



PATIENT

Chester Scandale

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

88 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Vazquez

HOSPITAL NAME

Glen Rock VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Scott Steklar

INVOICE

14249

DATE

3/10/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Patient presents due to PCV being lower than normal. PCV is normally around 59%, recently it has been 45%. Current meds: Prednisone 5 mgs SID - EOD and Cephalexin 1 gram BID for treatment of pyoderma and pruitis.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Chem screen: WNL. CBC: WNL.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface

Left kidney is normal is size (6.51 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed

Right kidney is normal is size (6.96 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed

Adrenal Glands

Left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.56 cm at cranial pole and 0.46 cm at caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.06 cm at cranial pole and 0.71 cm at caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

Spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

Liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

Gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.



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The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

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The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

BREED

Labrador Retriever

Prostate (neutered) is normal in size, echotexture and echogenicity for a neutered male dog.

Free Abdomen

SEX

Neutered Male

No appreciable lymphadenopathy or free fluid is present in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Unremarkable abdomen

AGE

10 Years

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given this patients chronic steroid administration for pruritus combined with the mild drop in PCV, a small gastrointestinal bleed could be considered.

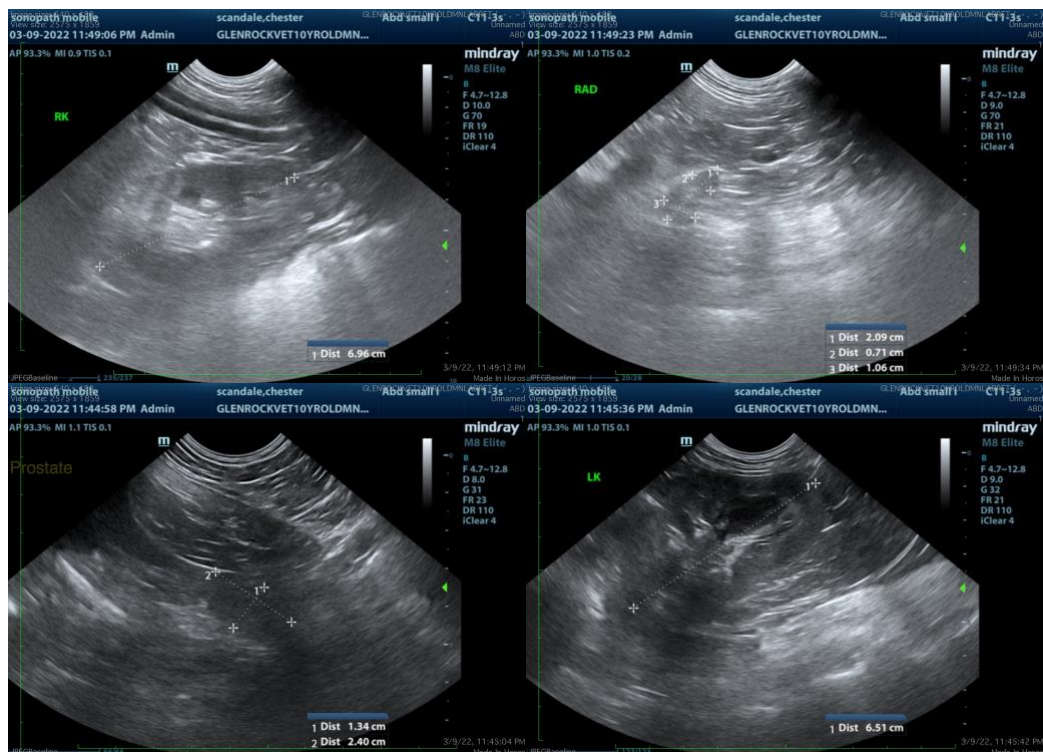
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Recommendations include antacid therapy and monitoring of the PCV and a transition from steroids to an alternative antipruritis medication, such as Apoquel or Cytopoint could be considered. Empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur is also recommended, if not recently administered.

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

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