



PATIENT

Daisy Ford

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Poodle

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

12 Years 2 Months

WEIGHT

47.9 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Britt DeNuzio

HOSPITAL NAME

Kings VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Britt DeNuzio

INVOICE

20483

DATE

1/7/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: ITP diagnosed August 2022, prednisone has been gradually tapered and discontinued several weeks ago, platelet count remains stable. P has had intermittent diarrhea and decreased appetite during this time period. Several nucleated RBCs per HPF and elevated reticulocyte count noted on repeat CBCs although HCT normal at 51%. ALT mildly elevated at 138 (stable from last check), ALP 414 but attributed to recent chronic pred administration. UTI diagnosed today although no urinary signs noted at home by owner. Mainly looking to rule out neoplasia and evaluate for possible causes of chronic intermittent diarrhea/GI signs.

*15 still images and 8 videos were submitted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder** presented a relatively uniform thickening of the cranioventral and craniodorsal mucosae with micropolypoid mucosal changes without involvement of the submucosae. The urine presented some echogenicity consistent with suspended debris. No evidence of urethral pathology was present. This presentation is most consistent with chronic cystitis. Technically transitional cell carcinoma cannot be ruled out without histopathological review but is not overtly suspected based on this pattern. Cystocentesis and urine culture +/- pathological review of urine cytology would be warranted. No overt calculi were present at this time. This is a minor change. The urethra was not visualized. I cannot rule out more pathology, given that only still images were submitted on the bladder.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. Slight mineralization was noted in both kidneys. Both kidneys measured 6.0 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The **adrenal glands** were not visualized.

Spleen

The **spleen** was uniformly enlarged with relatively uniform parenchyma without evidence of masses. The capsule was mildly swollen. This is a minor change, most consistent with hypersplenism and reactive hyperplasia deriving from splenic white or red pulp. However, early infiltrative disease, such as lymphoma or mast cell neoplasia can, at times, present in this manner but not suspected. 25g US-guided FNA would be best in order to ensure only reactive hyperplasia is present. If clinical signs fit with potential neoplasia or mast cell disease, then Benadryl injection (1 mg/pound IM) 15 minutes prior to FNA would be recommended.

Liver

The **liver** was uniformly swollen. The liver presented coarse architecture with mildly increased portal markings and subtle, mixed echogenic changes. This is consistent with vacuolar hepatopathy and some level of remodeling and history of inflammatory component. There was no overt suspicion of



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neoplasia. The gallbladder wall was echogenic (not pathological) and minor gallbladder debris was present.

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Gastrointestinal

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Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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Pancreas

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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

- Benign hepatopathy
- Minor hypersplenism
- Chronic cystitis bladder pattern

12 Years 2 Months

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

WEIGHT

Chronic UTI Protocol

47.9 Pounds

I recommend **Enrofloxacin** (5-10 mg/kg SID PO) (In patients > 1 year of age) in late pm after urination to maximize urinary concentrations overnight. This assumes that culture supports this use. Repeat **culture** at 3-4 weeks and continue treatment at least 7-10 days post negative urinary sediment and negative culture. *Note: Negative culture does not necessarily mean lack of UTI.* Other favorite antibiotics for chronic UTI include third generation Cefa (Ceftiafur or similar s.i.d. injectable) or Clavamox. If suspicion of occult urinary incontinence is present then **phenylpropanolamine (PPA)** (1-2 mg/kg BID) can be employed long term to enhance urethral tone.

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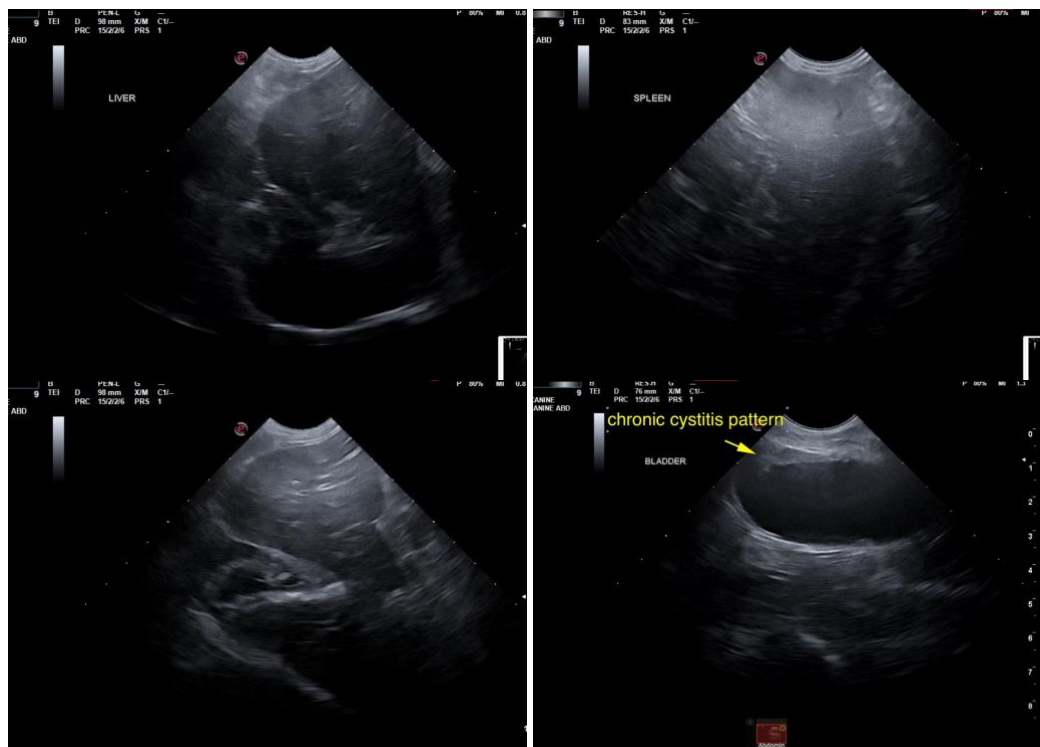
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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