



PATIENT

Dale Wightman

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3 Years

WEIGHT

58.4 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
 DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kathleen Byrnes

HOSPITAL NAME

Pet Care Clinic of the
 High Country

REFERRING VET

Dr. Sturgill

INVOICE

73386

DATE

3/4/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

P presented for US due to recurrence of frequent urination with dark colored urine. Previously seen at another clinic, treated with 10 days Enrofloxacin, symptoms resolved then came back. Owner reports dark urine, pollakiuria, occasional straining, and urinary accidents noted last night. Started on Amoxi/Clav.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Usg 1.030, RBC's >50, WBC 2/hpf, Urine Culture No Growth
 Kidney Panel SDMA 12 Crea 1.1 BUN 15

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

The prostate is well visualized/possibly subjectively mildly prominent, measuring 1.3 cm wide in the sagittal view, but is largely normal in appearance for a young neutered male dog.

The right kidney is normal is size (6.35 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

The left kidney is normal is size (6.13 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.0 cm at cranial pole and 0.49 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.51 cm at cranial pole and 0.56 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.



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Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The stomach is moderately distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. If patient was appropriately fasted, delayed gastric emptying could be considered. Non-shadowing foreign material is considered less likely but cannot be definitively ruled out.

If clinical signs are consistent (vomiting, etc.), recommendations include supportive medical care, 24 hours fasting and re-image.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta/chyme. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

Medial iliac lymph nodes are prominent in size with swollen capsular contour. Normal elongated shape (length to width ratio) is maintained. There is no loss of parenchymal detail.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Mildly reactive medial iliac lymph nodes – infiltrative neoplastic disease cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.
- As described above, the appearance of the urogenital tract including the prostate is largely without evident pathology. Having said that, chronic low-grade smoldering prostatitis or a residual urinary tract infection can't be ruled out.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

If there is any change the reported urine culture was negative due to recent or current antibiotic therapy at the time of sampling, a recheck urinalysis and culture separated at least a week from antibiotic therapy could be considered.

Otherwise, given patient's reported improvement to antibiotic therapy, a potential longer course of antibiotics to address a possible persistent or complicated urinary tract infection, potentially mild prostatitis, etc. could be considered. Ultimately, however, if clinical signs persist, advanced imaging including potentially cystoscopy may be warranted for further investigation and sampling.



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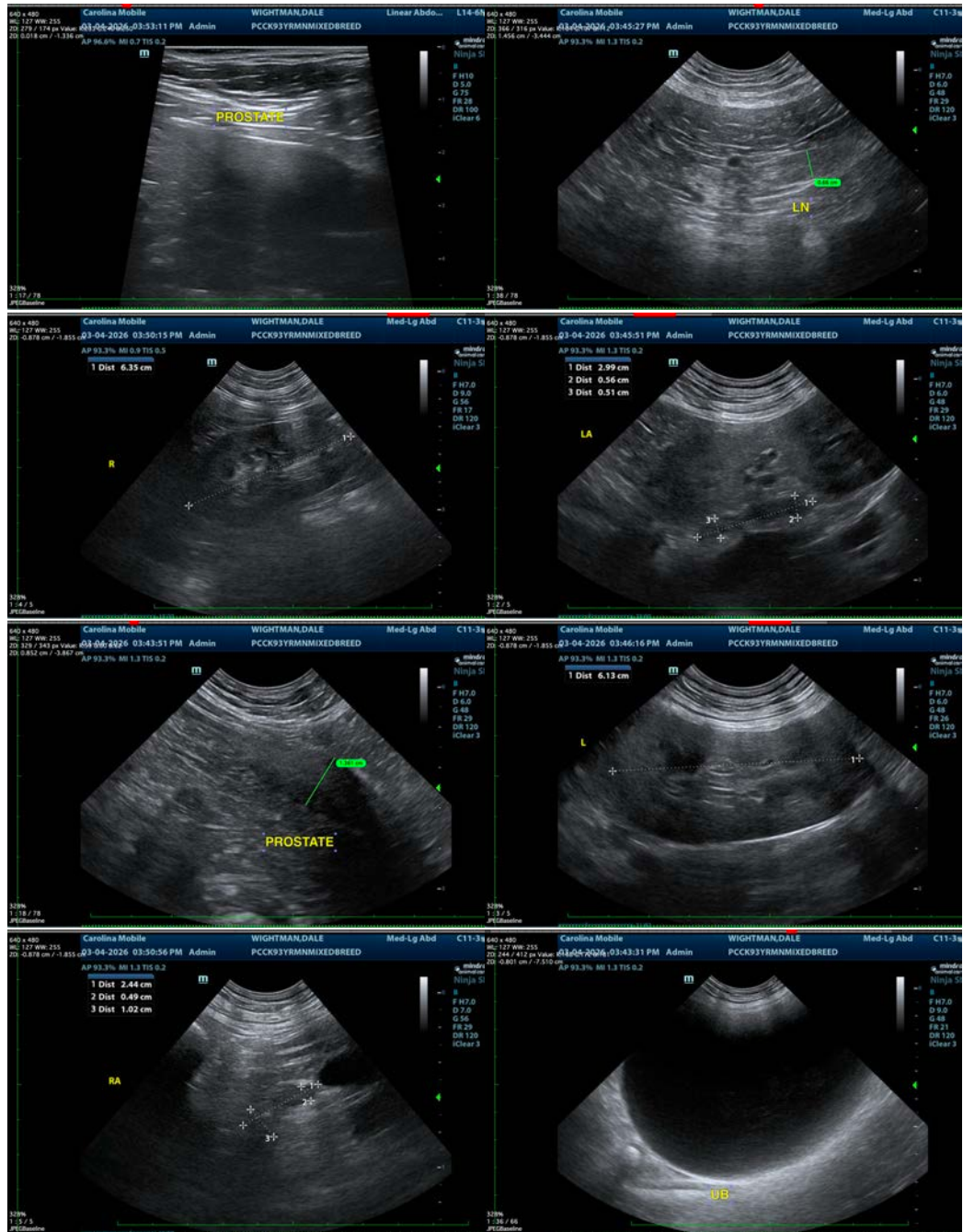
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
info@sonopath.com