



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Jack Lucas	History: Has thrown up multiple times and does not want to eat, very quiet and lethargic, very uncomfortable in abdomen Current Medications Cerenia 8mg q24h, Gabapentin 100mg q12h
SPECIES	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Feline	Urinary System Urinary bladder is adequately distended. It has a normal uniform wall thickness. Contents include primarily anechoic fluid with occasional echogenic non-shadowing debris, most consistent with incidental suspended lipid in a cat, possibly combined with exfoliated cells, mucous and/or small blood clots. Both sterile inflammation as well as urinary tract infection can also present with echogenic debris. No masses or cystoliths are observed. The trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
BREED	
DSH	
SEX	
Neutered Male	Left kidney is normal in size (4.28 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
AGE	
10 years	Right kidney is normal in size (4.58 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
WEIGHT	
14 lbs	Adrenal Glands Left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.33 cm), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal. Right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.28 cm), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
INTERPRETED BY	
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	Spleen Spleen is subjectively large in size with a mildly swollen but smooth capsule. Parenchyma is normal and homogenous in echogenicity and echotexture. No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	
Kelly Reschny	Liver Liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
HOSPITAL NAME	
Tansley Woods AH	Gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.
REFERRING VET	
Gatto	Gastrointestinal The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The stomach is mildly distended and contains an echogenic interface with distal progressively shadowing material consistent with hairball density (or similar fluid absorbing material) noted. Normal ingesta and gas can't be definitively ruled out.
INVOICE	
12992	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with
DATE	
5.9.23	



PATIENT

echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

Jack Lucas

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

SPECIES

Feline

Pancreas

The observed pancreas appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

BREED

DSH

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion. There is no apparent lymphadenopathy.

SEX

Neutered Male

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Findings

AGE

10 years

- Hypersplenism – can be associated with congestion caused by sedation (if sedated) but can also be associated with diffuse infiltrative disease. Both benign conditions such as extramedullary hematopoiesis, lymphoid hyperplasia, amyloidosis (leave amyloidosis out if canine) as well as infiltrative neoplastic diseases such as round cell neoplasia should be considered.

WEIGHT

14 lbs

- Urinary bladder debris – This appears to be a post-prandial study, with the stomach and bowel containing ingesta. Having said that, a gastric hairball or other similar-appearing foreign material cannot be definitively ruled out.

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

If not recently evaluated, a general metabolic health screen is recommended, beginning with CBC, chemistry panel, electrolytes, urinalysis and, if indicated based on urinalysis results, urine culture are recommended. If protein is present in an otherwise quiet sediment, protein quantification with a urine protein to creatinine ration is recommended.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

Additionally, a fine-needle aspirate of the spleen is recommended (if coagulation status of the patient is appropriate).

HOSPITAL NAME

Tansley Woods AH

Pending results of the above, A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

REFERRING VET

Gatto

Lastly, if vomiting and decreased appetite persist, a recheck fully fasted ultrasound of the stomach and bowel is recommended help more definitively differentiate gastric hairball vs normal ingesta vs other.

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HOSPITAL NAME

Tansley Woods AH

REFERRING VET

Gatto

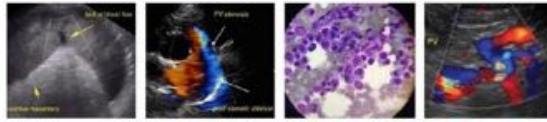
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM
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