



PATIENT

Milo Grimm

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years 7 Months

WEIGHT

17

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Danielle Lanz

HOSPITAL NAME

New Holland VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Danielle Lanz

INVOICE

46282

DATE

3/29/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic diarrhea with intermittent vomiting for the past 3 months. No response to metronidazole. Vomiting improves somewhat on omeprazole. Has had diabetes mellitus since 2018 controlled on ProZinc insulin.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is subjectively mildly over distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Kidneys are overall normal in size and shape with smooth peripheral margination. A normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio is maintained. The medulla and cortices are uniform in texture with some mild increased cortical echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary distinction, expected in this age patient. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. The left kidney measures 4.8 cm. The right kidney measures 4.4 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The area of both adrenal glands is examined without evident adrenal gland pathology.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly fluid distended, with an echogenic interface, with distal progressively shadowing material, consistent with a hairball or similar fluid absorbing material approaching and occluding the pylorus. Normal ingesta/gas/chyme can't be definitively ruled out.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.



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Pancreas

Pancreas is prominent in size with swollen irregular contour. Parenchyma is heterogenous characterized by hyperechoic tissue remodeling intermixed with ill-defined hypoechoic nodules. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

PRIMARY FINDINGS

- There is some concern for a gastric/pyloric hairball or similar density soft foreign material contributing to this patient's reported vomiting. Having said that, foreign material typically does not result in concurrent diarrhea, and the stomach is not terribly overdistended. Therefore, normal ingesta, gas, chyme, with some delayed gastric emptying secondary to another underlying metabolic condition can't be definitively ruled out.
- **Pancreatic nodular hyperplasia** – Infiltrative neoplasia cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.

SECONDARY FINDINGS

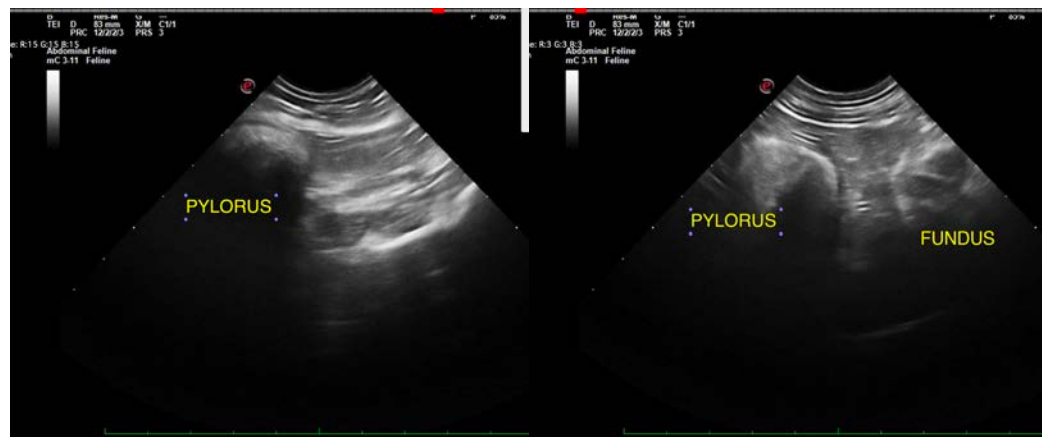
- Age related kidney changes

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

A general metabolic health screen is recommended, beginning with a CBC/Chem panel, electrolytes, a urinalysis and, if indicated based on urinalysis results, urine culture are recommended. If protein is present in an otherwise quiet sediment, protein quantification with a urine protein to creatinine ration is recommended.

A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

In the meantime, supportive/symptomatic medical management of gastroenteritis with antiemetics, gastroprotectants, potentially a probiotic such as Visbiome or Provable, etc., as well as an additional 12-24 hours of fasting is recommended. If vomiting persists, recheck imaging of the stomach is recommended at that time.





