



<b>PATIENT</b>	<b>PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS</b>
Peaches Dinka	Diarrhea anorexia.
<b>SPECIES</b>	<b>ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN</b>
Canine	<b><i>Urinary System</i></b>
<b>BREED</b>	The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
Retriever X	
<b>SEX</b>	The right kidney is normal in size (4.8 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
Spayed Female	
<b>AGE</b>	The left kidney is normal in size (5.59 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
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<b>WEIGHT</b>	<b><i>Adrenal Glands</i></b>
40	The right adrenal gland is normal in size (2.33 cm long x 1.05 cm at the cranial pole and 0.89 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
<b>INTERPRETED BY</b>	The left adrenal gland is normal in size (2.24 cm long x 0.69 cm at the cranial pole and 0.54 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	
<b>IMAGING PERFORMED BY</b>	<b><i>Spleen</i></b>
Jenn	The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.
<b>HOSPITAL NAME</b>	<b><i>Liver</i></b>
Rockaway AH	The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. A 1.5 cm x 0.60 cm hypo- to anechoic nodule is noted in the mid deep liver. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
<b>REFERRING VET</b>	The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.
Dr. Maniar	
<b>INVOICE</b>	<b><i>Gastrointestinal</i></b>
46227	The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
<b>DATE</b>	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.
3/29/23	



**PATIENT**

Peaches Dinka

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Pancreas**

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

**BREED**

Retriever X

**Free Abdomen**

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

**SEX**

Spayed Female

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

**AGE**

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- Hypoechoic liver nodule – likely represents a benign lesion such as a cyst, hematoma, nodular hyperplasia, etc. While considered much less likely, infiltrative neoplasia can mimic benign lesions and cannot be definitively ruled out.

**WEIGHT**

40

- Otherwise, this is a relatively unremarkable/normal abdomen without an ultrasonographic cause for the reported gastrointestinal signs.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

Diagnostic recommendations include an overall general metabolic evaluation (CBC, chemistry panel with electrolytes, urinalysis, and fecal exam if not recently evaluated), followed by:

A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenn

A baseline cortisol is recommended. If baseline cortisol is less than 2, a full ACTH stimulation test is recommended to rule out hypoadrenocorticism.

A fecal enteropathogen PCR panel to Texas A&M GI Laboratory could be considered for further evaluation of possible infectious disease.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Rockaway AH

Medical management of clinical signs is recommended, including an antiemetic, gastroprotectants, appetite stimulant if needed, including a probiotic (such as visbiome or proviable), empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur and, if tolerated, a transition in diet, based on trial-and-error response, beginning with a hydrolyzed protein diet. Some patients respond to one brand/version of a hydrolyzed protein diet better than another brand, so several attempts may be required.

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Dr. Maniar

Ultimately, if clinical signs persist, and a diagnosis is not reached, further evaluation of the GI tract via upper and lower endoscopy for visualization and biopsies may be warranted.

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**PATIENT**

Peaches Dinka

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Retriever X

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

6

**WEIGHT**

40

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jenn

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Rockaway AH

**REFERRING VET**

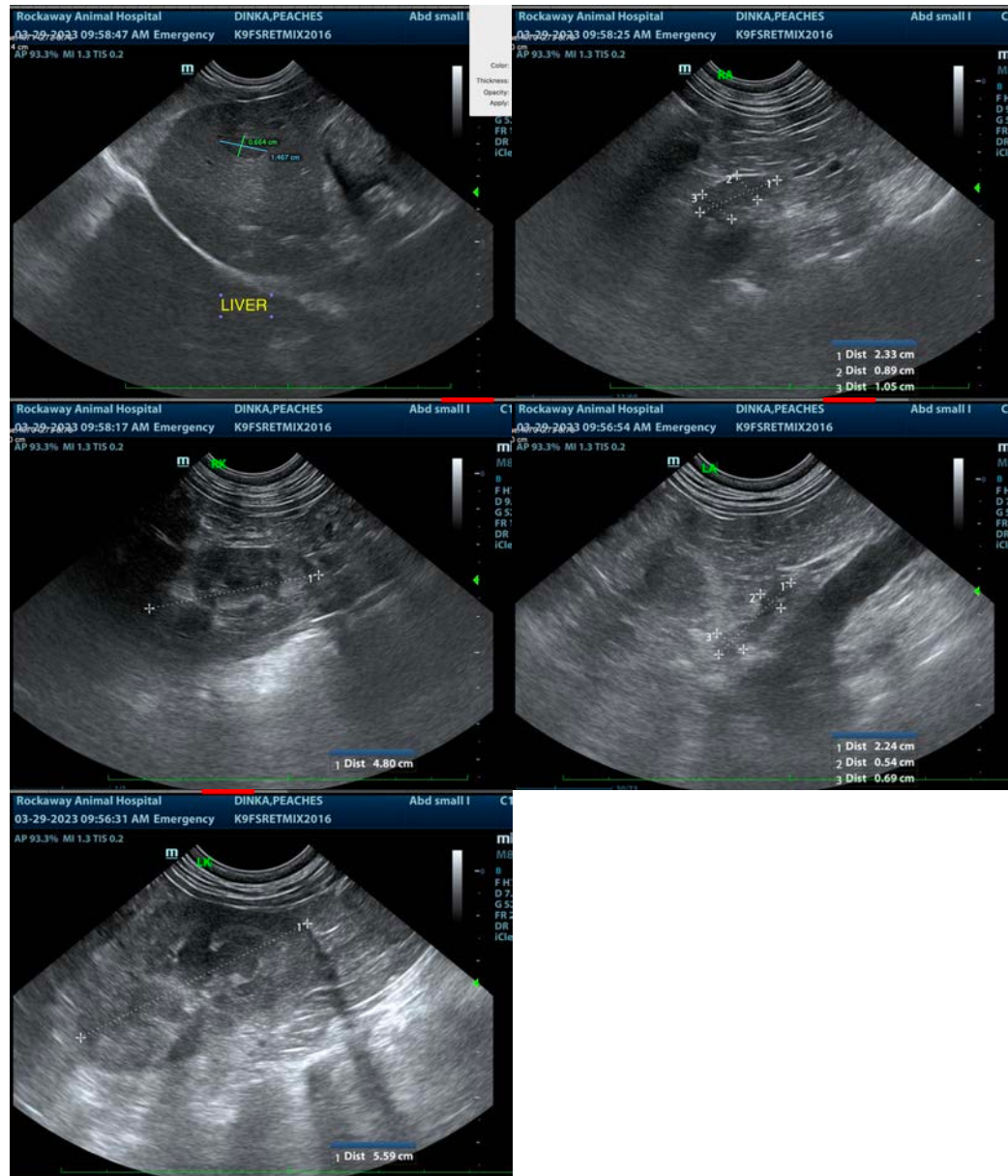
Dr. Maniar

**INVOICE**

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**DATE**

3/29/23



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM**  
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