



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Tinkerbelle Baumgarth	Prev history of renal hyperthyroidism (treated with radioactive iodine therapy) and renal disease (dx late 2020) Diarrhea for the last week and weight loss noted today. Appetite decrease and not interested in eating the bland food options. Receiving SQF 3x a week to help support her kidneys and on k/d wet food when she will eat it. PCV stable today compared to 7/20/23 but lower than 6/22/23 but RBC are now low.
SPECIES	
Feline	
BREED	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
DSH	Urinary System
SEX	The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
Spayed Female	
AGE	Kidneys are bilaterally small end of normal size, irregular and diffusely echogenic with decreased corticomedullary distinction and poor visualization of internal architecture. There is no pyelectasia noted. Non-obstructive dystrophic mineralization is noted bilaterally. The left kidney measures 3.11 cm. The right kidney measures 2.99 cm.
14 Years	
WEIGHT	Adrenal Glands
7.8 Pounds	The area of the right adrenal gland is examined without evident adrenal gland pathology.
INTERPRETED BY	The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.20 cm), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	Spleen
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.
Dr. Goodman	Liver
HOSPITAL NAME	The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
Evandale Blue Ash Pet Hospital	
REFERRING VET	The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.
Dr. Goodman	Gastrointestinal
INVOICE	The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
44612	
DATE	The visible small intestine demonstrates areas of mildly thick muscularis layer relative to mucosa (disruption of the normal 1:3 muscularis:mucosa ratio). Small intestinal submucosa is slightly irregular, thick and hyperechoic, without evident loss of layering appreciated. The lumen is empty with no evidence of obstruction or foreign material.
8/2/23	



PATIENT

Tinkerbelle Baumgarth

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

SPECIES

Pancreas

Feline

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

BREED

DSH

Free Abdomen

SEX

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

Spayed Female

In the mid, possibly caudal abdomen, there is a homogeneous, almost iso- but slightly hypoechoic oblong structure that measures 0.40 cm thick that appears to be a reactive lymph node, but location is difficult to determine.

AGE

14 Years

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

WEIGHT

7.8 Pounds

- **Mild/subtle inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) pattern** – Thick muscularis has been reported with infiltrative bowel disease including both benign inflammatory disease as well as infiltrative neoplasia such as lymphoma. No aggressive lymphadenopathy, loss of layering, etc. is noted to make lymphoma more probable, but lymphoma cannot be definitively ruled out without tissue sampling.
- **Chronic Kidney Disease** – This appearance of the kidneys is consistent with chronic kidney disease such as chronic glomerular or interstitial nephritis, chronic pyelonephritis, etc.
- **Reactive lymphadenopathy of unknown location** – infiltrative neoplastic disease cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Goodman

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME

Evandale Blue Ash Pet Hospital

A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Goodman

Ideally, biopsies of the GI tract, being sure to include ileum if possible, are recommended to definitively diagnose and therefore manage the infiltrative bowel disease.

Empirical therapy should be balanced with patient's kidney disease and treatments, diet, etc. necessary for that. Having said that, other empirical therapies could include:

INVOICE

44612

If biopsies cannot be obtained, empirical therapies could include a probiotic (if diarrhea is present, such as visbiome or proviable), empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur and, if tolerated, a transition in diet, based on trial-and-error response, beginning with a hydrolyzed protein diet. Some patients respond to one brand/version of a hydrolyzed protein diet better than another brand, so several trials may be required.

DATE

8/2/23

Additional considerations could include cobalamin supplementation (unless cobalamin level is evaluated and supplementation is not warranted) and prednisolone (if not contraindicated based on patient contraindications, co-morbidities, etc.).