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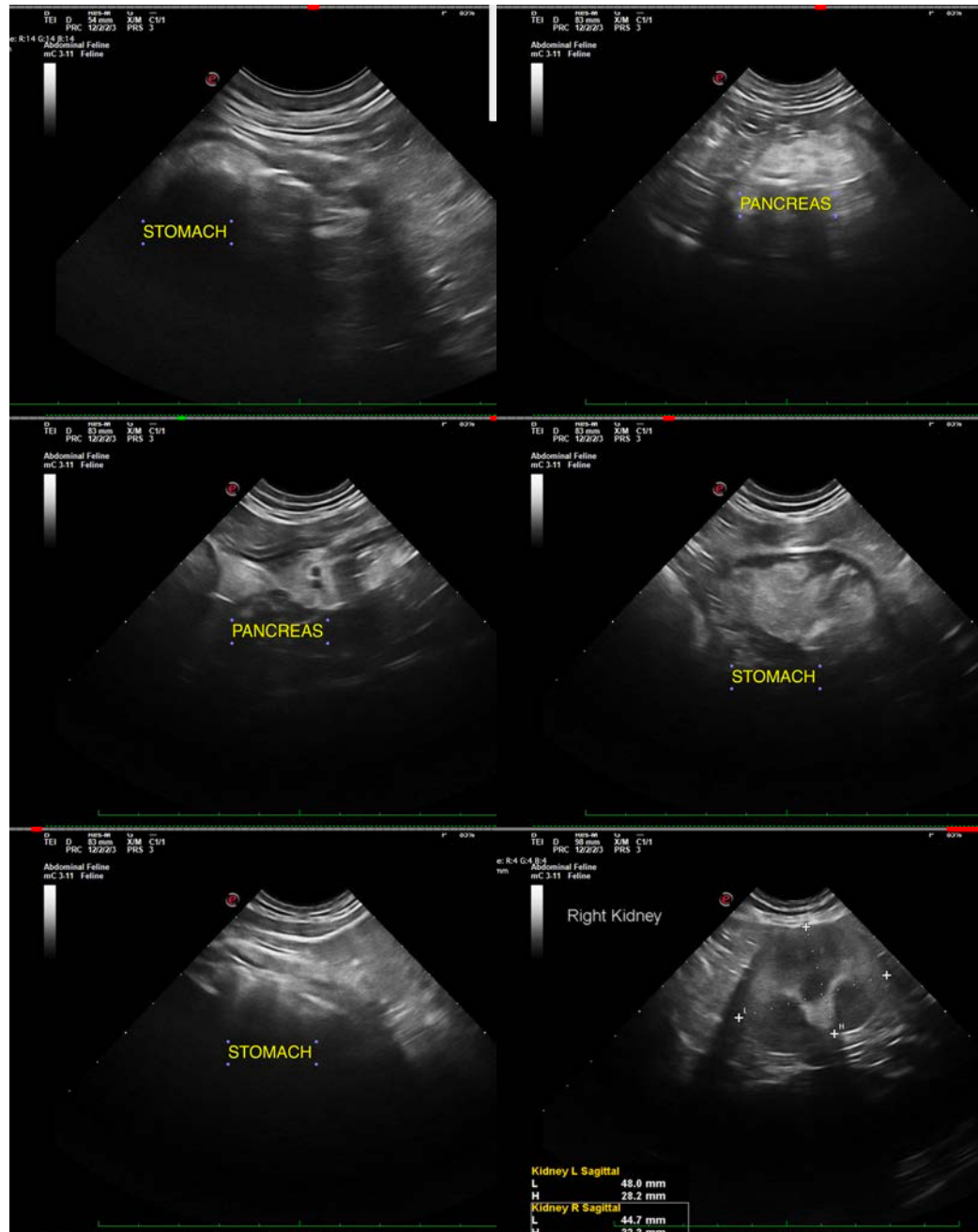
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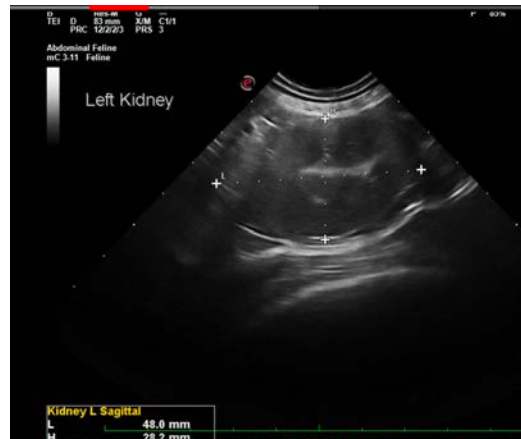
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
Beth.Johnson@sonopath.com