



PATIENT

Miss Mabel Halfway
Home Animal Rescue

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pitbull

SEX

Female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

60 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

INVOICE

95116

DATE

1/11/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

V+ 5 times today, hx of diabetes. R/O Obstruction vs Neoplasia vs DKA vs other. Current meds: Insulin, Cerenia
WBC 24K, mild anemia. U/A-Ketones +1 today.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The pelvic urethra was imaged 2.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The right ovary was uniform and measured 3.4 x 1.9 cm. The left ovary was macrocystic and measured 4.0 x 3.23 cm. The uterus was fairly uniform and measured 0.8 cm in width.

The **kidneys** were normal in size and contour; however, a minor hyperechoic ring was noted at the corticomedullary junction. This is consistent with diabetic nephropathy. This is likely from glucosuria. However, assessment for proteinuria is also warranted. This is an idiopathic finding, but an expected finding in diabetic patients. The right kidney measured 8.13 cm. The left kidney measured 7.55 cm with slight pyelectasia.

Adrenal Glands

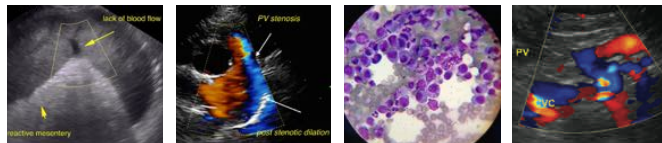
Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.92 x 0.83 cm at the cranial pole and 0.94 cm at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 2.62 x 0.95 cm at the cranial pole and 0.72 cm at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Hyperechoic, coalescing polypoid changes were noted in the gallbladder. Minor biliary calculi were noted.



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Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Cystic ovaries.

Chronic cholangitis liver pattern with biliary calculi.

Diabetic nephropathy.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Ovariohysterectomy is recommended. This will likely allow for better regulation of the diabetic state in this patient. Proactive cholecystectomy could be considered. Supportive care is otherwise warranted along with Ursodiol therapy.

Potential Causes of Diabetic Dysregulation

This is a suggestive checkoff list when faced with an unregulated diabetic patient:

UTI

Dietary indiscretion/intolerance

Pancreatitis

Hyperthyroidism/hypothyroidism

Exogenous steroids (including topical eye meds)

