

**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Winnie Goodish

Diarrhea for approx 3 weeks Current Medications Tylosin 200mg - 1 BID, Thyro-tan 0.1mg 1 BID  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Urea: 11.2 (Creat very normal and unchanged from past panels, SDMA normal at 12). Na M1 incr at 154, Glob 23 - she is usually low and this is better than other years. Alb very normal at 32, TG M1 elevated (non-fasted). T4: 9.8

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Boston

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

8 Years

**WEIGHT**

25 Pounds

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Southside Pet Hospital

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Honda

**INVOICE**

43810

**DATE**

7/13/23

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

The right kidney is normal in size (5.08 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

The left kidney is normal in size (4.98 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

**Adrenal Glands**

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.1 cm at the cranial pole and 0.62 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.58 cm at the cranial pole and 0.66 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

**Spleen**

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

**Gastrointestinal**

The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.



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The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Hyperechoic mucosal fogging or speckling is noted. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen is empty with no evidence of obstruction or foreign material.

**SPECIES**

Canine

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

**Pancreas**

**BREED**

Boston

The area of the pancreas contains irregular hyperechoic pancreatic remodeling.

**Free Abdomen**

**SEX**

Spayed Female

There is some enhanced mesenteric fat in the area of the pancreas and surrounding the bowel.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**AGE**

8 Years

- Mucosal speckling – Mucosal speckling is often present with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD). It is not specific for type or severity of disease. Mild speckling change can occur as a normal patient variant in the post-prandial state.

**WEIGHT**

25 Pounds

- Hyperechoic pancreas – This finding is suggestive of pancreatic fibrosis, possibly secondary to chronic pancreatitis. A TLI is recommended to rule out exocrine pancreatic insufficiency (EPI), especially if clinical signs (weight loss, diarrhea, etc.) are present.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

- Some of the enhanced mesenteric fat may be inflammation secondary to diffuse gastrointestinal disease or mild or emerging pancreatitis on top of the more chronic pancreatic changes.

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny

A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

If not recently evaluated, a fecal exam is recommended.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

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Recommendations are to finish a 6-8 week course of Tylosin, and then, if diarrhea persists, a fecal enteropathogen PCR panel to Texas A&M GI Laboratory could be considered for further evaluation of possible infectious disease. Contact the lab for recommendations on how long Tylosin should be discontinued prior to obtaining a stool sample for fecal PCR.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Honda

In the meantime, empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur is recommended, as is a probiotic such as Visbiome or Provable, and if tolerated, a transition in diet could be considered, beginning with a hydrolyzed protein diet.

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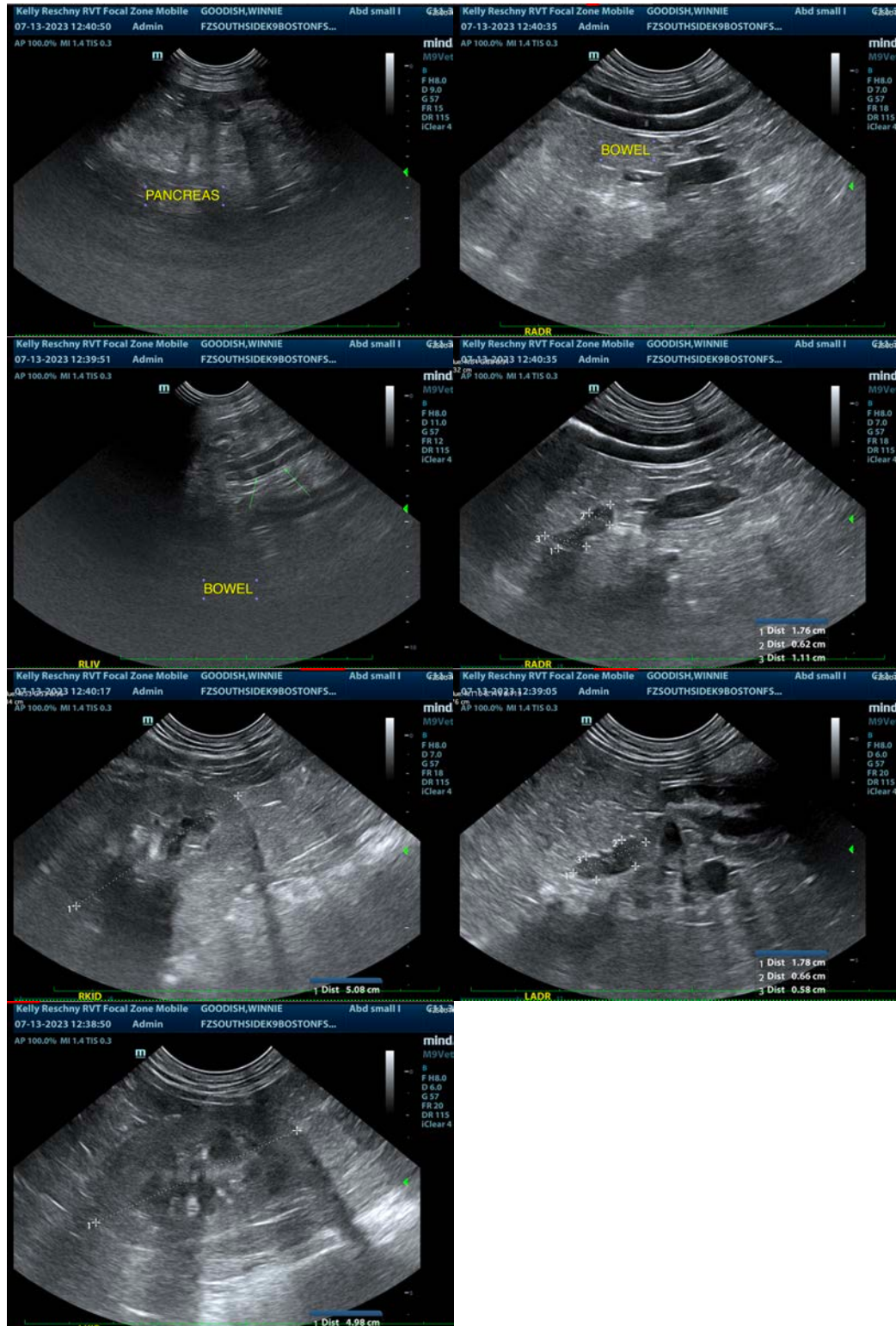
Dr. Honda

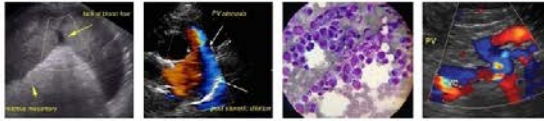
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**SPECIES**

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**BREED**

Boston

**Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM**  
info@sonopath.com

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

8 Years

**WEIGHT**

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