

**PATIENT** On and off GI symptoms. Resting cortisol was abnormal and ACTH atom was normal.

Lexi Slaton **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**SPECIES** *Urinary System*

Canine Urinary bladder is adequately distended. It has a normal uniform wall thickness. Contents include primarily anechoic fluid with occasional echogenic non-shadowing debris, most consistent with exfoliated cells, mucous, and/or small blood clots. Both sterile inflammation as well as urinary tract infection can also present with echogenic debris. No masses or cystoliths are observed. The trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

**BREED**

Terrier X

**SEX**

Spayed Female

The right kidney is normal in size (3.33 cm), shape, and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex-to-medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral, or infarcts observed.

**AGE**

1 yr

The left kidney is normal in size (3.45 cm), shape, and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex-to-medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral, or infarcts observed.

**WEIGHT**

7.73 lbs

**Adrenal Glands**

Adrenal glands are small (flattened contour). Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal. The left adrenal gland measures cranial 0.24 cm and caudal 0.31 cm. The right adrenal gland measures cranial 0.67 cm and caudal 0.24 cm.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

**Spleen**

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenna Walsh, CVT

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Hello Vet for Pets LLC

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Christensen

Gallbladder is moderately distended with anechoic bile as well as suspended and gravity dependent echogenic debris. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. There is no evidence of cystic or CBD dilation. There is no evidence of effusion or inflammation.

**INVOICE**

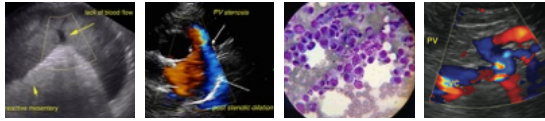
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**Gastrointestinal**

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material, or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

**DATE**

6/28/2023



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Lexi Slaton

**SPECIES**

Canine

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**AGE**

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The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Hyperechoic mucosal fogging or speckling is noted. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction or foreign material noted.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

**Pancreas**

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

**Free Abdomen**

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

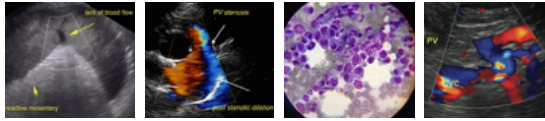
There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- **Subtle/mild Mucosal speckling** – Mucosal speckling is often present with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD). It is not specific for type or severity of disease. Mild speckling change can occur as a normal patient variant in the post-prandial state.
- **Flat adrenal glands** – This can be a normal patient variant and/or a sign of exogenous cortisol administration. If exogenous steroids are not being administered, hypoadrenocorticism (either relative or absolute) should be considered.
- **Subtle Bilateral Medullary rim sign** - This finding is of unknown clinical significance and can be a normal variant, often idiopathic. Medullary rim sign can be present with renal disease including lymphoma, hypercalcemic nephropathy, Leptospirosis, tubular disease, other and should be interpreted in combination with other more specific indications of kidney disease such as isosthenuria, proteinuria, azotemia, etc. This is a common incidental finding in patients with diabetes mellitus.

**SECONDARY FINDINGS**

- Urinary bladder debris
- **Mild Gallbladder debris** - Cholecystic debris is of unknown clinical significance. It can be seen with biliary stasis from fasting or illness. Cholecystic debris is not necessarily related to hepatobiliary disease. Echogenic bile is most commonly an incidental finding in dogs and should be interpreted in combination with clinical signs such as nausea, inappetence, cranial abdominal discomfort and/or laboratory changes such as increased ALP and/or increased Tbili.



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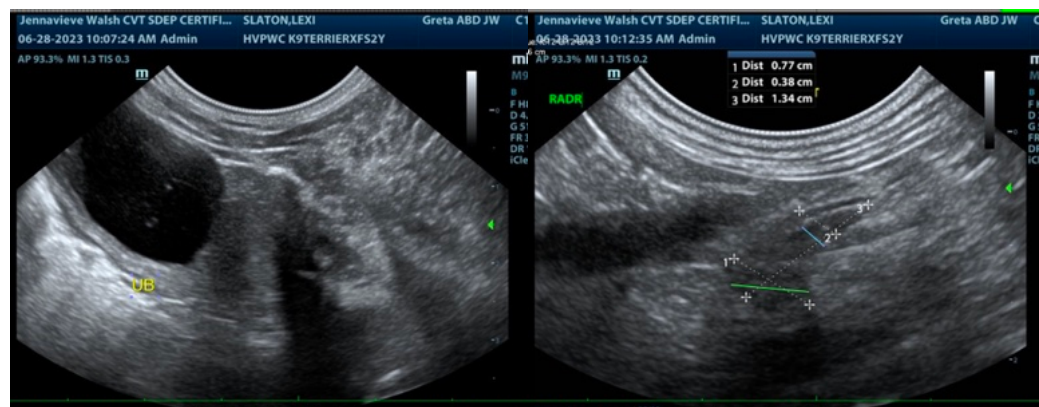
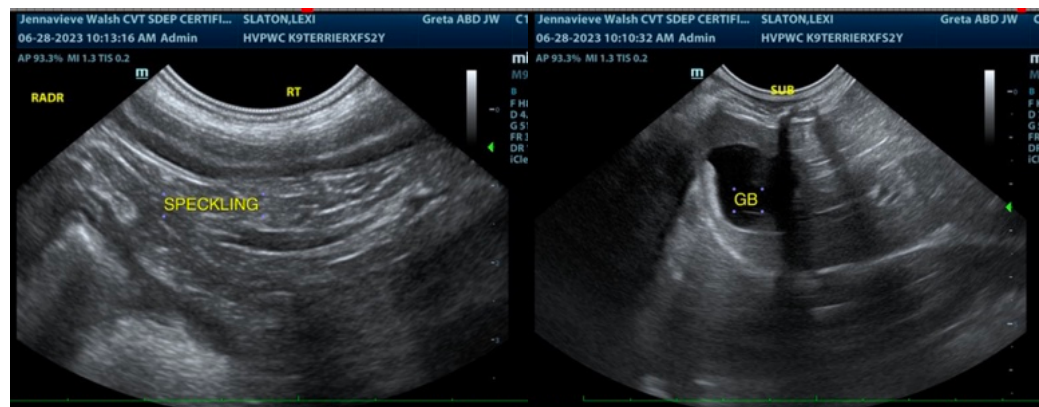
**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

