

## PATIENT

Prada Jenkins

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

DSH

## SEX

FS

## AGE

11yr

## WEIGHT

8.5lb

## INTERPRETED BY

Dr Brittany Sinclair,  
BVSc(hons), DACVECC

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Meghan Myers VMD

## HOSPITAL NAME

Hershire Animal  
Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Shores ER

## INVOICE

23889

## DATE

02/13/2026

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- presented to ER yesterday for vomiting multiple times, blood tinged at end, decreased appetite for a few weeks and weightloss.
- blood work unremarkable other than slightly low potassium
- radiographs read as slightly thickened stomach/intestines.
- treated outpatient with sq fluids, cerenia, sucralfate. Coming to Hershire for outpatient Ultrasound.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and visible pelvic urethra were of normal thickness. The ureters were not visible which is normal. There was normal wall layering with no masses, uroliths or abnormal thickening visualized. Urine was anechoic. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

The kidneys were both normal size and structure, with smooth capsule and normal corticomedullary definition and ratio. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 3.45 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.09 cm in length.

### Adrenal Glands

Adrenal glands were not distinctly visualized.

### Spleen

The spleen was normal with age appropriate homogeneous parenchyma and a smooth capsule with normal splenic vasculature with no signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarct changes were noted.

### Liver

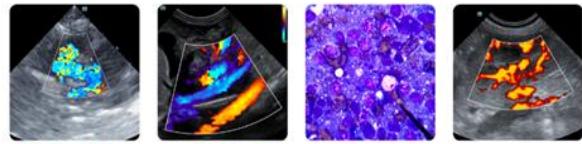
The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is age appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

Gall bladder is moderately distended with normal wall thickness and anechoic contents. Common bile duct is non-distended and tapers normally.

### Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains a small volume of fluid. There is a thin linear hyperechoic shadowing object visualized in the gastric lumen, it does not appear to be crossing the PDJ. It measures at a normal thickness of with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is diffusely increased and wall layering is distinct with a prominent muscularis layer. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.



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The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

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### **Pancreas**

The visible pancreas was observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat.

### **Lymph Nodes**

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No clinically significant lymphadenopathy or abnormalities noted.

### **Free Abdomen**

No masses or free fluid were noted.

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## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Mild gastric fluid distension
- Small linear object in stomach - uncertain clinical significance, not overtly obstructive
- Diffusely thickened small intestine with prominent muscularis

## AGE

11yr

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The clinical significance of the small shadowing object in the stomach is uncertain. This may be an artifactual gas reverberation or may represent true foreign material. It does not appear overtly obstructive.

## WEIGHT

8.5lb

Small intestinal changes are most consistent with infiltrative disease of the small intestine with inflammatory bowel disease or GI lymphoma being the top differentials. No overt neoplastic criteria present in the bowel given that curvilinear layering is still intact. Ultrasound cannot differentiate between small cell lymphoma and inflammatory bowel disease and GI biopsies are recommended for definitive diagnosis, especially if there is a poor response to empirical efforts or recurrence of clinical signs after initial control. Endoscopic biopsy is less invasive but may miss lesions due to inability to obtain samples from all sections of the GI tract, especially the jejunum which is the most common site of development of disease. Surgical biopsies are more likely to be diagnostic but are more invasive. A GI panel (TLI/PLI/cobalamin/folate) will help determine the severity of SI dysfunction, and need for vitamin supplementation.

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Empiric treatment for IBD includes diet trial with either hydrolyzed or select protein diet, vitamin b-12 supplementation, GI support as needed (anti-nausea, appetite stimulant). Treatment with steroids (budesonide vs prednisolone) is often required – biopsies should be acquired prior to treatment with steroids. Steroids may ultimately be tapered to the lowest effective dose or discontinued in some cases.

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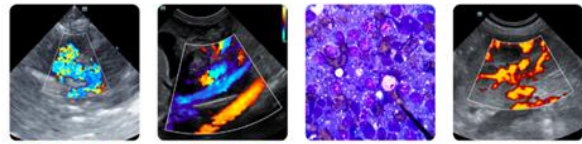
If vomiting is non-responsive to supportive care, endoscopy sooner rather than later would be of use to further evaluate gastric contents as well as obtain biopsy.

