



PATIENT

Husky Vazquez

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

14 Years

WEIGHT

55 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Dr Brittany Sinclair,
BVSc(hons),
DACVECC

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Gabriel Ferrer
DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Pulse Pet Ultrasound
Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Jose Barrera

INVOICE

14152

DATE

03/09/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Px presented as a referral for an abdominal ultrasound due to presenting with lethargy and anemia, rDVM wanted to rule out a splenic mass
- Owner reported that Px originally went to rDVM due to noticing that Px was displaying difficulties standing up, rDVM performed blood tests and Dx Px with anemia
- Owner reported that Px has had two episodes where some blood is seen on the fecal matter
- Splenic mass was observed and aspirated
- FNA results are currently pending
- Limited echocardiogram was performed, and no mass or pericardial effusion was observed, only some valvular regurgitation due to this Px having a Grade V / VI murmur

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Bloodwork attached below for your reference

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and visible pelvic urethra were of normal thickness. The ureters were not visible which is normal. There was normal wall layering with no masses, uroliths or abnormal thickening visualized. Urine was anechoic. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

The kidneys were both normal size and structure, with smooth capsule and normal corticomedullary definition and ratio. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 6.4 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.63 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

Both adrenal glands were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed and age. The visible phrenic vasculature was unremarkable. The left adrenal gland measured 2.44 cm in length and 0.74 cm at the caudal pole and 0.73 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 2.52 cm in length and 0.78 cm at the caudal pole and 0.67 cm at the cranial pole.

Spleen

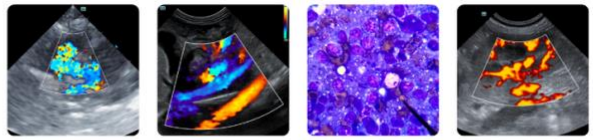
The spleen contains a large complex splenic mass measuring at least 7.49 cm x 8.89 cm.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is age-appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

Gall bladder is moderately distended with normal wall thickness and anechoic contents. Common bile duct is non-distended and tapers normally.

Gastrointestinal



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The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

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The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis: mucosa layer ratio. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

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The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

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Pancreas

The visible pancreas was observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat.

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Lymph Nodes

A perisplenic lymph node is enlarged and somewhat rounded measuring 1.38 by 1.96 cm.

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Free Abdomen

No masses or free fluid were noted.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Large complex splenic mass.
- Perisplenic lymphadenopathy.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Mass in the spleen is concerning for neoplasia which may be benign or malignant. Splenic aspirate was appropriate to further characterize. Whether benign or malignant, all splenic masses are at risk of rupture and if no signs of metastasis are present in the chest and abdomen, splenectomy with histopathology is recommended. This is a likely cause of the patient's anemia.

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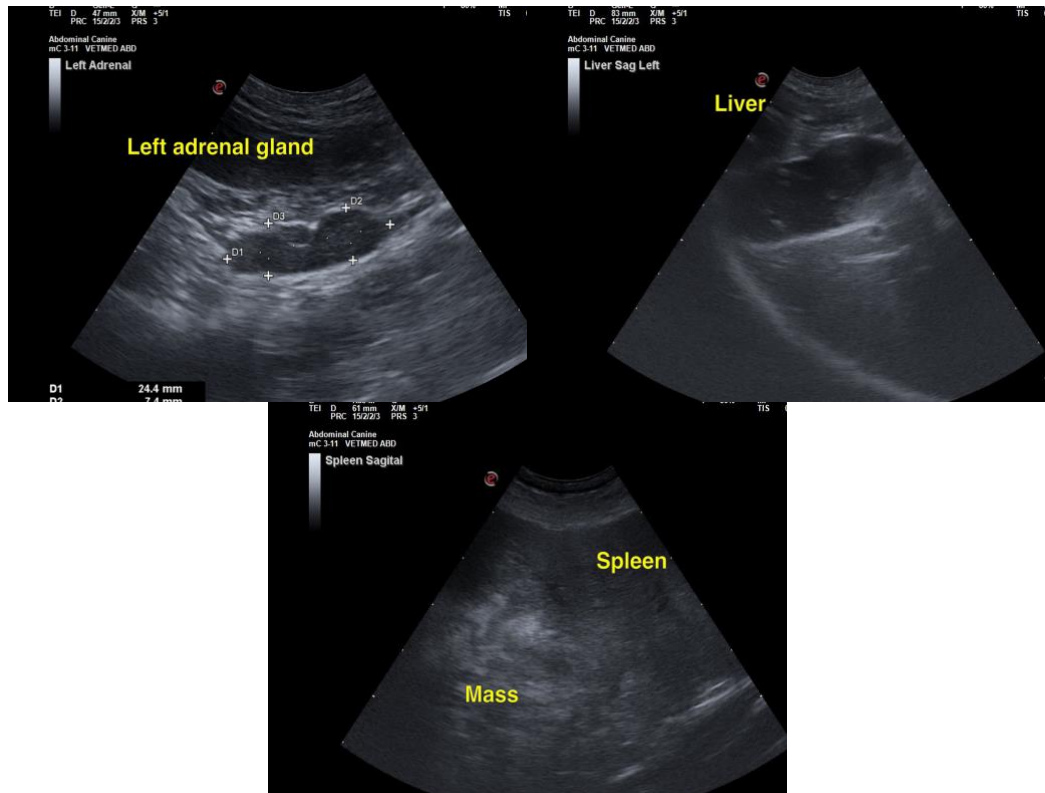
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Dr Brittany Sinclair, BVSc(hons), DACVECC

info@SonoPath.com