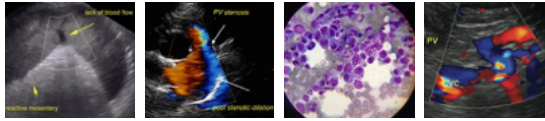
This patient reported history, notes, and abnormal ACTH stim and abnormal resting cortisol without specific values, so recommendations are difficult to give. If the patient has been diagnosed with hyperadrenocorticism then medical management is warranted. If not further evaluation for the chronic intermittent gastrointestinal signs is recommended beginning with a fecal exam, a gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI, and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function, and +/- a fecal enteropathogen PCR panel to Texas A&M GI Laboratory could be considered for further evaluation of possible infectious disease.

In the meantime, empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur is recommended. As is a transition in diet, considering potentially hydrolyzed protein diet as an option based on a trial-and-error response.

**ADDENDUM TO REPORT**

After the new corrected history was provided, that ACTH stim was normal, the recommendations are not to further pursue hypoadrenocorticism. Please disregard hypoadrenocorticism recommendations and focus on GI recommendations.





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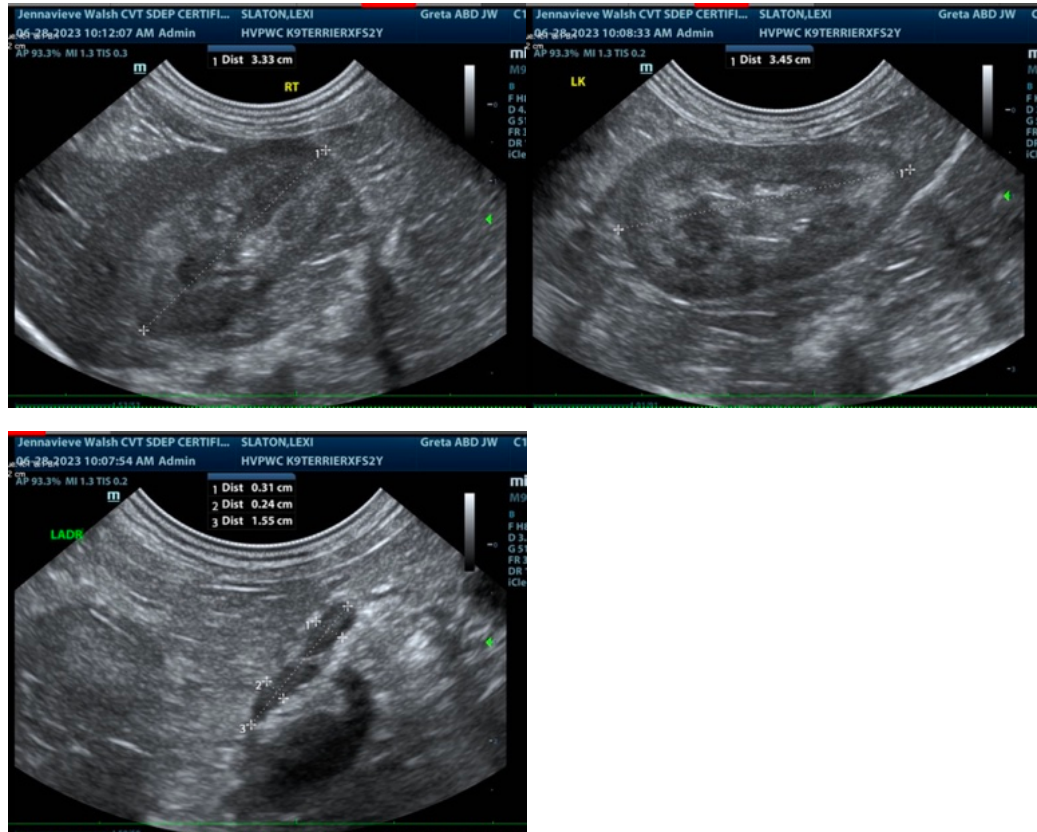
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM**  
info@sonopath.com