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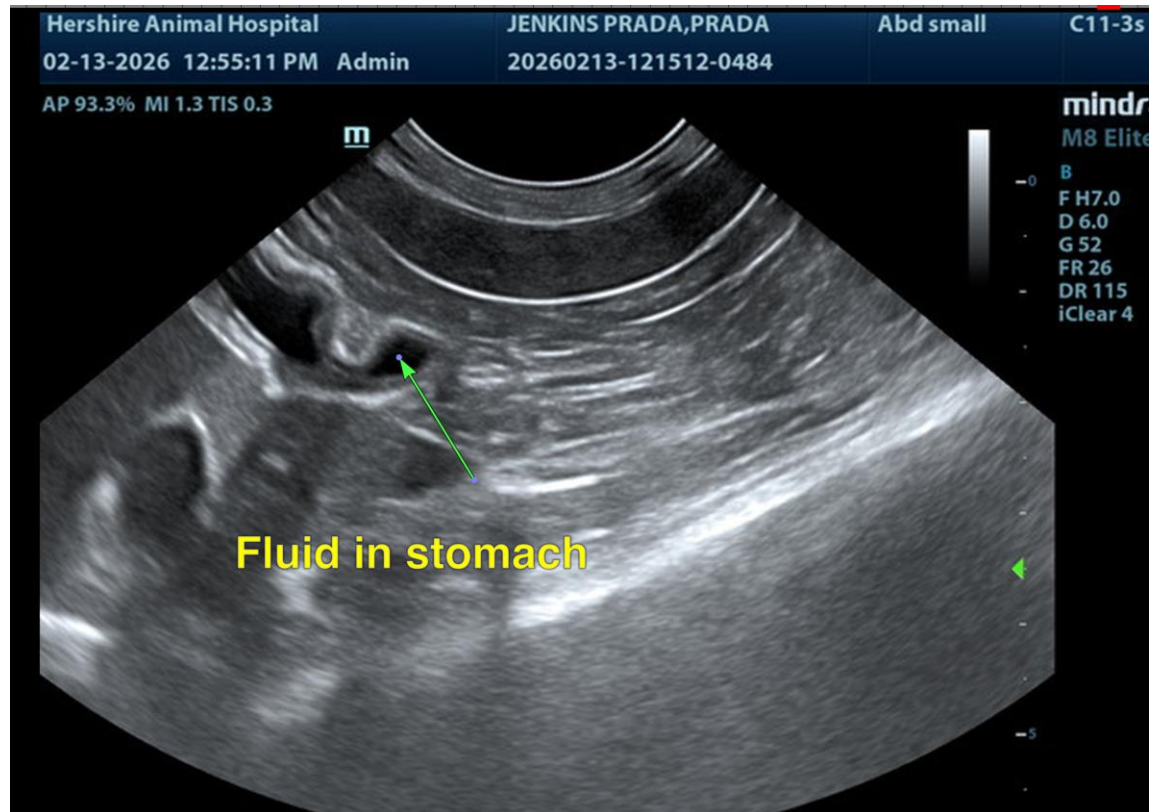
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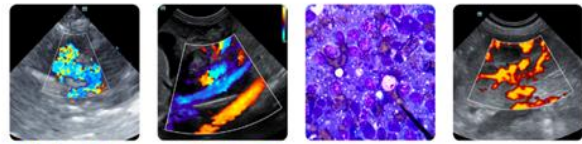
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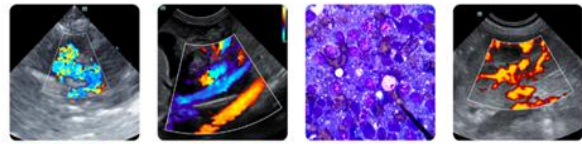
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Dr Brittany Sinclair, BVSc(hons), DACVECC

info@SonoPath.com