

PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Dresden Mouse
Innocenti

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boston Terrier

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

4 Years

WEIGHT

24 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sara Hansen

HOSPITAL NAME

Santa Clara AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Brasted-Maki

INVOICE

36613

DATE

3/30/22

Patient was treated for vomiting and diarrhea at an emergency facility recently. Abdominal radiographs showed a small gall bladder stone. Gastrointestinal symptoms resolved quickly with symptomatic treatment and patient is clinically normal. Examination is unremarkable.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Reported to be normal at emergency facility - I do not have details. Current Medications Probiotics; Trazodone and Dexdomitor/Torb for procedure Radiographic Findings I have not seen the radiographs. Emergency report reads: "incidental small gall bladder stone, that does not appear obstructive"

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Prostate (neutered) is normal in size, echotexture and echogenicity for a neutered male.

The right kidney is normal in size (5.48 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

The left kidney is normal in size (5.07 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.85 cm long x 1.09 cm at the cranial pole and 0.69 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (1.87 cm long x 0.45 cm at the cranial pole and 0.37 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation. There is no presence of the previously suspected gall stone in these images.



PATIENT *Gastrointestinal*

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The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

BREED

Boston Terrier

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

SEX

Neutered Male

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

AGE

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Pancreas

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

WEIGHT

24 Pounds

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion. There is no apparent lymphadenopathy.

INTERPRETED BY

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DACVIM

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Unremarkable abdomen without any evidence of cholelithiasis visible in these images

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given this patient's clinical resolution and the lack of abnormalities on this ultrasound, no follow up is recommended unless clinical signs recur.

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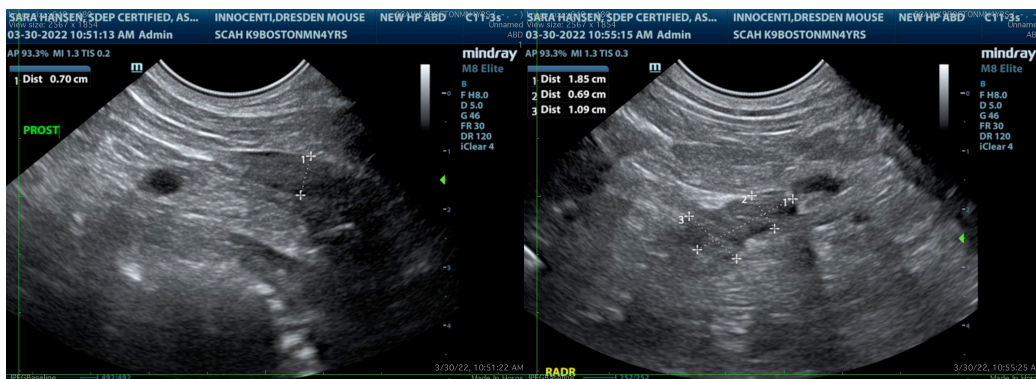
Dr. Brasted-Maki

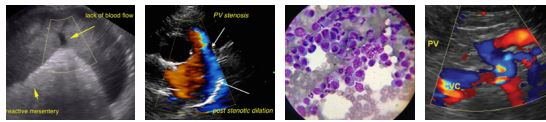
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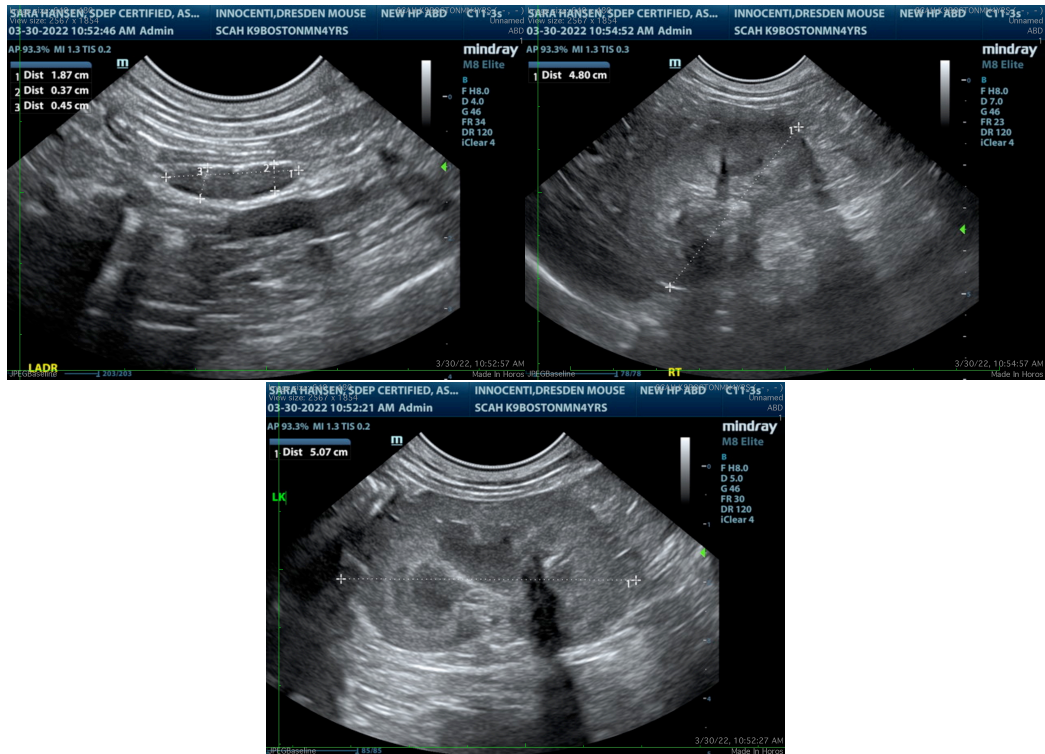
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
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