



PATIENT

Ike Worthley

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Rottweiler

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

101 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ebersole

HOSPITAL NAME

Scanvet

REFERRING VET

Dr. Bennett

INVOICE

13360

DATE

1/10/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Acute onset this morning of acting uncomfortable, not taking treats, not himself. Concern on Rads for mid-abdominal mass, and odd gas pattern in caudal abdomen.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE: BCS 5/9, QAR. BW: all WNL except abnormal CPL RADS: irregular area caudal to the stomach on the lateral.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some mild age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for his age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 8.33 cm. The right kidney measured 8.44 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The **left adrenal gland** was visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.88 cm.

The region of the **right adrenal gland** revealed no evident pathology.

Spleen

The **spleen** revealed an expansive parenchymal mass, measuring 3.7 cm, deriving from the medial aspect of the mid spleen. A separate splenic mass was noted at the mid splenic body, measuring 2 cm.

Liver

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some mild age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine



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demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

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Other

A rapid view of the **heart** revealed no evident pathology in the right auricle or pericardium.

SEX

Neutered Male

- Splenic masses
- Age-related renal and hepatic changes

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

AGE

10 Years

No obvious evidence of metastatic disease. Exploratory splenectomy recommended. Either hemangiosarcoma or round cell neoplasia likely. Benign hyperplasia possible yet precarious presentation. Splenectomy is essential. Three-view chest radiographs warranted prior to surgery to assess for lung metastasis.

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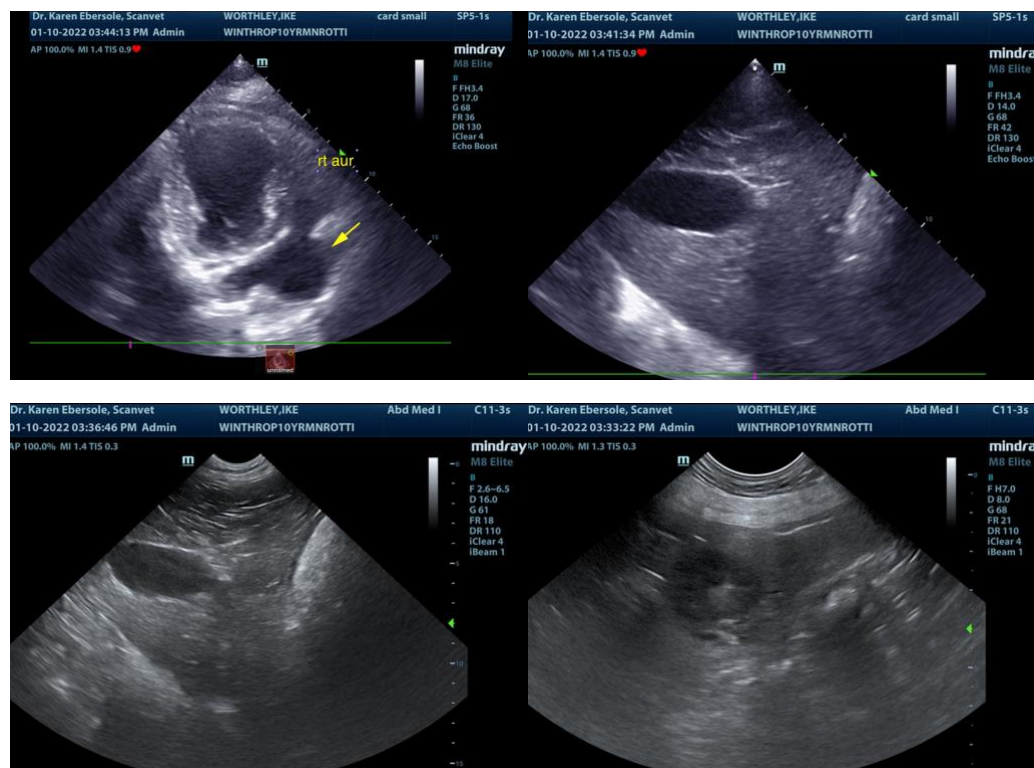
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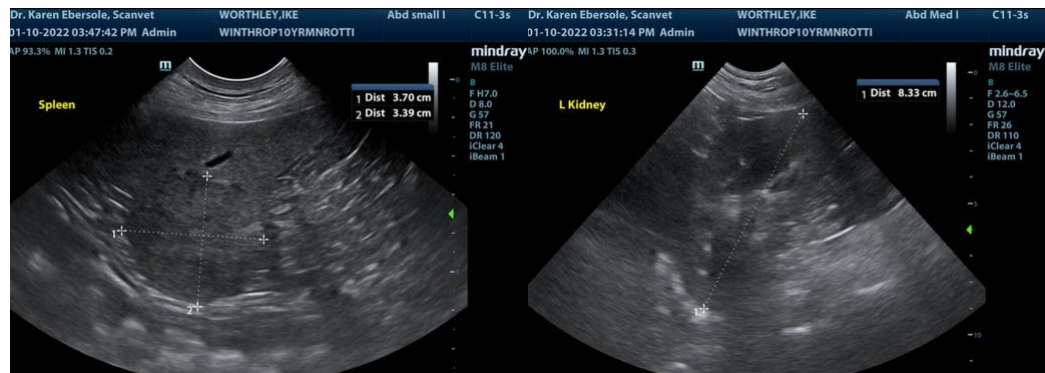
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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