



PATIENT

Meggie Mae Walters

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pit Bull Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

88 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Peter Nelson

HOSPITAL NAME

Valley Veterinary
Services, Inc.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Michelle Bartus

INVOICE

16884

DATE

8/16/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Chronic allergy dog. UTI symptoms in June 2022, follow up urine in July, seemed that infection had cleared. Symptoms of frequent urination, straining to urinate started again a few days ago.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Bloodwork WNL. Urine Sp. Gr. 1.024, pH 9.0 Bld 250, pending urine culture/sensitivity.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Urinary bladder is adequately distended. It has a normal uniform wall thickness. Contents include primarily anechoic fluid with occasional echogenic non-shadowing debris, most consistent with exfoliated cells, mucous and/or small blood clots. Both sterile inflammation as well as urinary tract infection can also present with echogenic debris. No masses or cystoliths are observed. The trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Left kidney is normal is size (5.42 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

Right kidney is normal is size (6.45 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

Adrenal Glands

Left adrenal gland is normal in size (2.8 cm long x 0.34 cm at cranial pole and 0.45 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Right adrenal gland is normal in size (2.9 cm long x 0.7 cm at cranial pole and 0.57 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

Spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

Liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

Gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal



PATIENT	The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
Meggie Mae Walters	
SPECIES	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.
Canine	
BREED	The visible colon is normal in wall thickness and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.
Pit Bull Mix	
	<i>Pancreas</i>
SEX	The observed pancreas appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.
Spayed Female	
	<i>Free Abdomen</i>
AGE	There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion. There is no apparent lymphadenopathy.
7 Years	
	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
WEIGHT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medullary rim sign bilaterally- This finding is of unknown clinical significance and can be a normal variant, often idiopathic. Medullary rim sign can be present with renal disease including FIP, lymphoma, hypercalcemic nephropathy, Leptospirosis, tubular disease, other and should be interpreted in combination with other more specific indications of kidney disease such as isosthenuria, proteinuria, azotemia, etc. This is a common incidental finding in patients with diabetes mellitus.
88 Pounds	
INTERPRETED BY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urinary bladder debris
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	
	<u>INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	A urine culture, as is reportedly already pending, is recommended. If the culture comes back positive, recommendations are to treat this as a complicated urinary tract infection, in case it just didn't fully resolve the first time, which means 4-6 weeks of antibiotics with a second culture a week to 10 days into therapy to rule out any secondary pathogens, etc., followed by a 3 rd and final culture a week to 10 days after finishing the course of antibiotics to assure full clearance of the infection. If at that time, after treating a complicated urinary infection, the infection returns, further investigation for possible underlying causes of recurrent UTIs versus a persistent UTI is recommended. Given this patients medullary rim sign, a close eye on blood glucose is recommended if the urinary tract infections become recurrent, as that can be a subtle change associated with diabetes mellitus.
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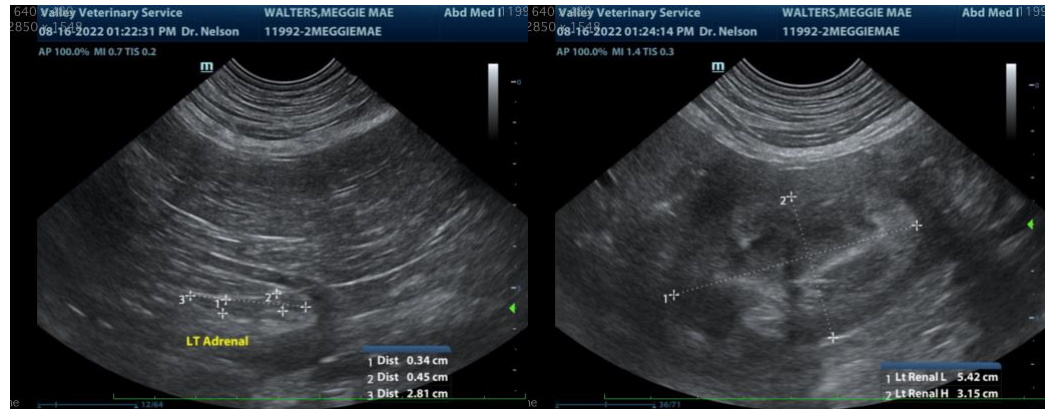
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

Beth.Johnson@SonoPath.com



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