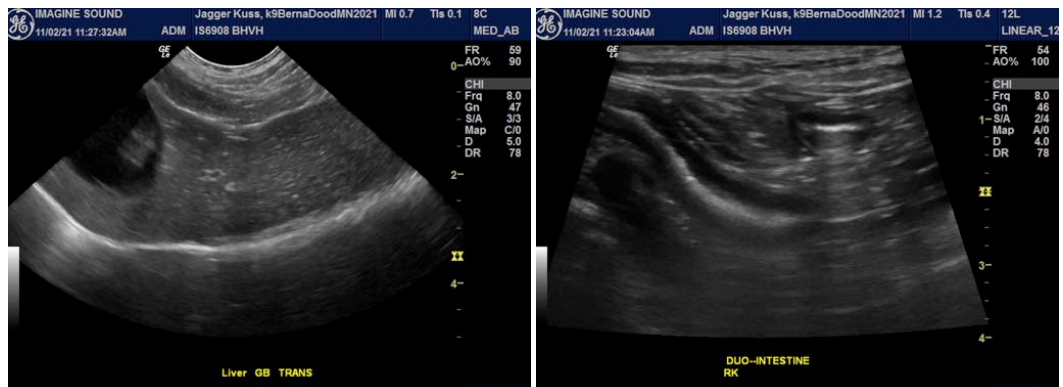
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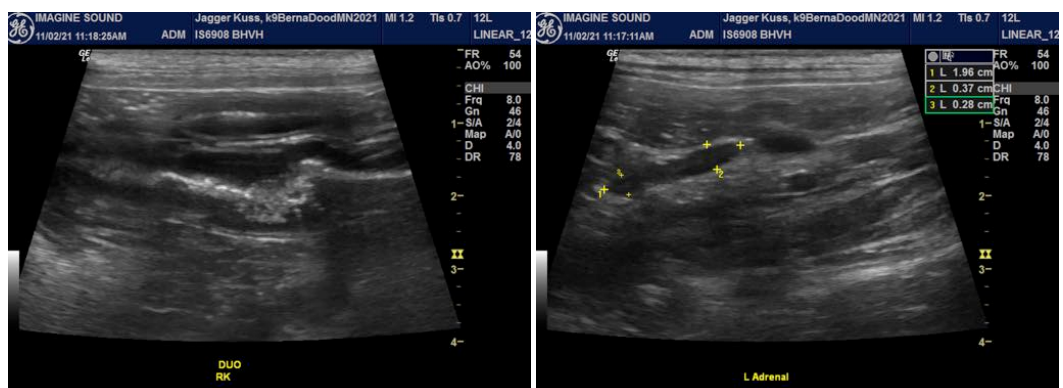
## HOSPITAL NAME

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## REFERRING VET

Dr. Thomson

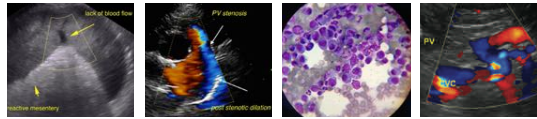


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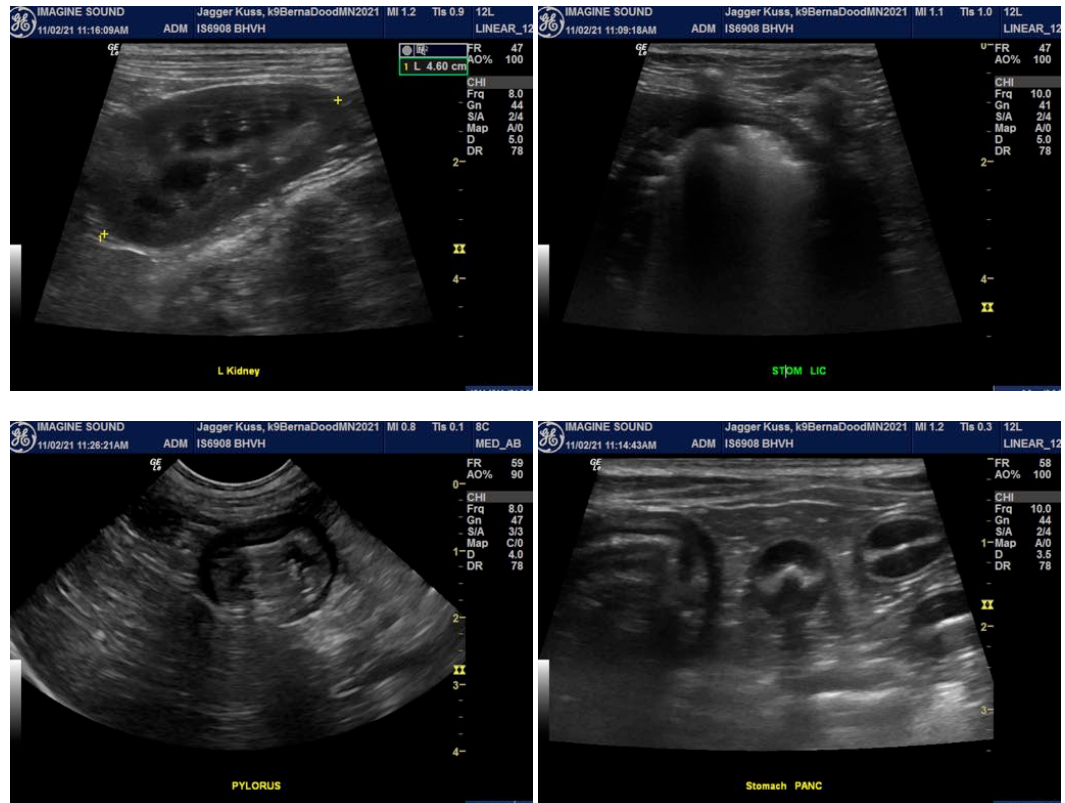
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
Eric.Lindquist@SonoPath.com