

PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Gracie Delaney
SPECIES Canine
BREED Schnauzer
SEX Spayed Female
AGE 7 Years
WEIGHT 7.4 kg

Acute onset of hematuria and polyuria urination yesterday. Urinalysis performed at local ER and was consistent with UTI. Clavaseptin and Gabapentin. Previous rads from May 2023 showed possible urinary bladder wall calcification and calcified body in caudal abdomen.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Please see attached medical record containing radiograph from emergency vet.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Urinary bladder is adequately distended with primarily anechoic contents and occasional echogenic non-shadowing debris. Apical urinary bladder wall is diffusely thick (0.53 cm). Mucosa is hyperechoic and irregular. No masses observed. A 1.3 cm shadowing cystolith is noted. The trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

The right kidney is normal in size (4.09 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia or infarcts observed. Punctate non-obstructive nephroliths are present.

The left kidney is normal in size (4.0 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia or infarcts observed. Punctate non-obstructive nephroliths are present.

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.13 cm long x 0.73 cm at the cranial pole and 0.37 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (1.17 cm long x 0.44 cm at the cranial pole and 0.46 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta.

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Crystal Hill

HOSPITAL NAME

Nelson Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Fernandes

INVOICE

43170

DATE

6/14/23



PATIENT

Gracie Delaney

There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

SPECIES

Canine

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

BREED

Schnauzer

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

SEX

Spayed Female

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

AGE

7 Years

Free Abdomen

WEIGHT

7.4 kg

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

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- Chronic cystitis with a 1.3 cm cystoliths observed - Urinary bladder wall changes are most consistent with chronic cystitis. Infiltrative neoplasia cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely given the location and diffuse nature of the changes.
- Bilateral non-obstructive nephrolithiasis

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given this patient's reported concurrent urinary tract infection, recommendations include treating the urinary tract infection ideally based off culture and sensitivity results and monitoring the stone for possible dissolution during therapy. A dissolution diet could be fed, if tolerated, while doing this. If the stone shrinks/dissolves, then therapy should be continued for at least two weeks beyond complete dissolution. If, however, the stone does not dissolve, then other means may be necessary, up to and including possible surgical cystotomy for stone removal and identification to help guide future medical prevention tactics.

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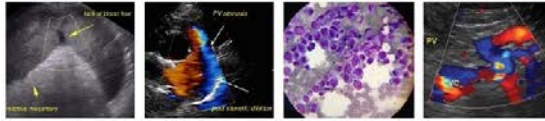
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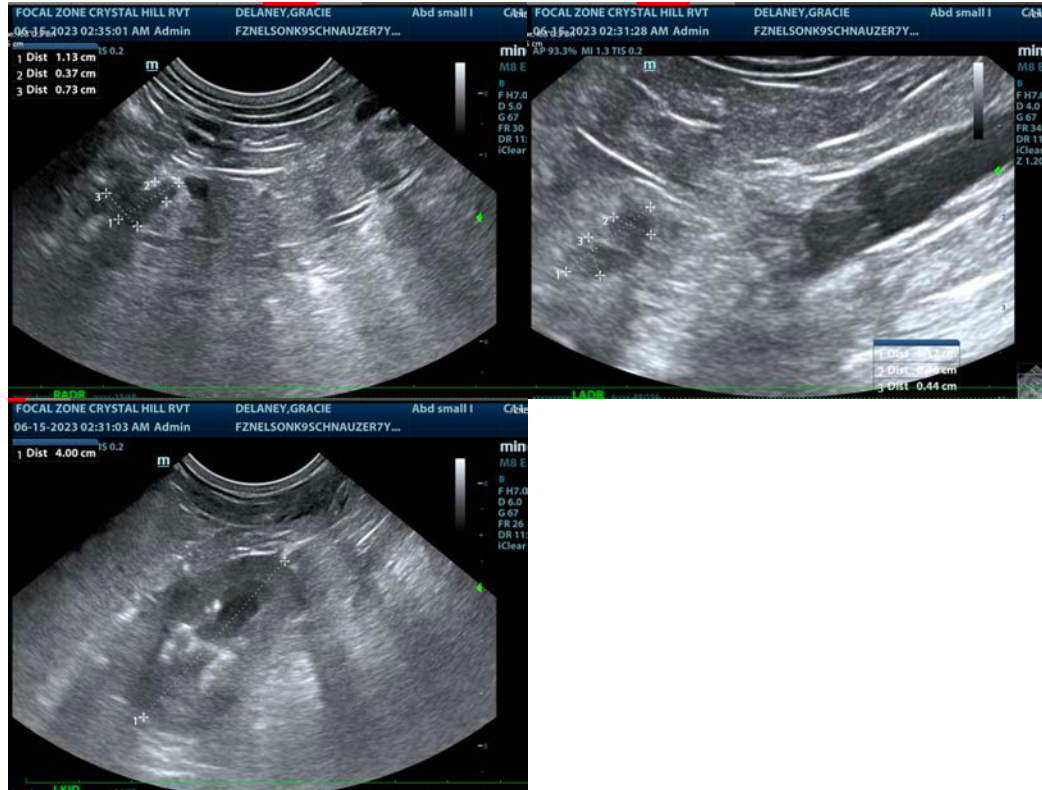
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
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