



PATIENT

Milo McLaurine

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

MN

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

8.4 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
 DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Meghan Morse, LVT,
 CVT.

HOSPITAL NAME

Kingston Animal
 Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Rosen

INVOICE

11773

DATE

4/23/2026

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Progressive weight loss, acute decreased appetite, lethargy. Acute Horner syndrome. Anisocoria, elevated 3rd eyelid OD- abrasion ventral to OD.

Current meds: Fortiflora

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Glob 5.6, Elevated total Ca 11.5, Neutrophilia 12K, monocytosis 0.88K, SDMA 16, Creat 1.7.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Kidneys are irregular and diffusely echogenic with decreased corticomedullary distinction and poor visualization of internal architecture. There is no pyelectasia noted and no mineral is observed. Left kidney is small/normal measuring 3.5 cm, and the right kidney is normal in size measuring 3.7 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.37 cm), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.45 cm), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The stomach is mildly distended and contains an echogenic interface with distal progressively shadowing material consistent with hairball density (or similar fluid absorbing material) noted. Normal ingesta and gas cannot be definitively ruled out and should be considered especially without adequate fasting prior to the ultrasound.



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More detailed/zoomed in imaging of the bowel, ideally, evaluation with a linear probe is necessary to more definitively assess layering and rule out more severe disease but based on the images provided suspected the visible small intestine demonstrates areas of mildly emerging thick muscularis layer relative to mucosa (disruption of the normal 1:3 muscularis:mucosa ratio). Small intestinal submucosa is slightly irregular, thick and hyperechoic, without evident loss of layering appreciated. The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction or foreign material noted.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent pathologic lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Mild bilateral chronic kidney disease changes.
- The gastric contents could represent normal ingesta and gas and should be interpreted in combination with when patient last ate and/or in combination with recheck imaging following an additional 12/24 hours of fasting. Given the subtle shadowing, foreign material cannot be ruled out.
- Suspect mild/emerging inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) pattern – Thick muscularis has been reported with infiltrative bowel disease including both benign inflammatory disease as well as infiltrative neoplasia such as lymphoma. No loss of layering or distinct characteristics of malignancy are present. Therefore, differentials cannot be further ranked without tissue sampling. This finding should be confirmed with more detailed/zoomed in or linear probe evaluation of the bowel wall as some normal patient variant in a senior cat is possible.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

A malignancy panel (PTH, PTHrP, iCa) to Michigan State College of Veterinary Medicine is recommended for further investigation of the reported hypercalcemia.

If not recently evaluated, urinalysis and, if indicated based on urinalysis results, urine culture is recommended. If protein is present in an otherwise quiet sediment, protein quantification with a urine protein to creatinine ration is recommended.

A blood pressure is also recommended if not recently evaluated.



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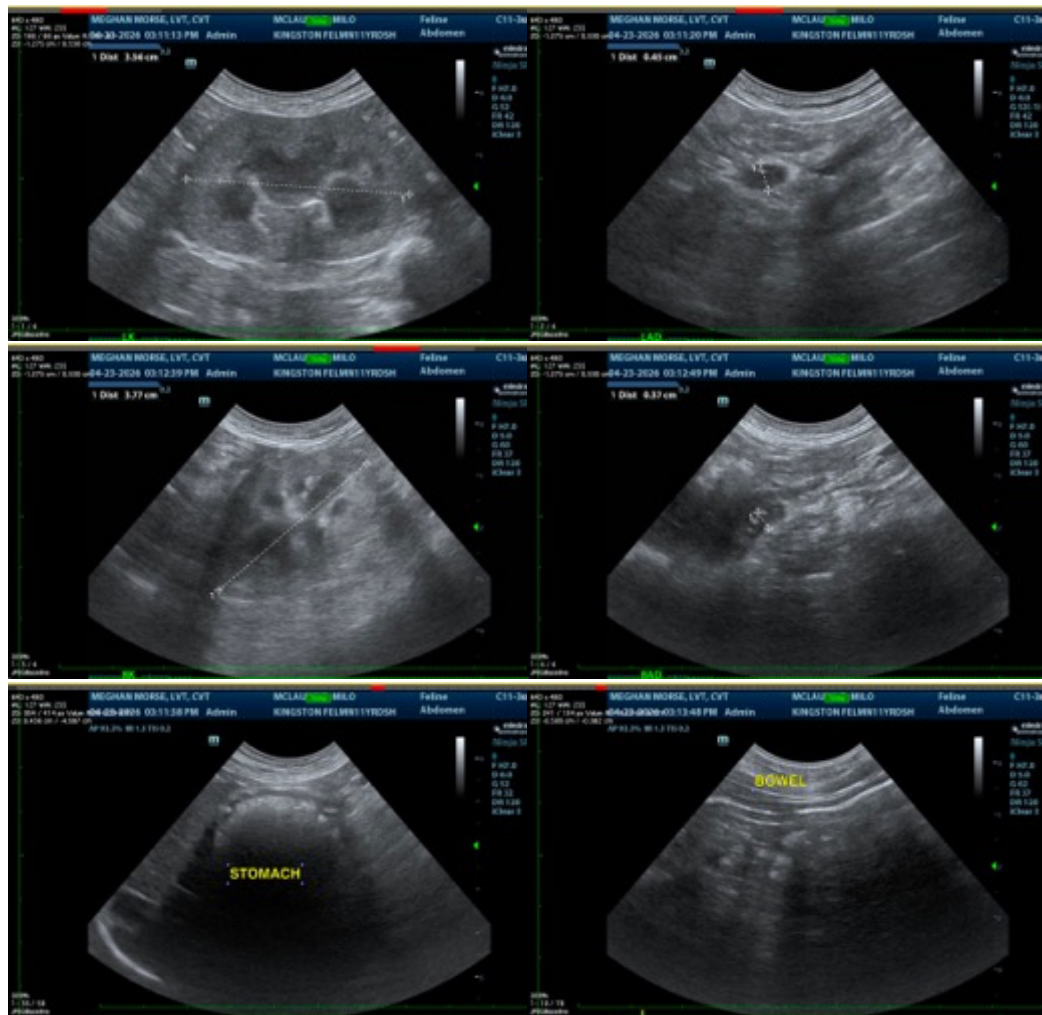
DATE

4/23/2026

Three view thoracic radiographs are recommended for further assessment of cardio-pulmonary status as well as to further evaluate for any evidence of metastatic disease, if not recently evaluated.

Pending results of above workup, more advanced neurologic evaluation may be indicated including consultation with a veterinary neurologist and/or even advanced imaging.

Other than supportive/symptomatic medical management of clinical signs, further treatment recommendations are largely dependent on results of the above.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
 info@sonopath.com