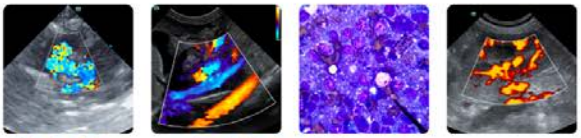


SonoPath www.SonoPath.com info@sonopath.com 800.838.4268

PATIENT

Hades Detrixch

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

5 Years

WEIGHT

2.8 kg

INTERPRETED BY

Dr Brittany Sinclair, BVSc(hons), DACVECC

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Pet Stat Animal Urgent Care

REFERRING VET

Dr. Clause

INVOICE

74730

DATE

4/23/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

BCS 3/9. Weight loss, inappetence, elevated LEs. Current Medications: Denamarin Advanced, Metronidazole oral 125mg/ml (0.25ml bid x 7d)

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ALT-501 (H 100)

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and visible pelvic urethra were of normal thickness. The ureters were not visible which is normal. There was normal wall layering with no masses, uroliths or abnormal thickening visualized. Gravity dependent debris present in the urinary bladder. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

The kidneys were both normal size and structure, with smooth capsule and normal corticomedullary definition and ratio. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. Left kidney measures 3.48 cm in length. Right kidney measures 3.49 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both adrenal glands were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed and age. The visible phrenic vasculature was unremarkable. Left measures 0.32 cm in thickness. Right measures 0.34 cm in thickness.

Spleen

The spleen was normal with age appropriate homogeneous parenchyma and a smooth capsule with normal splenic vasculature with no signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarct changes were noted.

Liver

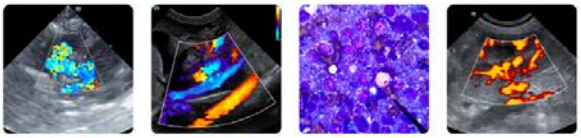
The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is age appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

Gall bladder is moderately distended with normal wall thickness and anechoic contents. Common bile duct is non-distended and tapers normally.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains a small amount of ingesta and gas. It measures at a normal thickness of with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with ingesta throughout with no overt distention. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.



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The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

Pancreas

The visible pancreas was observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat.

Free Abdomen

No clinically significant lymphadenopathy or abnormalities noted.

There is very scant free fluid noted between bowel loops and near the right kidney.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Urinary bladder debris, otherwise normal abdomen.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The liver parenchyma appears normal and there is no ultrasonographic explanation for the elevated liver enzymes in this patient. There is no significant disruption of architecture noted to suggest significant pathology. Low grade inflammatory hepatopathy/reactive hepatopathy is a likely cause of LE elevations. Fine needle aspirate is recommended and bile acid profile to assess liver function. Ultimately liver biopsy is often required for more definitive diagnosis. Empiric treatments (SAM-E, milk thistle, Vitamin E, ursodiol if bilirubin elevated or gall bladder sludge) could be tried and liver enzymes re-evaluated, especially if liver FNA does not show significant pathology before more invasive liver sampling is pursued.

Continue to correlate clinical significance of urinary bladder debris with semi-annual blood work and urinalysis findings, and clinical signs.

There is no definitive ultrasonographically evident cause of reported weight loss in this abdominal study. Pancreas and GI tract are within normal limits. Consideration for dietary indiscretion, food sensitivity/allergy or mild inflammatory bowel disease is reasonable, though non-GI causes remain possible. While not sonographically evident, pancreatitis cannot be completely ruled out. A diet trial with hydrolyzed protein or select protein diet could be considered if food sensitivity is suspected clinically. Additional diagnostics to be considered for weight loss include current chem/CBC, GI panel (TLI/PLI/cobalamin/folate), fecal pathogen panel, thyroid testing, bile acid profile, and thoracic radiographs to rule out occult neoplasia, cardiac disease and esophageal disease as potential causes.

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Dr Brittany Sinclair, BVSc(hons), DACVECC

info@SonoPath.com