Cushing's

Acromegaly

Owner compliance

Insulin quality issues

Antibodies to insulin

Underlying Neoplasia



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Diffuse liver disease

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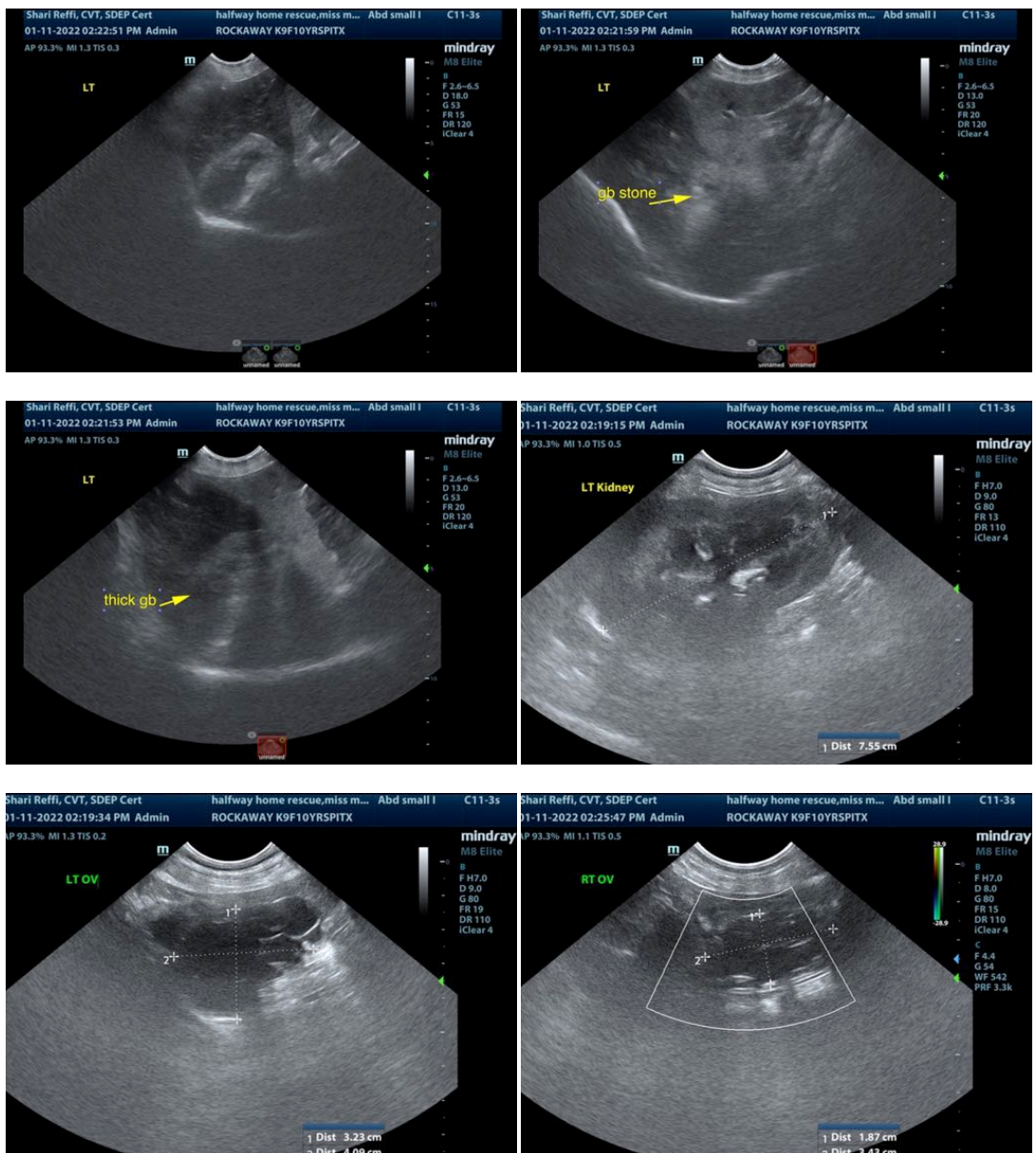
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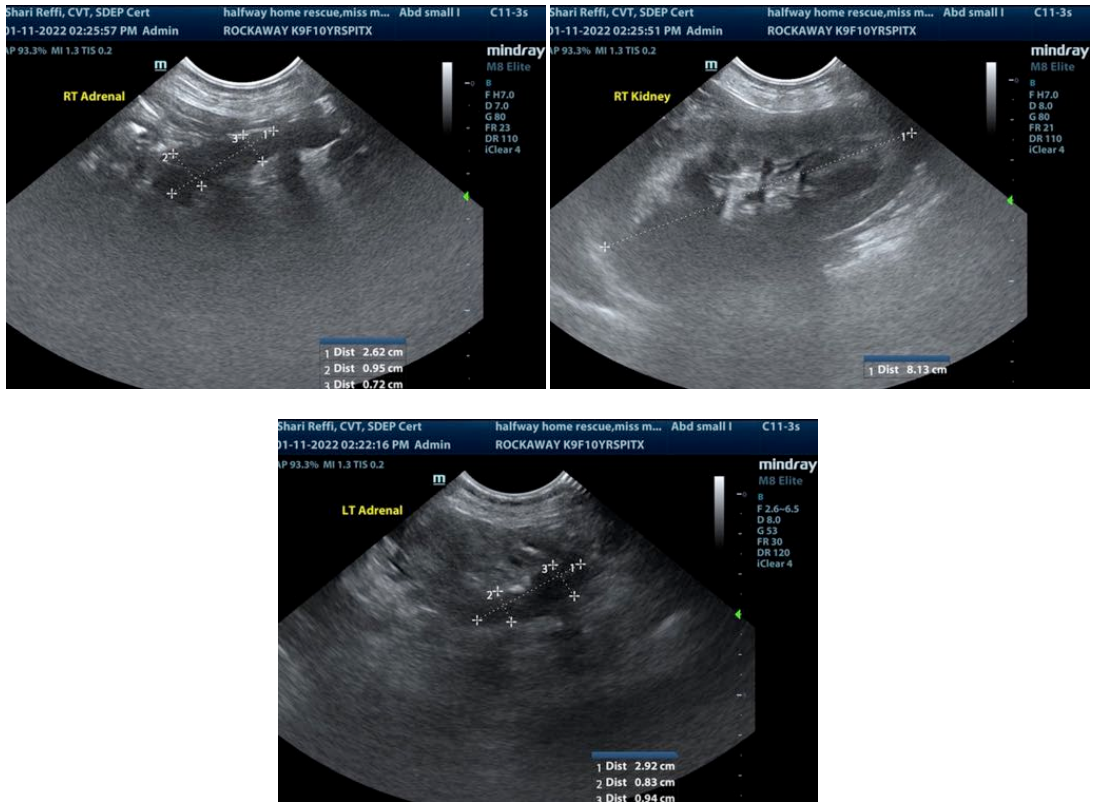
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
Info@SonoPath.com