



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Duke Careccia	Mass vs. enlarged LN felt during rectal.
SPECIES	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Canine	Urinary System
BREED	The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
Labrador Retriever	Prostate is normal in size, echotexture and echogenicity for a neutered male.
SEX	The right kidney is normal in size (6.8 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
Neutered Male	The left kidney is normal in size (5.76 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
AGE	Adrenal Glands
10 Years	The right adrenal gland is normal in size (2.2 cm long x 0.6 cm at the cranial pole and 0.53 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
WEIGHT	The left adrenal gland is normal in size (1.6 cm long x 0.50 cm at the cranial pole and 0.40 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
92 Pounds	Spleen
INTERPRETED BY	Spleen is subjectively large in size with a swollen and scalloped/undulating capsular contour. Multifocal coalescing nodules are noted throughout the parenchyma. Splenic vasculature appears normal. Enhanced hyperechoic surrounding fat is noted.
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	Liver
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
Kelly Vazquez	REFERRING VET
HOSPITAL NAME	The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.
Ho-Ho-Kus VH	Gastrointestinal
INVOICE	The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
41248	DATE
DATE	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions
9/12/22	



PATIENT

Duke Careccia

per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

SPECIES

Canine

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

BREED

Labrador Retriever

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

SEX

Neutered Male

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

10 Years

- **Honeycomb Spleen** – This finding is strongly suggestive of infiltrative disease such as round cell neoplasia. Benign disease cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

WEIGHT

92 Pounds

There is no ultrasonographic evidence of the reported rectally palpated abnormality in these images.

Three view thoracic radiographs are recommended for further assessment of cardio-pulmonary status as well as to further evaluate for any evidence of metastatic disease, if not recently evaluated.

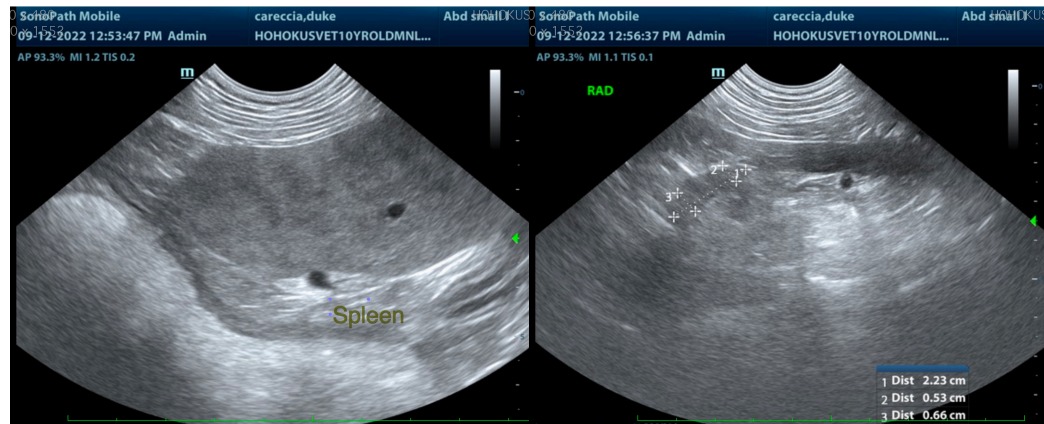
INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

A fine needle aspirate of the spleen is recommended if patient's coagulation status is appropriate.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez



HOSPITAL NAME

Ho-Ho-Kus VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Dan Eisenberg

INVOICE

41248

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