



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Louie Jenes Patient has been coughing and choking past couple of days , difficulty breathing.

**SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN**

Canine

**BREED**

Shih Tzu

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

10 Years

**WEIGHT**

12.9 Pounds

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT			1.15	1.8	40	71	0.1
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	140				3.5	3.09	

**Cardiac Presentation**

The echocardiogram presented a prominent right heart with mild right ventricular hypertrophy, without significant tricuspid regurgitation, and normal right atrial size. No evidence of neoplasia was noted in the right auricle, or elsewhere in the heart. The pulmonary artery was uniformly prominent with mildly depressed pulmonic velocity measured on PW Doppler. No overt heartworms were noted in the main or visible deep pulmonary arteries. Yet, theoretically heartworms could be present in the deep pulmonary vasculature out of visible sonographic range. More likely, however, this prominent right heart is due to excessive intra-thoracic pressures caused by chronic respiratory disease or potentially excessive intra-thoracic fat (Pickwickian syndrome). The left heart presented mildly excessive size, with a linear ventricular septum. Contractility was functionally adequate demonstrated by the FS% measurement. The cranial and caudal mitral valve leaflets presented vegetative thickening consistent with endocardiosis. Doppler indicated measurable insufficiency. Prolapse of the anterior mitral valve leaflet noted. The left ventricular outflow demonstrated normal flow patterns and velocities through the aortic valve. No evidence of tumor, pericardial or pleural effusion was noted. The visible extra-cardiac tissues were uniformly linear without evidence of masses, infiltrative or inflammatory mediastinal tissue. No evident arrhythmic activity was noted during the exam. Comet tail lung pattern noted.

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The prostate was heterogeneous and mildly enlarged at 2.4 cm.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenn

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Rockaway AH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Maniar

**INVOICE**

43895

**DATE**

1/4/23



**PATIENT**

Louie Jenes

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 4.53 cm. The right kidney measured 5.08 cm.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Adrenal Glands**

**BREED**

Shih Tzu

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 1.62 cm x 0.54 cm at the caudal pole and 0.43 cm at the cranial pole.

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes were noted.

**AGE**

10 Years

**Liver**

**WEIGHT**

12.9 Pounds

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

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Eric Lindquist, DMV

**Gastrointestinal**

DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenn

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**Pancreas**

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Maniar

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Cor pulmonale, mitral insufficiency, mitral valve prolapse and mild left atrial enlargement
- BPH prostate pattern

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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Recommend Lasix trial at 1-2 mg/kg BID and Pimobendan 0.3 mg/kg BID. ACE inhibitor can be considered at 0.5 mg/kg SID. However, there is likely a primary respiratory component in this patient as well as the cardiac component, as the left atrial enlargement is relatively mild. Bronchodilator and broad-spectrum antibiotic may be appropriate.

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I am presuming this patient is neutered. However, the prostate would suggest BPH. If straining to urinate is an issue, FNA would be warranted. The abdomen was unremarkable otherwise.

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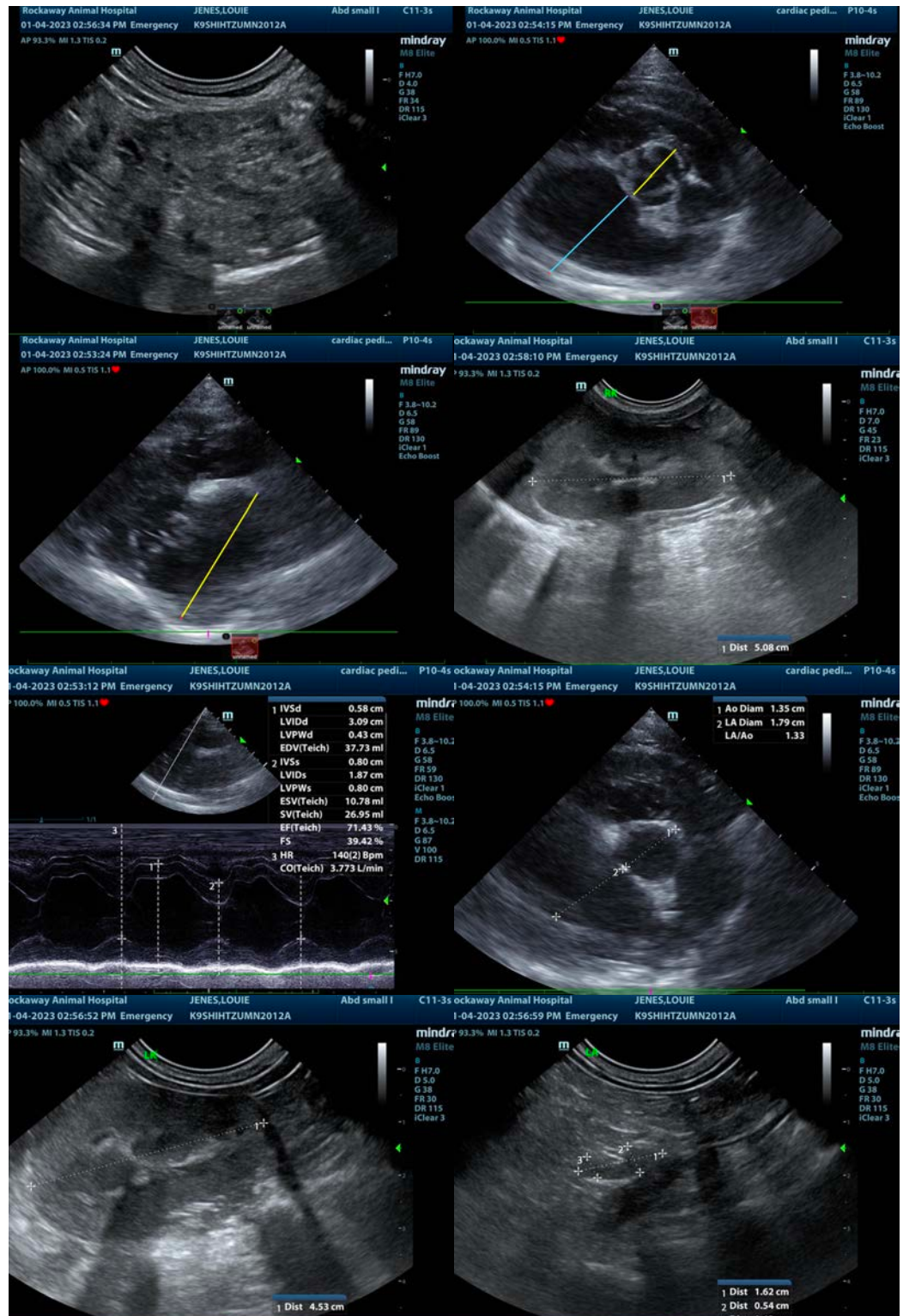
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**PATIENT**

Louie Jenes

**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

**SPECIES**

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com**

**BREED**

Shih Tzu

[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

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