PATIENT

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SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

14 Years

WEIGHT

7.8 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Goodman

HOSPITAL NAME

Evandale Blue Ash Pet Hospital

REFERRING VET

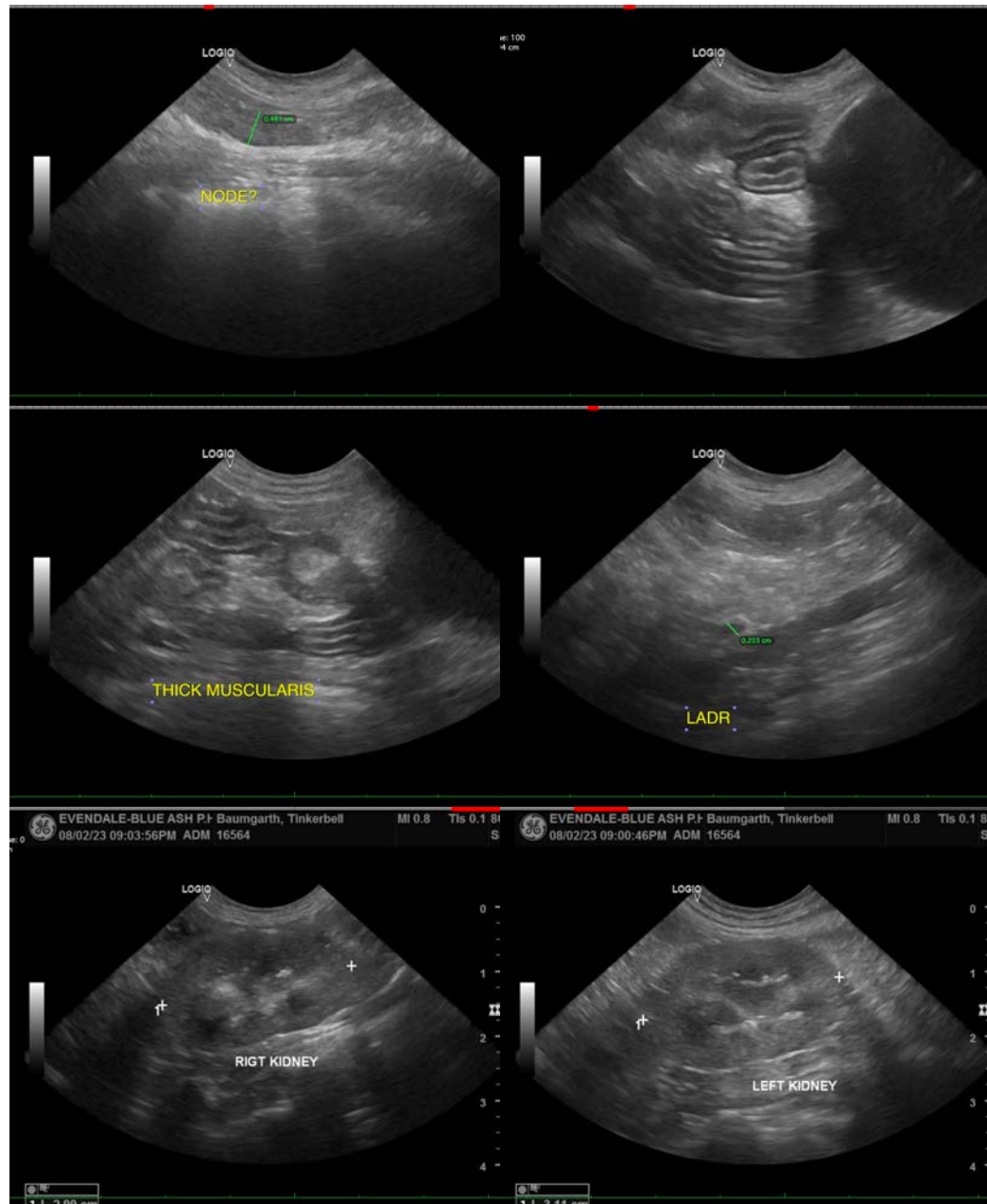
Dr. Goodman

INVOICE

44612

DATE

8/2/23



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
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