



PATIENT

Peaches Jackson

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DMH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

12

WEIGHT

14.40

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Susan Lincoski, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

University Drive VH

REFERRING VET

Susan Lincoski, DVM

INVOICE

21302

DATE

2/27/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Ongoing issues with diarrhea since fall, minimally responsive to probiotics (Proviale) and metronidazole. Bloodwork and gi panel pending., fecal including giardia negative.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: All pending except noted hematuria on cysto sample from today, otherwise unremarkable. She was very uncomfortable when scanning her cranial abdomen, even with sedation would tense up.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Kidneys are overall normal in size and shape with smooth peripheral margination. A normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio is maintained. The medulla and cortices are uniform in texture with some mild increased cortical echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary distinction, expected in this age patient. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. The left kidney measures 3.91 cm. The right kidney measures 4.1 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.42 cm), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Right adrenal gland is unable to be fully visualized in these images.

Spleen

Spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

Liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

Gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.



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The visible colon is normal in wall thickness and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

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Pancreas

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The observed pancreas appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. The capsule is mildly irregular in shape. Parenchyma is mildly heterogenous and coarse. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

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Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion. There is no apparent lymphadenopathy.

DMH

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

- Age-related kidney changes
- Pancreatic age-related remodeling – Mild irregularities are consistent with benign age-related change. Low-grade smoldering chronic pancreatitis cannot be ruled out and should be suspected in the face of appropriate clinical signs.

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- There is no ultrasonographically obvious explanation for this patients reported diarrhea, however, a relatively normal ultrasound does not rule out emerging or early or infiltrative bowel disease.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

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As is reportedly already pending, both a general metabolic health screen, being sure to include a urinalysis, as well as a gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory, for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function are recommended.

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Additionally, a fecal enteropathogen PCR panel to Texas A&M GI Laboratory could be considered for further evaluation of possible infectious disease.

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In the meantime, empirical therapies could include a probiotic, such as Visbiome or Provable, empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur, and if tolerated, a transition in diet based on trial-and-error response, beginning with a hydrolyzed protein diet. Some patients respond to one brand or version of a hydrolyzed protein diet better than another brand, so several trials may be required.

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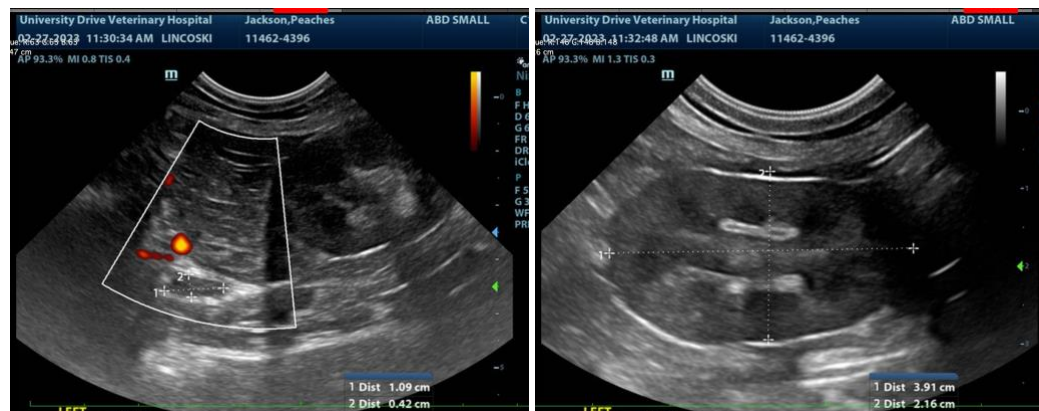
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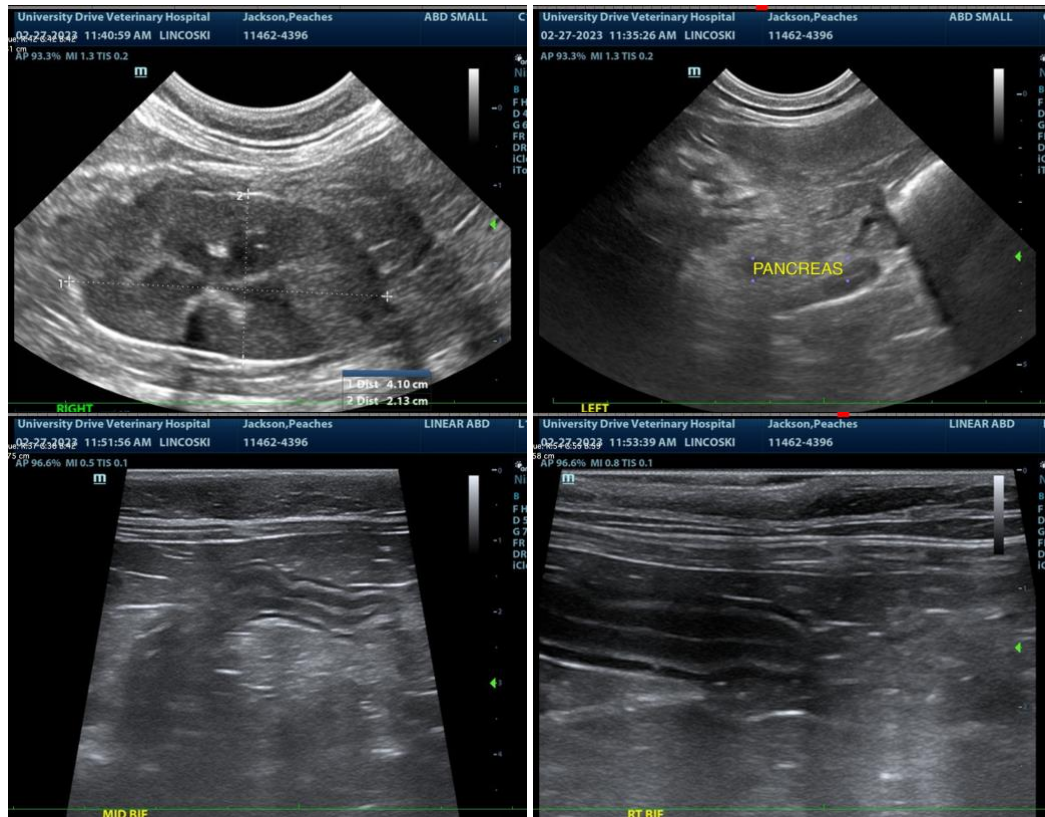
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

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